

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 14.362, 206.794)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 14.362, 206.794)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 14.285, 206.978)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5DFE3
RGB	181, 223, 227
RGB Percent	71%, 87%, 89%
CMY	0.2910, 0.1263, 0.1107
CMYK	0.20, 0.02, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	185°, 45%, 80%
HSV	185°, 20%, 89%
XYZ	59.1673, 67.9871, 82.5151
YIQ	210.8980, -26.3160, -7.6600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

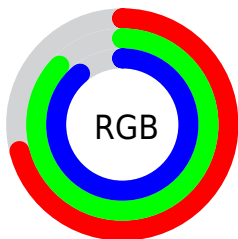
Format	Color
R_{YB}	181, 203, 227
Decimal	11919331
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, -12.73, -6.48
CIE _{LCh}	86, 14.285, 206.978
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2822, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290109411 (0xFFB5DFE3)
YUV	210.8980, 7.9383, -26.2205
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -16.2074, -1.6157

Details

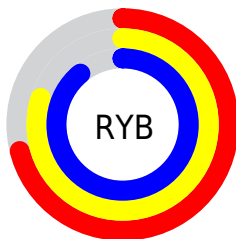
The CIELCh color $86, 14.285, 206.978$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $79, 16.407, 28.070$, and the grayscale version is $84, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 5.840, 199.149$, and $66, 14.417, 207.149$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84, 20.562, 206.920$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88, 7.462, 207.151$.

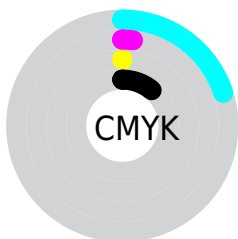
Distribution



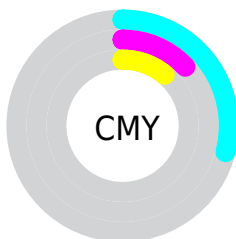
- Red (71%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 14.285, 206.978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 14.285, 206.978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 14.285,
206.978


 86, 14.285,
206.978


 100, 14.285,
206.978


 76, 14.285,
206.978

 66, 14.285,
206.978

 56, 14.285,
206.978

 46, 14.285,
206.978

 36, 14.285,
206.978

 26, 14.285,
206.978

 16, 14.285,

206.978

■ 6, 14.285, 206.978

■ 0, 14.285, 206.978

■ 86, 14.285,
206.978

■ 86, 14.285,
206.978

■ 84, 20.562,
206.920

■ 88, 7.462, 207.151

■ 83, 26.170,
207.003

■ 90, 0.209, 210.219

■ 92, 7.371, 27.494

■ 81, 30.990,
207.244

■ 93, 9.095, 32.570

■ 80, 34.920,
207.672

■ 94, 8.689, 40.036

■ 94, 8.445, 48.074

■ 79, 37.888,

208.322

95, 8.377, 56.407

78, 39.875,
209.224

95, 8.488, 64.686

77, 40.927,
210.410

96, 8.771, 72.579

76, 41.248,
211.817

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 14.285, 206.978



79, 16.407, 28.070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 14.285, 206.978



86, 14.285, 256.978



86, 14.285, 26.978



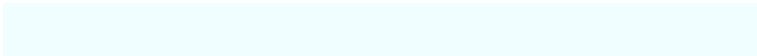
86, 14.285, 76.978

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 14.286, 206.971



99, 4.843, 207.293



86, 27.827, 145.431



52, 3.207, 207.265



0, 0.000, 0.000



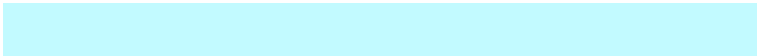
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 14.286, 206.971



95, 18.346, 206.937



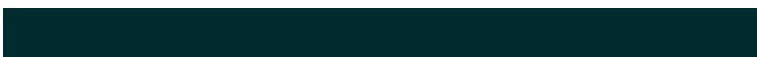
80, 15.506, 266.871



46, 4.096, 207.174



60, 34.165, 211.532



16, 14.224, 208.821

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 27.798, 328.040



85, 36.187, 328.268



84, 15.930, 81.234



44, 7.683, 327.396



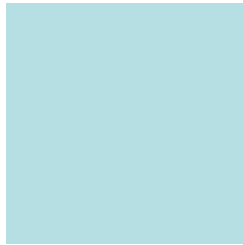
41, 81.744, 332.009



7, 33.888, 331.332

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 14.285, 206.978 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

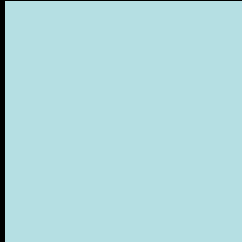
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 14.285, 206.978 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

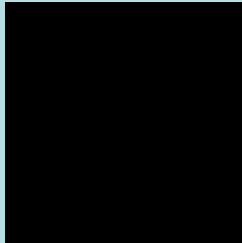
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

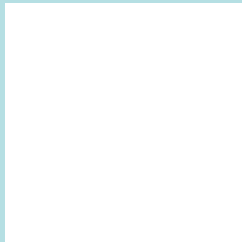
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 14.285, 206.978

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 14.285, 206.978.

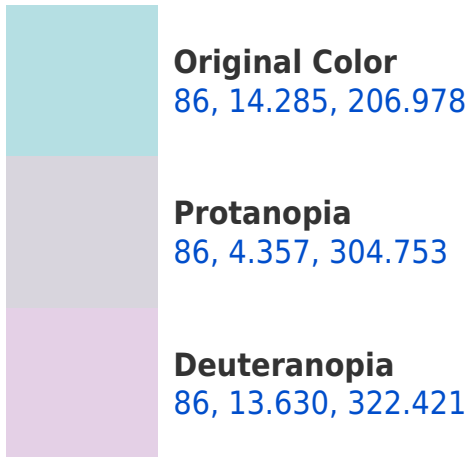


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 14.285, 206.978.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

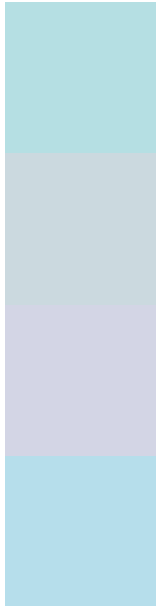
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 15.453, 236.611

Trichromacy



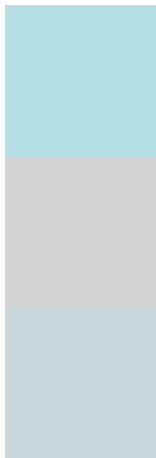
Original Color
86, 14.285, 206.978

Protanomaly
86, 5.774, 232.323

Deuteranomaly
86, 8.428, 286.144

Tritanomaly
86, 14.756, 226.298

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 14.285, 206.978

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 5.381, 210.436

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 14.285, 206.978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 223, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 223, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 223, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 223, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 14.285, 206.978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 223, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 223, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 223, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 223, 227); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 223, 227); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 223, 227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 14.285, 206.978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 223, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
223, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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