

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 10.149, 104.268)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 10.149, 104.268)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 10.464, 105.187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAD8C4
RGB	218, 216, 196
RGB Percent	85%, 85%, 77%
CMY	0.1452, 0.1530, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.10, 0.15
HSL	55°, 23%, 81%
HSV	55°, 10%, 85%
XYZ	63.4185, 67.9871, 61.9922
YIQ	214.3180, 7.6120, -5.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

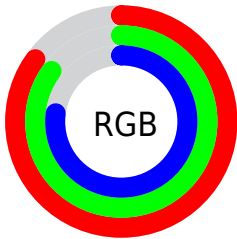
Format	Color
RYB	198, 218, 196
Decimal	14342340
CIELab	86.00, -2.74, 10.10
CIELCh	86, 10.464, 105.187
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3279, 0.3515
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292532420 (0xFFDAD8C4)
YUV	214.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -7.0044, 13.1416

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 10.464, 105.187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80, 10.667, 287.377**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 1.003, 110.026**, and **66, 10.499, 104.711** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 20.832, 104.144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 0.085, 104.966**.

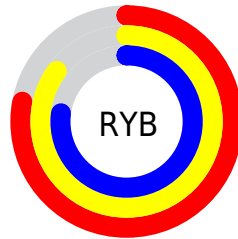
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (85%)

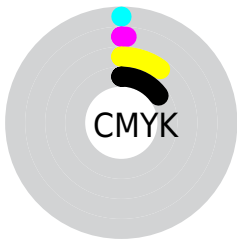
Blue (77%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (77%)

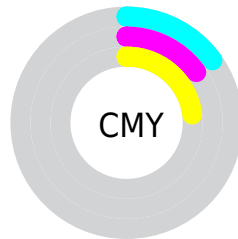


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)


Magenta (15%)


Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 10.464, 105.187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 10.464, 105.187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 10.464,
105.187


 86, 10.464,
105.187


 100, 10.464,
105.187


 76, 10.464,
105.187

 66, 10.464,
105.187

 56, 10.464,
105.187

 46, 10.464,
105.187

 36, 10.464,
105.187

 26, 10.464,
105.187

 16, 10.464,

105.187

■ 6, 10.464, 105.187

■ 0, 10.464, 105.187

■ 86, 10.464,
105.187

■ 86, 10.464,
105.187

■ 85, 20.832,
104.144

■ 87, 0.085, 104.966

■ 84, 31.121,
103.077

■ 88, 10.270,
287.256

■ 83, 41.224,
102.009

■ 89, 17.270,
287.205

■ 82, 50.969,
100.959

■ 90, 16.271,
284.500

■ 82, 60.077, 99.947

■ 90, 15.314,
281.459

81, 68.125, 98.992

91, 14.405,
278.036

80, 74.544, 98.116

91, 13.554,
274.180

80, 78.733, 97.327

79, 80.668, 96.614

92, 12.771,
269.843

92, 12.070,
264.986

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 10.464, 105.187



80, 10.667, 287.377

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 10.464, 105.187



86, 10.464, 155.187



86, 10.464, 285.187



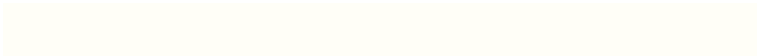
86, 10.464, 335.187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 10.466, 105.197



100, 3.524, 105.906



81, 8.281, 11.931



53, 2.673, 105.830



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 10.466, 105.197



99, 14.135, 104.987



86, 11.968, 125.013



46, 5.916, 105.265



64, 68.072, 96.717



17, 24.230, 98.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 10.667, 287.377



91, 14.456, 287.620



80, 12.177, 306.007



42, 6.023, 287.299



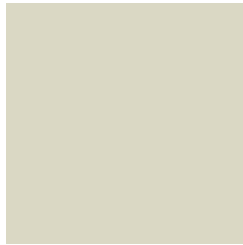
22, 95.835, 305.046



3, 27.740, 292.919

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 10.464, 105.187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

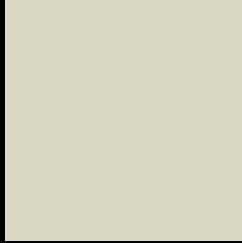
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 10.464, 105.187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

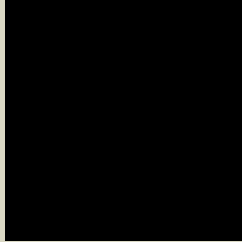
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

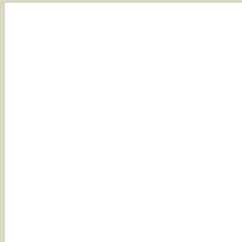
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 10.464, 105.187

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 10.464, 105.187.

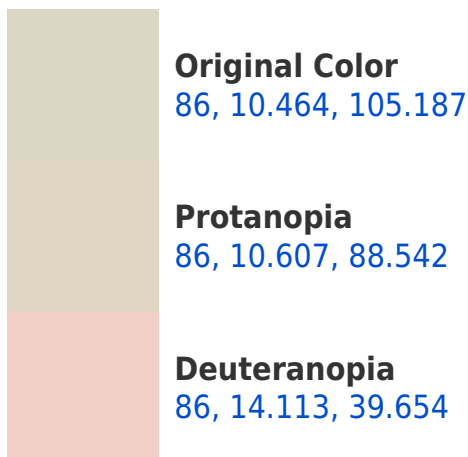


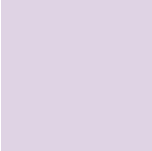
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 10.464, 105.187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

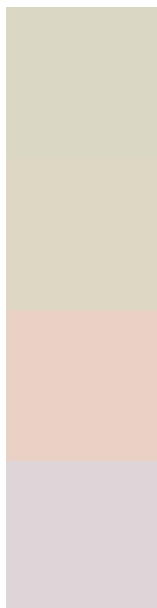
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 9.943, 316.211

Trichromacy



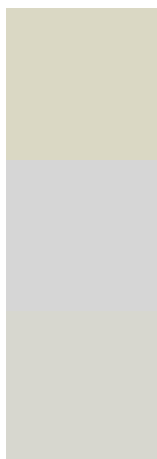
Original Color
86, 10.464, 105.187

Protanomaly
86, 10.760, 95.135

Deuteranomaly
86, 11.043, 57.721

Tritanomaly
86, 3.313, 351.156

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 10.464, 105.187

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 4.180, 109.807

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 10.464, 105.187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 216, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 216, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 216, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 216, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 10.464, 105.187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 216, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 216, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 216, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 216, 196); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 216, 196); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 216, 196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 10.464, 105.187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 216, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
216, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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