

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 9.320, 185.645)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 9.320, 185.645) contains.

CIELCh(85, 9.433, 185.877)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(85, 9.433, 185.877)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0DAD6
RGB	192, 218, 214
RGB Percent	75%, 85%, 84%
CMY	0.2481, 0.1462, 0.1619
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.02, 0.15
HSL	171°, 26%, 80%
HSV	171°, 12%, 85%
XYZ	58.7678, 66.0070, 73.0730
YIQ	209.7700, -14.2120, -6.7560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

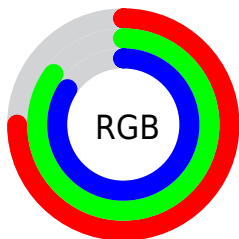
Format	Color
RYB	192, 206, 218
Decimal	12638934
CIELab	85.00, -9.38, -0.97
CIELCh	85, 9.433, 185.877
Yxy	66.0070, 0.2970, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290829014 (0xFFC0DAD6)
YUV	209.7700, 2.0854, -15.5843
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -13.0616, 3.5448

Details

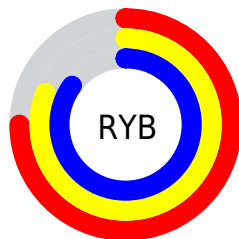
The CIELCh color **85, 9.433, 185.877** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80, 9.956, 7.873**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.081, 199.592**, and **65, 9.546, 185.098** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 16.994, 184.959**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 1.553, 187.021**.

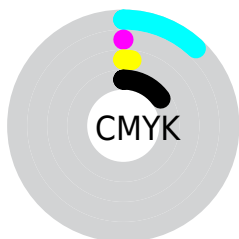
Distribution



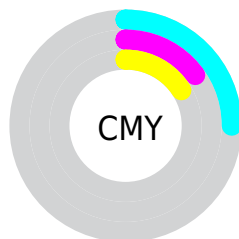
- Red (75%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 9.433, 185.877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 9.433, 185.877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85, 9.433, 185.877

■ 85, 9.433, 185.877

■ 100, 9.433,
185.877

■ 75, 9.433, 185.877

■ 65, 9.433, 185.877

■ 55, 9.433, 185.877

■ 45, 9.433, 185.877

■ 35, 9.433, 185.877

■ 25, 9.433, 185.877

■ 15, 9.433, 185.877

■ 5, 9.433, 185.877

■ 0, 9.433, 185.877

85, 9.433, 185.877

85, 9.433, 185.877

84, 16.994,
184.959

87, 1.553, 187.021

82, 24.106,
184.027

88, 6.537, 7.403

81, 30.635,
183.052

90, 13.999, 7.525

80, 36.448,
182.016

90, 14.417, 0.776

80, 41.431,
180.900

90, 15.031,
354.503

79, 45.502,
179.684

90, 15.816,
348.799

79, 48.634,
178.344

90, 16.749,
343.697

78, 50.869,
176.864

91, 17.806,
339.182

91, 18.966,
335.214

■ 78, 52.182,
175.590

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 9.433, 185.877



80, 9.956, 7.873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 9.433, 185.877



85, 9.433, 235.877



85, 9.433, 5.877



85, 9.433, 55.877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 9.434, 185.868



99, 3.634, 186.658



85, 15.860, 139.231



53, 2.580, 186.567



0, 0.000, 0.000



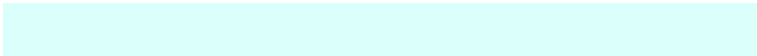
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 9.434, 185.868



97, 12.527, 185.669



83, 7.503, 236.859



45, 4.530, 186.100



63, 43.904, 175.858



16, 17.079, 178.938

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 9.956, 7.873



91, 13.355, 8.109



82, 7.971, 54.698



43, 4.726, 7.608



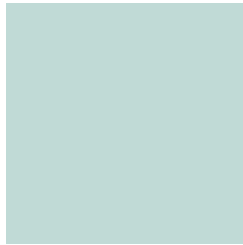
36, 71.570, 32.437



5, 23.722, 13.615

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 9.433, 185.877 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

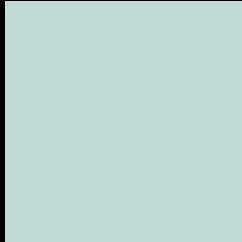
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 9.433, 185.877 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

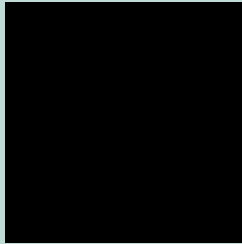
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

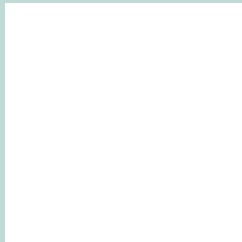
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 9.433, 185.877

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 9.433, 185.877.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 9.433, 185.877.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85, 9.433, 185.877

Protanopia

85, 1.887, 35.362

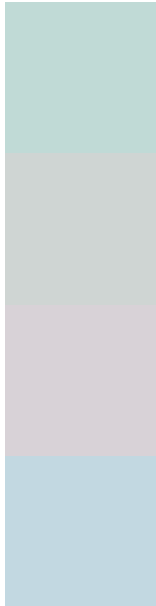
Deuteranopia

85, 10.813, 347.943



Tritanopia
85, 11.093, 253.063

Trichromacy



Original Color
85, 9.433, 185.877

Protanomaly
85, 2.412, 173.641

Deuteranomaly
85, 3.433, 329.466

Tritanomaly
85, 8.845, 231.460

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 9.433, 185.877

Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
84, 3.276, 190.084

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 9.433, 185.877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 218, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 218, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 218, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 218, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 9.433, 185.877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 218, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 218, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 218, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 218, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 218, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 218,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 9.433, 185.877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 218, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
218, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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