

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 13.575, 13.110)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 13.575, 13.110) contains.

CIELCh(86, 13.896, 11.824)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(86, 13.896, 11.824)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3CED2
RGB	243, 206, 210
RGB Percent	95%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.0463, 0.1914, 0.1757
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	354°, 61%, 88%
HSV	354°, 15%, 95%
XYZ	70.8044, 67.9871, 70.4886
YIQ	217.5190, 20.7680, 9.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

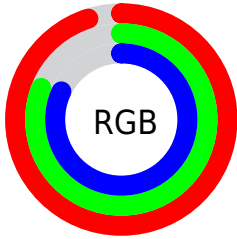
Format	Color
R _Y B	243, 206, 210
Decimal	15978194
CIE Lab	86.00, 13.60, 2.85
CIE LCh	86, 13.896, 11.824
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3383, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294168274 (0xFFFF3CED2)
YUV	217.5190, -3.7069, 22.3468
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 8.9848, 7.0321

Details

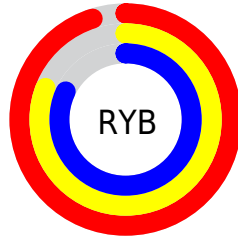
The CIELCh color **86, 13.896, 11.824** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 12.846, 189.343**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **66, 13.959, 11.690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 23.756, 13.005**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 4.610, 10.798**.

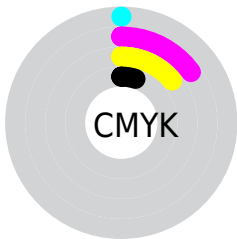
Distribution



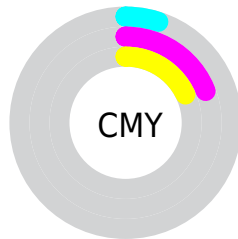
- Red (95%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 13.896, 11.824 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 13.896, 11.824 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 13.896, 11.824

 86, 13.896, 11.824

 100, 13.896,
11.824

 76, 13.896, 11.824

 66, 13.896, 11.824

 56, 13.896, 11.824

 46, 13.896, 11.824

 36, 13.896, 11.824

 26, 13.896, 11.824

 16, 13.896, 11.824

 6, 13.896, 11.824

 0, 13.896, 11.824

86, 13.896, 11.824

86, 13.896, 11.824

80, 23.756, 13.005

92, 4.610, 10.798

74, 34.130, 14.447

99, 4.086, 190.297

68, 44.863, 16.260

99, 4.073, 199.310

63, 55.699, 18.569

58, 66.289, 21.512

55, 76.254, 25.193

53, 85.267, 29.572

51, 92.965, 34.242

51, 96.091, 36.215

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 13.896, 11.824



93, 12.846, 189.343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 13.896, 11.824



86, 13.896, 61.824



86, 13.896, 191.824



86, 13.896, 241.824

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 13.894, 11.832



97, 4.591, 10.775



87, 22.596, 321.963



51, 3.139, 10.853



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

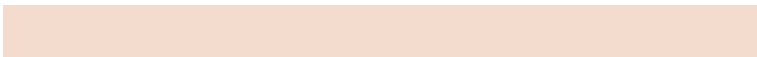
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 13.894, 11.832



88, 17.236, 12.142



89, 11.281, 60.351



48, 5.122, 11.241



39, 77.927, 35.452



8, 30.398, 20.632

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 13.894, 11.832



88, 17.236, 12.142



90, 10.536, 243.651



48, 5.122, 11.241



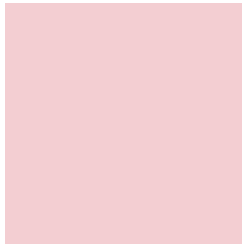
39, 77.927, 35.452



8, 30.398, 20.632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 13.896, 11.824 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

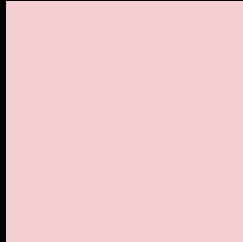
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 13.896, 11.824 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

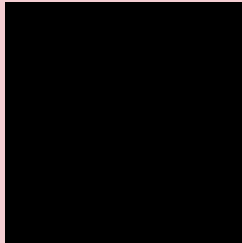
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 13.896, 11.824

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 13.896, 11.824.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 13.896, 11.824.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 13.896, 11.824

Protanopia

86, 1.892, 3.167

Deuteranopia

86, 11.159, 14.846



Tritanopia
86, 16.818, 350.944

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 13.896, 11.824

Protanomaly
86, 6.313, 10.262

Deuteranomaly
86, 12.334, 13.029

Tritanomaly
86, 15.625, 356.996

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 13.896, 11.824

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 4.769, 13.354

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 13.896, 11.824 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 206, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 206, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 206, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 206, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 13.896, 11.824 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 206, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 206, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 206, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 206, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 206, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 206,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 13.896, 11.824 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 206, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
206, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor