

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 105.221, 128.322)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 105.221, 128.322)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 105.330, 128.279)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AF300
RGB	122, 243, 0
RGB Percent	48%, 95%, 0%
CMY	0.5232, 0.0485, 1.0000
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 1.00, 0.05
HSL	90°, 100%, 48%
HSV	90°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	39.9071, 67.9871, 11.0105
YIQ	179.1190, 5.8870, -101.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

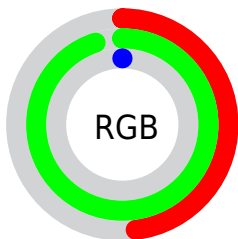
Format	Color
RYB	0, 243, 121
Decimal	8057600
CIELab	86.00, -65.25, 82.68
CIELCh	86, 105.330, 128.279
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3356, 0.5718
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286247680 (0xFF7AF300)
YUV	179.1190, -88.3057, -50.0934
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -57.9027, 49.8008

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 105.330, 128.279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **39, 120.426, 311.678**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 82.884, 123.885**, and **66, 91.440, 133.516** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 105.310, 128.286**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 101.477, 127.163**.

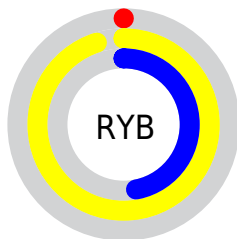
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (95%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (47%)

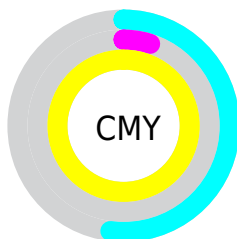


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (52%)


Magenta (5%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 105.330, 128.279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 105.330, 128.279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 105.330,
128.279


 86, 105.330,
128.279


 100, 105.330,
128.279


 76, 105.330,
128.279

 66, 105.330,
128.279

 56, 105.330,
128.279

 46, 105.330,
128.279

 36, 105.330,
128.279

 26, 105.330,
128.279

 16, 105.330,

128.279

■ 6, 105.330,
128.279

■ 0, 105.330,
128.279

■ 86, 105.330,
128.279

■ 86, 105.330,
128.279

■ 86, 105.310,
128.286

■ 87, 101.477,
127.163

■ 87, 95.320,
126.486

■ 88, 86.806,
126.267

■ 89, 76.466,
126.381

■ 90, 64.866,
126.704

■ 91, 52.462,
127.138

■ 92, 39.580,
127.621

■ 93, 26.445,
128.113

■ 94, 13.212,
128.592

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 105.330, 128.279



39, 120.426, 311.678

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 105.330, 128.279



86, 105.330, 178.279



86, 105.330, 308.279



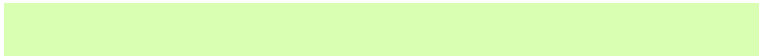
86, 105.330, 358.279

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 105.310, 128.286



96, 41.207, 127.617



63, 83.008, 58.540



51, 28.057, 127.410



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 105.310, 128.286



90, 109.397, 128.330



84, 115.275, 135.967



51, 7.562, 128.616



68, 86.091, 128.015



21, 36.482, 126.762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 120.426, 311.678



41, 125.082, 311.648



57, 111.378, 327.563



47, 7.667, 309.446



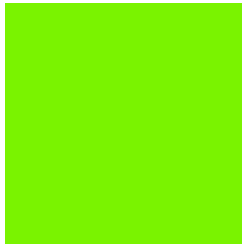
29, 98.534, 311.865



5, 41.486, 312.385

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 105.330, 128.279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 105.330, 128.279 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

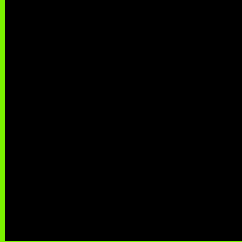
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 105.330, 128.279

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 105.330, 128.279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 105.330, 128.279.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 105.400, 128.257

Protanopia

85, 85.781, 94.938

Deuteranopia

85, 47.651, 80.738



Tritanopia
86, 23.964, 221.464

Trichromacy



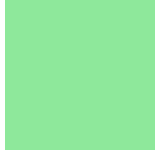
Original Color
86, 105.400, 128.257



Protanomaly
85, 88.720, 110.001



Deuteranomaly
84, 68.534, 108.915

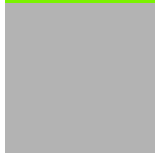


Tritanomaly
85, 51.651, 145.559

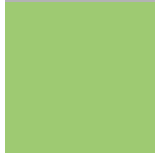
Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 105.400, 128.257



Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 49.116, 127.037

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 105.330, 128.279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 243, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 243, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 243, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 243, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 105.330, 128.279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 243, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 243, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 243, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 243, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 243, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 243,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 105.330, 128.279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 243, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
243, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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