

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 14.493, 301.881)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 14.493, 301.881)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 14.506, 302.351)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBD3EE
RGB	219, 211, 238
RGB Percent	86%, 83%, 93%
CMY	0.1403, 0.1716, 0.0657
CMYK	0.08, 0.11, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	258°, 45%, 88%
HSV	258°, 11%, 93%
XYZ	68.1031, 67.9871, 90.6048
YIQ	216.4700, -3.8990, 10.0930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

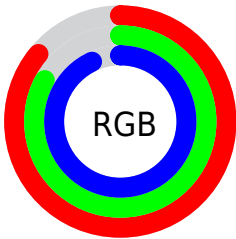
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 211, 238
Decimal	14406638
CIE Lab	86.00, 7.76, -12.25
CIE LCh	86, 14.506, 302.351
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3004, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292596718 (0xFFDBD3EE)
YUV	216.4700, 10.6143, 2.2188
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 3.1371, -7.4327

Details

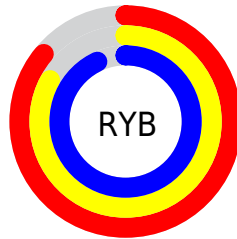
The CIELCh color `86, 14.506, 302.351` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `93, 14.185, 121.009`, and the grayscale version is `87, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `66, 14.150, 301.906` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `79, 27.789, 303.052`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `93, 1.686, 301.704`.

Distribution



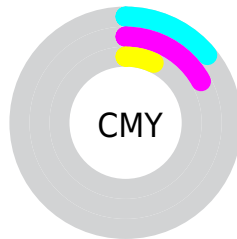
- Red (86%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)





- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 14.506, 302.351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 14.506, 302.351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 14.506,
302.351


 86, 14.506,
302.351


 100, 14.506,
302.351


 76, 14.506,
302.351

 66, 14.506,
302.351

 56, 14.506,
302.351

 46, 14.506,
302.351

 36, 14.506,
302.351

 26, 14.506,
302.351

 16, 14.506,

302.351

■ 6, 14.506, 302.351

■ 0, 14.506, 302.351

■ 86, 14.506,
302.351

■ 86, 14.506,
302.351

■ 79, 27.789,
303.052

■ 93, 1.686, 301.704

■ 72, 41.531,
303.843

■ 99, 8.532, 114.897

■ 64, 55.675,
304.716

■ 100, 8.485,
109.533

■ 57, 70.075,
305.650

■ 51, 84.415,

306.594

■ 45, 98.082,
307.457

■ 39, 110.045,
308.092

■ 35, 118.920,
308.311

■ 33, 123.656,
308.136

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 14.506, 302.351



93, 14.185, 121.009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 14.506, 302.351



86, 14.506, 352.351



86, 14.506, 122.351



86, 14.506, 172.351

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 14.504, 302.348



98, 4.004, 301.820



90, 7.669, 230.365



52, 3.038, 301.870



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 14.504, 302.348



89, 19.022, 302.531



87, 16.051, 318.794



46, 7.284, 302.227



24, 101.522, 308.282



4, 38.767, 305.889

Inverse Universe

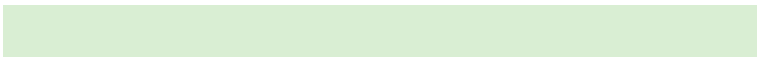
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 13.904, 334.887



91, 18.181, 335.087



92, 15.944, 137.799



47, 6.995, 334.751



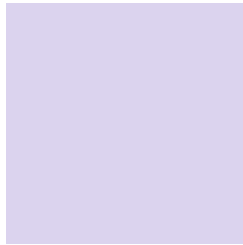
41, 72.304, 344.599



9, 32.445, 341.696

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 14.506, 302.351 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

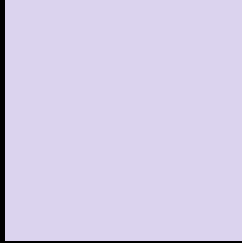
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 14.506, 302.351 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

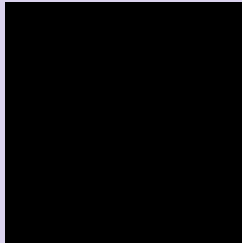
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

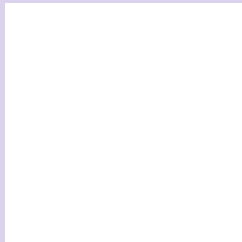
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 14.506, 302.351

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 14.506, 302.351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 14.506, 302.351.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 14.506, 302.351

Protanopia

86, 13.653, 288.452

Deuteranopia

86, 16.797, 310.772



Tritanopia
86, 8.614, 302.665

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 14.506, 302.351

Protanomaly
86, 13.686, 294.200

Deuteranomaly
86, 15.961, 307.821

Tritanomaly
86, 10.752, 302.309

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 14.506, 302.351

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 5.371, 302.048

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 14.506, 302.351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 211, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 211, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 211, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 211, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 14.506, 302.351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

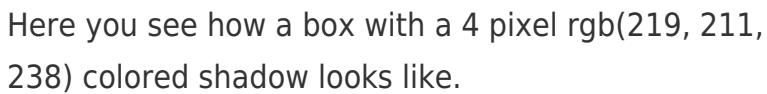
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 211, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 211, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 211, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 211, 238); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 211, 238); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 211, 238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 14.506, 302.351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 211, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
211, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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