

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 15.682, 170.406)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 15.682, 170.406)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 15.684, 170.397)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9E0D2
RGB	185, 224, 210
RGB Percent	73%, 88%, 82%
CMY	0.2761, 0.1232, 0.1781
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.06, 0.12
HSL	158°, 38%, 80%
HSV	158°, 17%, 88%
XYZ	58.0380, 67.9871, 70.7713
YIQ	210.7430, -18.7500, -12.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

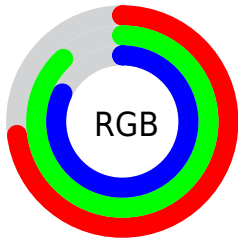
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 209, 224
Decimal	12181714
CIE Lab	86.00, -15.46, 2.62
CIE LCh	86, 15.684, 170.397
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2949, 0.3455
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290371794 (0xFFB9E0D2)
YUV	210.7430, -0.3663, -22.5766
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -18.6522, 6.8288

Details

The CIELCh color $86, 15.684, 170.397$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $79, 16.332, 353.690$, and the grayscale version is $84, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 4.823, 199.237$, and $66, 15.850, 171.008$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85, 24.423, 169.326$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88, 6.728, 171.404$.

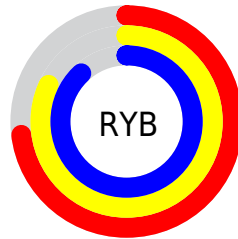
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (88%)

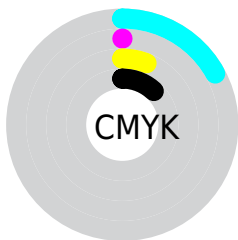
Blue (82%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (88%)

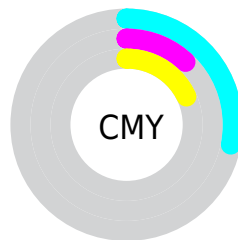


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (12%)


Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 15.684, 170.397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 15.684, 170.397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 15.684,
170.397


 86, 15.684,
170.397


 100, 15.684,
170.397


 76, 15.684,
170.397


 66, 15.684,
170.397

 56, 15.684,
170.397

 46, 15.684,
170.397

 36, 15.684,
170.397

 26, 15.684,
170.397

 16, 15.684,

170.397

■ 6, 15.684, 170.397

■ 0, 15.684, 170.397

■ 86, 15.684,
170.397

■ 86, 15.684,
170.397

■ 85, 24.423,
169.326

■ 88, 6.728, 171.404

■ 83, 32.799,
168.159

■ 90, 2.329, 352.013

■ 92, 11.387,
353.019

■ 82, 40.663,
166.867

■ 92, 14.611,
340.689

■ 81, 47.863,
165.424

■ 92, 17.499,
330.167

■ 80, 54.270,

163.805

92, 19.649,
325.107

80, 59.798,
161.988

79, 64.429,
159.960

79, 68.249,
157.741

79, 69.169,
157.175

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 15.684, 170.397



79, 16.332, 353.690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 15.684, 170.397



86, 15.684, 220.397



86, 15.684, 350.397



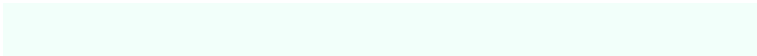
86, 15.684, 40.397

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 15.686, 170.394



99, 5.033, 171.661



86, 22.349, 132.827



53, 3.434, 171.583



0, 0.000, 0.000



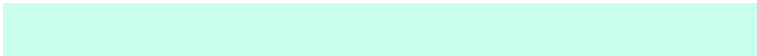
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 15.686, 170.394



96, 20.945, 170.007



85, 11.799, 212.134



46, 5.147, 171.200



64, 57.434, 157.569



17, 21.954, 161.894

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 16.332, 353.690



86, 22.002, 354.116



80, 13.269, 32.305



44, 5.263, 352.831



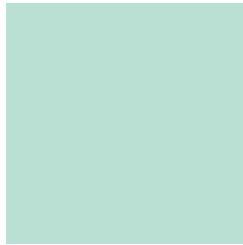
37, 64.803, 15.405



6, 25.513, 4.322

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 15.684, 170.397 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 15.684, 170.397 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

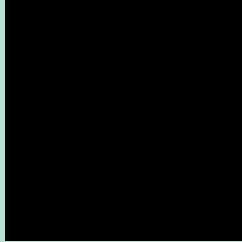
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

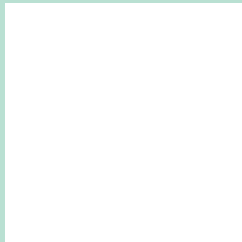
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 15.684, 170.397

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 15.684, 170.397.

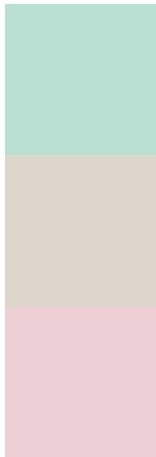


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 15.684, 170.397.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
86, 15.684, 170.397

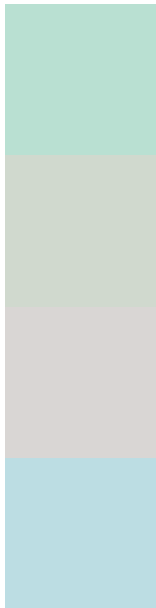
Protanopia
86, 5.815, 83.306

Deuteranopia
86, 10.633, 5.969



Tritanopia
86, 13.231, 241.474

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 15.684, 170.397

Protanomaly
86, 6.653, 139.155

Deuteranomaly
86, 1.497, 63.348

Tritanomaly
86, 11.606, 214.515

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 15.684, 170.397

Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 5.700, 171.621

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 15.684, 170.397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 224, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 224, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 224, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 224, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 15.684, 170.397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 224, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 224, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 224, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 224, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 224, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 224,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 15.684, 170.397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 224, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
224, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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