

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 9.586, 324.780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 9.586, 324.780) contains.

<b>CIELCh(85, 9.595, 324.782)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(85, 9.595, 324.782)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFD0DF
RGB	223, 208, 223
RGB Percent	87%, 82%, 87%
CMY	0.1262, 0.1850, 0.1262
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	300°, 19%, 84%
HSV	300°, 7%, 87%
XYZ	66.1880, 66.0070, 78.9416
YIQ	214.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

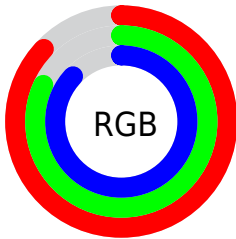
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	223, 208, 223
Decimal	14667999
CIE Lab	85.00, 7.84, -5.53
CIE LCh	85, 9.595, 324.782
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3135, 0.3126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292858079 (0xFFDFD0DF)
YUV	214.1950, 4.3409, 7.7220
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 3.2412, -0.7380

# Details

The CIELCh color  $85, 9.595, 324.782$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $87, 9.573, 144.083$ , and the grayscale version is  $86, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $65, 9.449, 324.866$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80, 23.963, 325.349$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91, 4.607, 144.326$ .

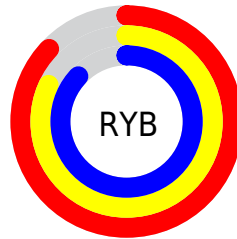
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (82%)

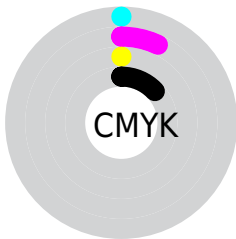
Blue (87%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (87%)

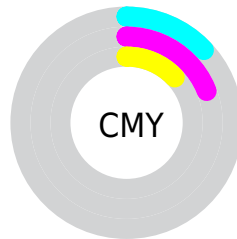


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 9.595, 324.782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 9.595, 324.782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85, 9.595, 324.782

85, 9.595, 324.782

100, 9.595,  
324.782

75, 9.595, 324.782

65, 9.595, 324.782

55, 9.595, 324.782

45, 9.595, 324.782

35, 9.595, 324.782

25, 9.595, 324.782

15, 9.595, 324.782

5, 9.595, 324.782

0, 9.595, 324.782

85, 9.595, 324.782

85, 9.595, 324.782

80, 23.963,  
325.349

91, 4.607, 144.326

74, 38.299,  
325.895

96, 18.508,  
143.748

69, 52.306,  
326.417

97, 20.107,  
143.686

65, 65.578,  
326.899

97, 20.107,  
143.686

61, 77.614,  
327.326

97, 20.106,  
143.686

58, 87.855,  
327.680

97, 20.106,  
143.687

56, 95.789,  
327.949

97, 20.106,  
143.687

54, 101.089,  
328.125

97, 20.106,  
143.687

■ 53,103.790,  
328.214

■ 97,20.106,  
143.687

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 9.595, 324.782



87, 9.573, 144.083

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 9.595, 324.782



85, 9.595, 14.782



85, 9.595, 144.782



85, 9.595, 194.782

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 9.593, 324.782



99, 3.176, 324.455



84, 7.918, 290.865



53, 1.806, 324.445



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 9.593, 324.782



95, 12.733, 324.860



85, 6.748, 344.143



44, 8.154, 324.940



42, 87.489, 328.233



8, 35.925, 328.229



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 9.593, 324.782



95, 12.733, 324.860



87, 6.681, 163.160



44, 8.154, 324.940



42, 87.489, 328.233

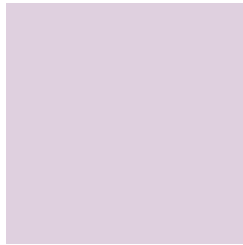


8, 35.925, 328.229



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 9.595, 324.782 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

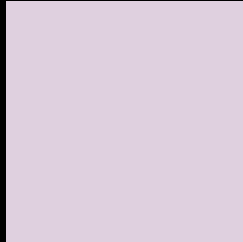
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 9.595, 324.782 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

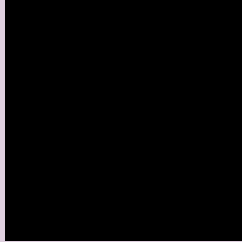
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

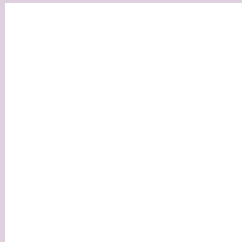
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 85, 9.595, 324.782**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 9.595, 324.782.

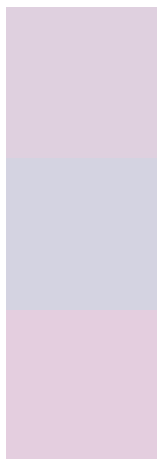


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 9.595, 324.782.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85, 9.595, 324.782

### Protanopia

85, 7.387, 293.544

### Deuteranopia

85, 11.984, 332.088





**Tritanopia**  
85, 10.031, 323.093

# Trichromacy



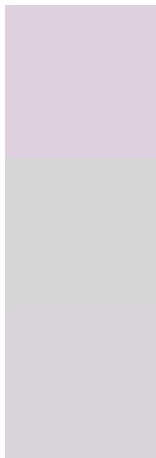
**Original Color**  
85, 9.595, 324.782

**Protanomaly**  
85, 7.704, 306.821

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 10.880, 329.577

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 10.031, 323.093

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 9.595, 324.782

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 3.209, 324.483

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 9.595, 324.782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 208, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 208, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 208, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 208, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 9.595, 324.782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 208, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 208, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 208, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 208, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 208, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 208,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 9.595, 324.782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 208, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
208, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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