

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 0.790, 212.814)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 0.790, 212.814) contains.

CIELCh(86, 0.887, 236.389)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(86, 0.887, 236.389)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D7D8
RGB	213, 215, 216
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 85%
CMY	0.1631, 0.1553, 0.1514
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	200°, 4%, 84%
HSV	200°, 1%, 85%
XYZ	64.4034, 67.9871, 74.9632
YIQ	214.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

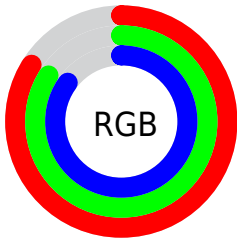
Format	Color
R _Y B	213, 214, 216
Decimal	14014424
CIE Lab	86.00, -0.49, -0.74
CIE LCh	86, 0.887, 236.389
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3106, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292204504 (0xFFD5D7D8)
YUV	214.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -4.8721, 3.8146

Details

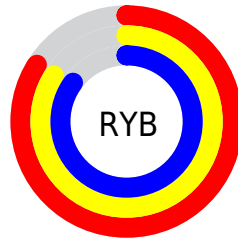
The CIELCh color $86, 0.887, 236.389$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $86, 0.883, 54.853$, and the grayscale version is $86, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $66, 0.935, 236.287$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83, 7.126, 236.648$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89, 5.554, 54.824$.

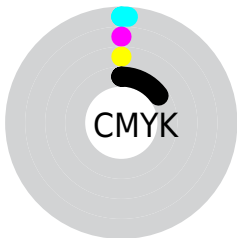
Distribution



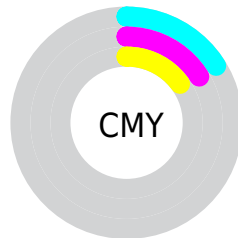
- Red (84%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 0.887, 236.389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 0.887, 236.389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 0.887, 236.389

■ 86, 0.887, 236.389

■ 100, 0.887,
236.389

■ 76, 0.887, 236.389

■ 66, 0.887, 236.389

■ 56, 0.887, 236.389

■ 46, 0.887, 236.389

■ 36, 0.887, 236.389

■ 26, 0.887, 236.389

■ 16, 0.887, 236.389

■ 6, 0.887, 236.389

■ 0, 0.887, 236.389

86, 0.887, 236.389

86, 0.887, 236.389

83, 7.126, 236.648

89, 5.554, 54.824

79, 13.106,
237.764

93, 11.624, 56.023

76, 18.759,
239.188

95, 12.476, 76.928

96, 14.695, 93.206

73, 24.020,
240.977

98, 17.757,
104.449

70, 28.828,
243.210

99, 19.513,
108.701

67, 33.142,
245.976

64, 36.959,
249.357

62, 40.335,
253.404

■ 59, 43.395,
258.097

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 0.887, 236.389



86, 0.883, 54.853

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 0.887, 236.389



86, 0.887, 286.389



86, 0.887, 56.389



86, 0.887, 106.389

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 0.887, 236.240

100, 0.012, 296.813



86, 1.525, 155.112



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 0.887, 236.240



99, 1.458, 236.110



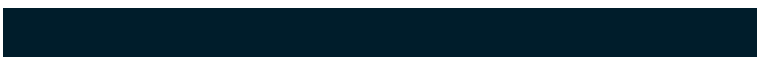
86, 1.307, 281.659



45, 0.719, 236.128



46, 38.168, 261.539



9, 13.617, 250.313

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 1.525, 335.469



99, 2.512, 335.588



86, 1.285, 101.111



45, 1.238, 335.567



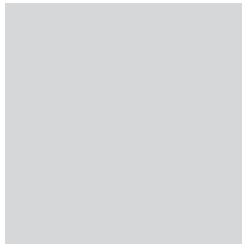
38, 67.123, 347.174



6, 25.888, 342.985

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 0.887, 236.389 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

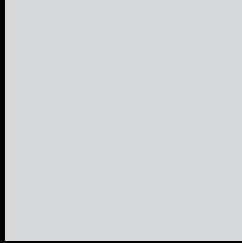
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 0.887, 236.389 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

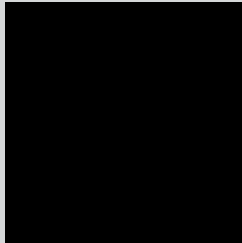
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

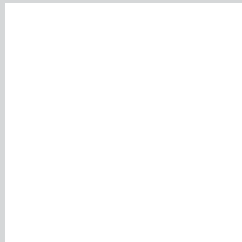
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 0.887, 236.389

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 0.887, 236.389.

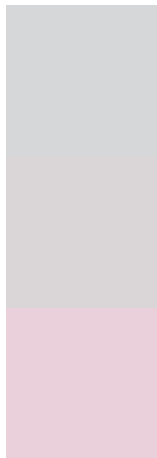


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 0.887, 236.389.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 0.887, 236.389

Protanopia

86, 1.800, 343.560

Deuteranopia

86, 10.843, 351.360



Tritanopia
86, 9.011, 297.629

Trichromacy



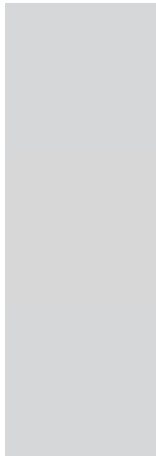
Original Color
86, 0.887, 236.389

Protanomaly
86, 0.649, 324.047

Deuteranomaly
86, 6.628, 351.547

Tritanomaly
86, 5.796, 294.170

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 0.887, 236.389

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 0.639, 256.139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 0.887, 236.389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 215, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 215, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 215, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 215, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 0.887, 236.389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 215, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 215, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 215, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 215, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 215, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 215,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 0.887, 236.389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 215, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
215, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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