

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 50.093, 89.304)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 50.093, 89.304) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(85, 50.093, 89.304)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3D174
RGB	243, 209, 116
RGB Percent	95%, 82%, 45%
CMY	0.0465, 0.1799, 0.5446
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.52, 0.05
HSL	44°, 84%, 70%
HSV	44°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	63.0011, 66.0070, 25.9804
YIQ	208.5640, 50.1170, -21.7150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

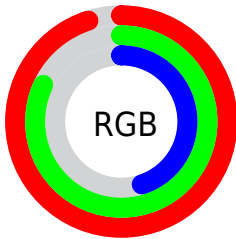
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">162, 243, 116</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15978868</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.00, 0.61, 50.09</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 50.093, 89.304</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">66.0070, 0.4065, 0.4259</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294168948 (0xFFFF3D174)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">208.5640, -45.6341, 30.2004</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.2447, -3.7606, 37.9116</a>

# Details

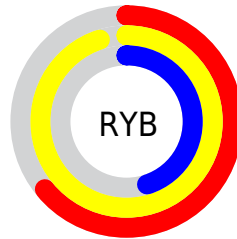
The CIELCh color **85, 50.093, 89.304** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **63, 52.215, 285.486**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 42.533, 106.929**, and **65, 50.256, 89.611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 59.267, 87.905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 40.528, 90.667**.

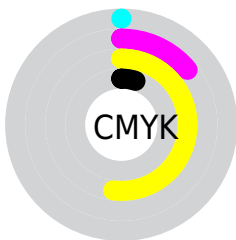
# Distribution



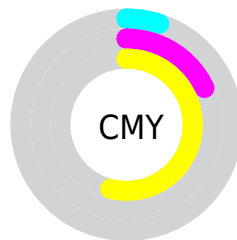
- Red (95%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 50.093, 89.304 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 50.093, 89.304 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 50.093, 89.304

 85, 50.093, 89.304

 100, 50.093,  
89.304

 75, 50.093, 89.304

 65, 50.093, 89.304

 55, 50.093, 89.304

 45, 50.093, 89.304

 35, 50.093, 89.304

 25, 50.093, 89.304

 15, 50.093, 89.304

 5, 50.093, 89.304

 0, 50.093, 89.304

85, 50.093, 89.304

85, 50.093, 89.304

83, 59.267, 87.905

87, 40.528, 90.667

81, 67.593, 86.433

89, 30.833, 91.992

80, 74.367, 84.833

91, 21.151, 93.281

78, 78.720, 82.995

93, 11.559, 94.527

77, 80.359, 81.363

95, 2.091, 95.649

97, 3.871, 263.700

99, 3.991, 201.531

99, 4.094, 199.307

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 50.093, 89.304



63, 52.215, 285.486

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 50.093, 89.304



85, 50.093, 139.304



85, 50.093, 269.304



85, 50.093, 319.304

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



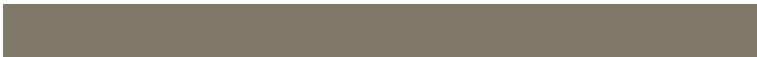
85, 50.094, 89.308



96, 15.750, 94.059



65, 52.403, 4.499



51, 10.649, 93.802



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 50.094, 89.308



87, 62.285, 87.773



92, 63.567, 115.266



50, 5.385, 94.859



60, 65.840, 81.777



19, 26.811, 84.483





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 52.215, 285.486



60, 66.497, 288.550



57, 72.483, 303.528



48, 5.418, 277.250



29, 85.102, 299.875



6, 32.052, 293.778



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 50.093, 89.304 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

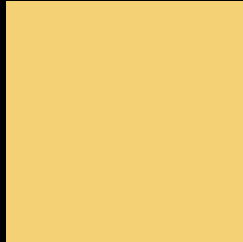
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 50.093, 89.304 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 85, 50.093, 89.304

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 50.093, 89.304.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 50.093, 89.304.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85, 50.093, 89.304

### Protanopia

85, 49.946, 95.736

### Deuteranopia

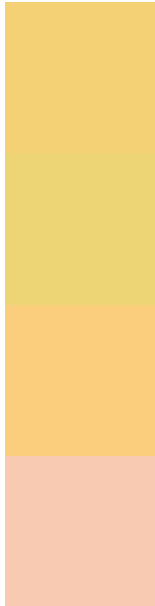
85, 43.601, 77.538



**Tritanopia**  
85, 21.447, 359.752



# Trichromacy



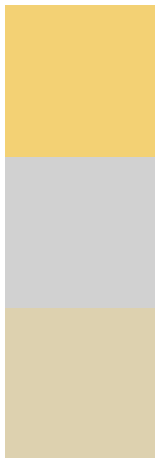
**Original Color**  
85, 50.093, 89.304

**Protanomaly**  
85, 49.871, 93.761

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 45.943, 82.197

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 22.561, 54.057

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 50.093, 89.304

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 18.425, 93.961

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 50.093, 89.304 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 209, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 209, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 209, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 209, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 50.093, 89.304 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 209, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 209, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 209, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 209, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 209, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 209,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 50.093, 89.304 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 209, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
209, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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