

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 5.496, 256.633)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 5.496, 256.633) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(85, 5.463, 259.605)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDD5DE
RGB	205, 213, 222
RGB Percent	80%, 84%, 87%
CMY	0.1951, 0.1638, 0.1285
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	212°, 21%, 84%
HSV	212°, 8%, 87%
XYZ	62.3125, 66.0070, 78.7309
YIQ	211.6340, -7.6570, 1.1030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

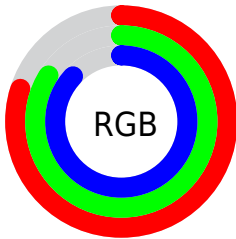
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">205, 210, 222</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13489630</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.00, -0.99, -5.37</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 5.463, 259.605</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">66.0070, 0.3010, 0.3188</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291679710 (0xFFCDD5DE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">211.6340, 5.1104, -5.8180</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.2447, -5.2735, -0.5842</a>

# Details

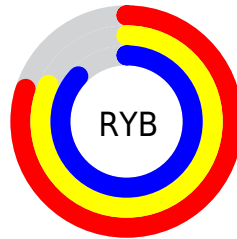
The CIELCh color `85, 5.463, 259.605` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `86, 5.534, 77.500`, and the grayscale version is `85, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `65, 5.587, 263.177` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `80, 12.565, 261.060`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `90, 1.669, 78.008`.

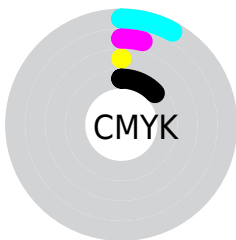
# Distribution



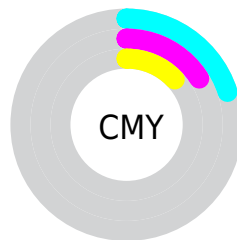
- Red (80%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 5.463, 259.605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 5.463, 259.605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 5.463, 259.605

 85, 5.463, 259.605

 100, 5.463,  
259.605

 75, 5.463, 259.605

 65, 5.463, 259.605

 55, 5.463, 259.605

 45, 5.463, 259.605

 35, 5.463, 259.605

 25, 5.463, 259.605

 15, 5.463, 259.605

 5, 5.463, 259.605

 0, 5.463, 259.605

85, 5.463, 259.605

85, 5.463, 259.605

80, 12.565,  
261.060

90, 1.669, 78.008

76, 19.618,  
262.839

94, 8.805, 77.090

71, 26.602,  
264.956

98, 13.558, 99.059

99, 16.570,  
108.925

67, 33.509,  
267.465

62, 40.346,  
270.419

58, 47.149,  
273.846

54, 53.987,  
277.729

50, 60.947,  
281.977

■ 47, 68.110,  
286.387

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 5.463, 259.605



86, 5.534, 77.500

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 5.463, 259.605



85, 5.463, 309.605



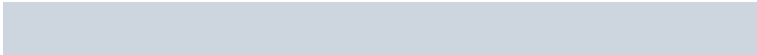
85, 5.463, 79.605



85, 5.463, 129.605

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 5.462, 259.585



99, 1.604, 259.025



87, 7.491, 163.973



53, 0.912, 259.026



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



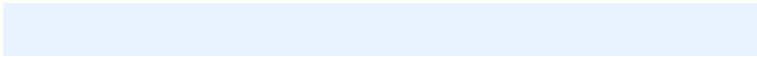


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 5.462, 259.585



95, 7.181, 259.774



83, 9.000, 291.596



45, 4.084, 259.826



37, 57.722, 286.642



7, 19.912, 277.545



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 7.516, 345.849



94, 9.904, 345.985



88, 8.834, 110.113



44, 5.636, 346.022



38, 63.958, 4.620

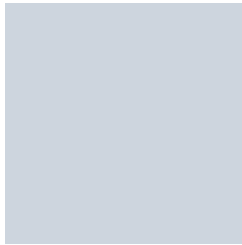


6, 26.161, 356.876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 5.463, 259.605 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

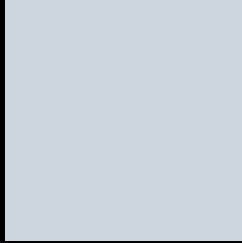
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 5.463, 259.605 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

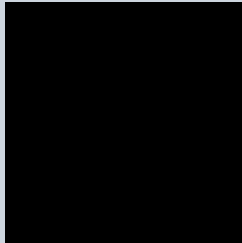
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

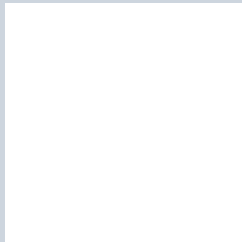
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 85, 5.463, 259.605

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 5.463, 259.605.

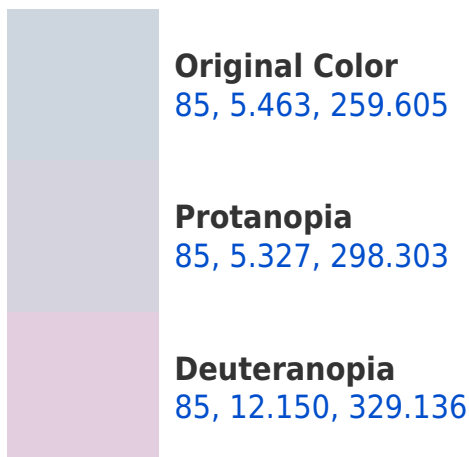


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 5.463, 259.605.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

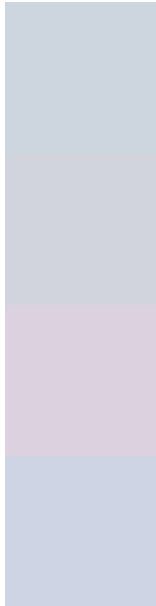






**Tritanopia**  
85, 9.146, 277.785

# Trichromacy



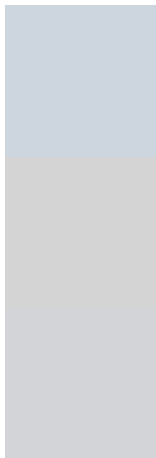
**Original Color**  
85, 5.463, 259.605

**Protanomaly**  
85, 4.781, 282.074

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 8.231, 316.422

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 8.128, 275.953

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 5.463, 259.605

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 2.219, 271.584

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 5.463, 259.605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 213, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 213, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 213, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 213, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 5.463, 259.605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 213, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 213, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 213, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 213, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 213, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 213,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 5.463, 259.605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 213, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
213, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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