

Converting Colors

CIECh(86, 16.101, 119.047)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 16.101, 119.047)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 16.448, 119.348)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3DBBC
RGB	211, 219, 188
RGB Percent	83%, 86%, 74%
CMY	0.1734, 0.1420, 0.2636
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.14, 0.14
HSL	75°, 30%, 80%
HSV	75°, 14%, 86%
XYZ	61.1299, 67.9871, 57.3574
YIQ	213.0740, 5.1830, -11.3370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

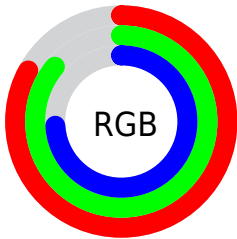
Format	Color
RYB	188, 219, 196
Decimal	13884348
CIELab	86.00, -8.06, 14.34
CIELCh	86, 16.448, 119.348
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3278, 0.3646
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292074428 (0xFFD3DBBC)
YUV	213.0740, -12.3615, -1.8189
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -11.9587, 16.4743

Details

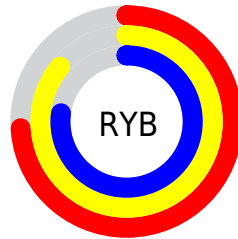
The CIELCh color **86, 16.448, 119.348** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 16.927, 301.159**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 5.566, 109.748**, and **66, 16.270, 119.854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 27.977, 118.722**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 4.838, 119.977**.

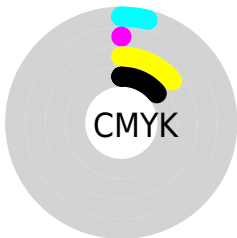
Distribution



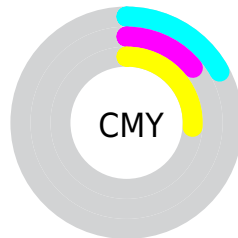
- Red (83%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (14%)





- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 16.448, 119.348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 16.448, 119.348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 16.448,
119.348


 86, 16.448,
119.348


 100, 16.448,
119.348


 76, 16.448,
119.348


 66, 16.448,
119.348

 56, 16.448,
119.348

 46, 16.448,
119.348

 36, 16.448,
119.348

 26, 16.448,
119.348

 16, 16.448,

119.348

■ 6, 16.448, 119.348

■ 0, 16.448, 119.348

■ 86, 16.448,
119.348

■ 86, 16.448,
119.348

■ 85, 27.977,
118.722

■ 87, 4.838, 119.977

■ 84, 39.315,
118.100

■ 88, 6.790, 300.561

■ 84, 50.311,
117.516

■ 89, 18.384,
301.131

■ 83, 60.734,
117.015

■ 89, 19.600,
306.347

■ 82, 70.245,

■ 90, 20.182,
311.718

116.660

90, 20.929,
316.802

82, 78.381,
116.540

91, 21.827,
321.553

81, 84.611,
116.760

91, 22.675,
325.214

81, 88.542,
117.411

81, 90.014,
117.943

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 16.448, 119.348



78, 16.927, 301.159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 16.448, 119.348



86, 16.448, 169.348



86, 16.448, 299.348



86, 16.448, 349.348

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 16.450, 119.352



100, 5.256, 119.985



81, 9.749, 44.782



53, 3.737, 119.938



0, 0.000, 0.000



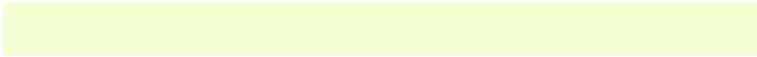
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 16.450, 119.352



98, 22.336, 119.165



85, 18.436, 136.658



46, 6.607, 119.649



65, 75.591, 117.735



17, 27.324, 118.105

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 16.927, 301.159



87, 23.123, 301.382



79, 18.604, 317.892



42, 6.738, 300.823



22, 97.861, 307.862



2, 30.060, 301.252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 16.448, 119.348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

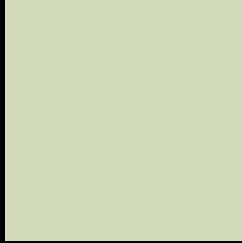
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 16.448, 119.348 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

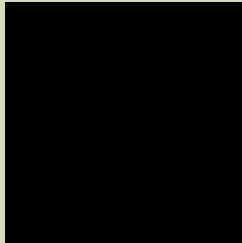
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

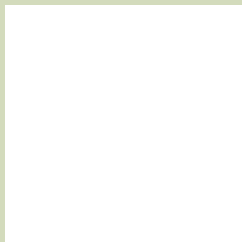
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 16.448, 119.348

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 16.448, 119.348.

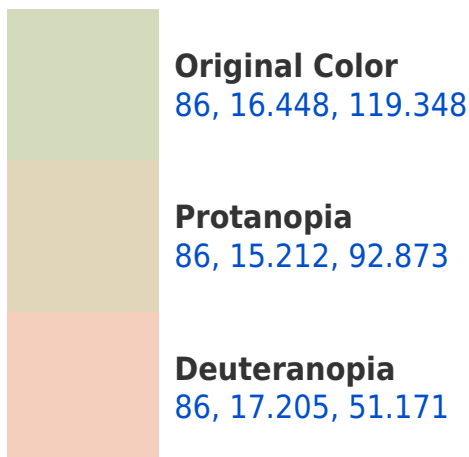


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 16.448, 119.348.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

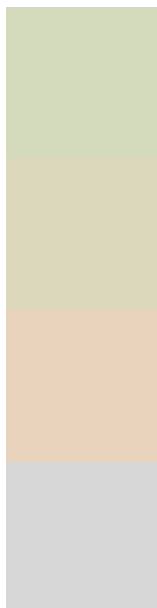
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 9.063, 299.834

Trichromacy



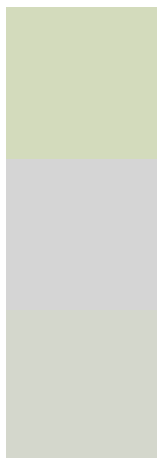
Original Color
86, 16.448, 119.348

Protanomaly
86, 15.198, 103.142

Deuteranomaly
86, 14.283, 73.061

Tritanomaly
86, 0.010, 296.813

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 16.448, 119.348

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 5.868, 120.477

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 16.448, 119.348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 219, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 219, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 219, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 219, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 16.448, 119.348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 219, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 219, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 219, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 219, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 219, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 219, 188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 16.448, 119.348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 219, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
219, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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