

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 5.115, 187.270)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 5.115, 187.270) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(85, 5.115, 187.270)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9D7D5
RGB	201, 215, 213
RGB Percent	79%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.2107, 0.1558, 0.1637
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	171°, 15%, 82%
HSV	171°, 7%, 84%
XYZ	60.5696, 66.0070, 72.6748
YIQ	210.5860, -7.7020, -3.5900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

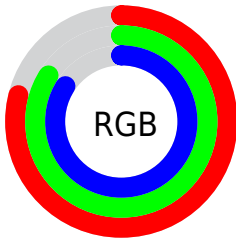
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	201, 209, 215
Decimal	13227989
CIE Lab	85.00, -5.07, -0.65
CIE LCh	85, 5.115, 187.270
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3040, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291418069 (0xFFC9D7D5)
YUV	210.5860, 1.1901, -8.4069
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -9.1029, 3.8353

# Details

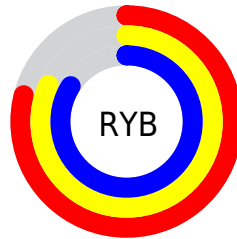
The CIELCh color  $85, 5.115, 187.270$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $82, 5.274, 8.148$ , and the grayscale version is  $85, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $65, 5.027, 186.248$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $83, 12.757, 186.339$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $87, 2.789, 7.771$ .

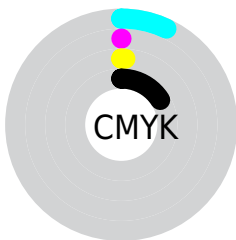
# Distribution



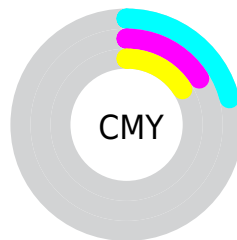
- Red (79%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 5.115, 187.270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 5.115, 187.270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 85, 5.115, 187.270

■ 85, 5.115, 187.270

■ 100, 5.115,  
187.270

■ 75, 5.115, 187.270

■ 65, 5.115, 187.270

■ 55, 5.115, 187.270

■ 45, 5.115, 187.270

■ 35, 5.115, 187.270

■ 25, 5.115, 187.270

■ 15, 5.115, 187.270

■ 5, 5.115, 187.270

■ 0, 5.115, 187.270

85, 5.115, 187.270

85, 5.115, 187.270

83, 12.757,  
186.339

87, 2.789, 7.771

82, 20.013,  
185.443

89, 10.858, 8.722

81, 26.756,  
184.519

90, 15.038, 6.118

80, 32.852,  
183.550

90, 16.005,  
354.945

79, 38.176,  
182.518

90, 16.704,  
349.957

78, 42.630,  
181.406

90, 17.524,  
345.413

78, 46.156,  
180.191

90, 18.449,  
341.313

78, 48.759,  
178.853

90, 19.465,  
337.636

■ 77, 50.524,  
177.380

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 5.115, 187.270



82, 5.274, 8.148

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 5.115, 187.270



85, 5.115, 237.270



85, 5.115, 7.270



85, 5.115, 57.270

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 5.117, 187.253



100, 1.814, 187.866



85, 8.577, 140.002



53, 1.031, 187.892



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 5.117, 187.253



98, 7.201, 187.101



84, 4.102, 238.486



44, 4.426, 186.975



63, 42.847, 177.117



15, 16.292, 180.225



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 5.274, 8.148



95, 7.476, 8.315



83, 4.222, 57.091



42, 4.622, 8.455



35, 71.254, 33.078

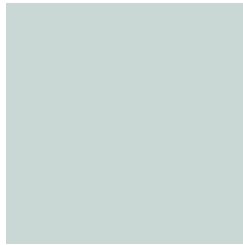


5, 21.990, 13.390



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 5.115, 187.270 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

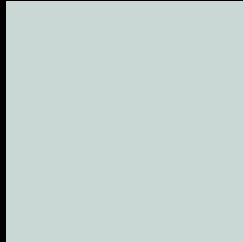
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 5.115, 187.270 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

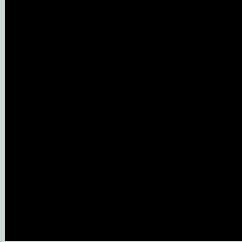
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

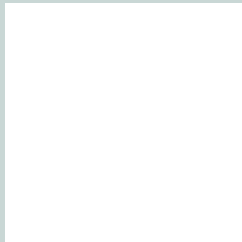
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 85, 5.115, 187.270**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 5.115, 187.270.

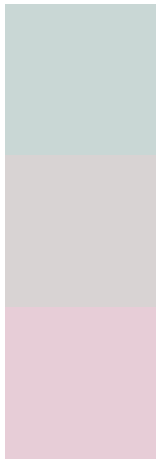


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 5.115, 187.270.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

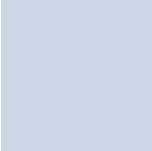


**Original Color**  
85, 5.115, 187.270

**Protanopia**  
85, 1.817, 19.223

**Deuteranopia**  
85, 10.872, 351.375





**Tritanopia**  
85, 9.405, 271.629

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 5.115, 187.270

**Protanomaly**  
85, 0.891, 164.051

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 4.804, 346.508

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 6.451, 254.055

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 5.115, 187.270

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 2.224, 185.830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 5.115, 187.270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 215, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 215, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 215, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 215, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 5.115, 187.270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 215, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 215, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 215, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 215, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 215, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 215,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 5.115, 187.270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 215, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
215, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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