

Converting Colors

CIECh(86, 16.300, 143.773)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 16.300, 143.773)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 16.671, 143.754)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4DEC4
RGB	196, 222, 196
RGB Percent	77%, 87%, 77%
CMY	0.2312, 0.1293, 0.2312
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.12, 0.13
HSL	120°, 28%, 82%
HSV	120°, 12%, 87%
XYZ	58.8708, 67.9871, 62.2638
YIQ	211.2620, -7.1500, -13.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

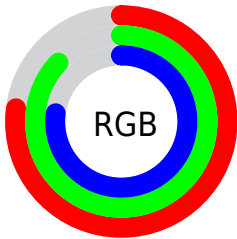
Format	Color
RYB	196, 222, 222
Decimal	12902084
CIELab	86.00, -13.44, 9.86
CIELCh	86, 16.671, 143.754
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3113, 0.3595
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291092164 (0xFFC4DEC4)
YUV	211.2620, -7.5242, -13.3848
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -16.8494, 12.9463

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 16.671, 143.754** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **82, 16.694, 325.069**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 1.230, 144.650**, and **66, 16.929, 143.549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 31.019, 143.028**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 2.411, 144.463**.

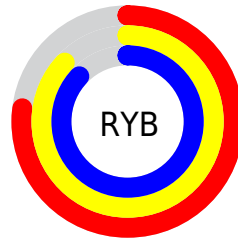
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (87%)

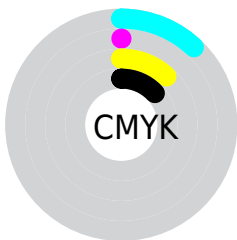
Blue (77%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (87%)

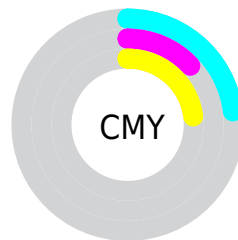


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (23%)


Magenta (13%)


Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 16.671, 143.754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 16.671, 143.754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 16.671,
143.754


 86, 16.671,
143.754


 100, 16.671,
143.754


 76, 16.671,
143.754


 66, 16.671,
143.754

 56, 16.671,
143.754

 46, 16.671,
143.754

 36, 16.671,
143.754

 26, 16.671,
143.754

 16, 16.671,

143.754

■ 6, 16.671, 143.754

■ 0, 16.671, 143.754

■ 86, 16.671,
143.754

■ 86, 16.671,
143.754

■ 84, 31.019,
143.028

■ 88, 2.411, 144.463

■ 82, 45.231,
142.186

■ 90, 11.612,
324.839

■ 81, 59.018,
141.221

■ 92, 20.627,
325.142

■ 80, 72.007,
140.147

■ 79, 83.736,

139.009

■ 78, 93.659,
137.896

■ 78, 101.194,
136.945

■ 78, 105.890,
136.302

■ 77, 107.886,
136.016

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 16.671, 143.754



82, 16.694, 325.069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 16.671, 143.754



86, 16.671, 193.754



86, 16.671, 323.754



86, 16.671, 13.754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 16.673, 143.754



99, 6.331, 144.264



88, 13.505, 109.044



53, 4.503, 144.212



0, 0.000, 0.000



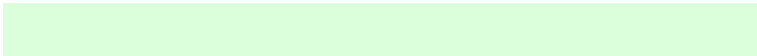
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 16.673, 143.754



97, 22.327, 143.590



86, 11.603, 162.696



46, 8.142, 143.905



63, 90.678, 136.016



16, 35.257, 139.480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 16.694, 325.069



91, 22.351, 325.203



82, 11.781, 344.606



44, 8.154, 324.940



42, 87.488, 328.233



8, 35.925, 328.230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 16.671, 143.754 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 16.671, 143.754 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

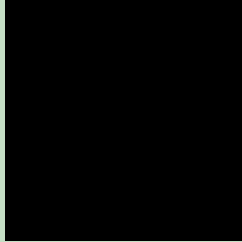
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

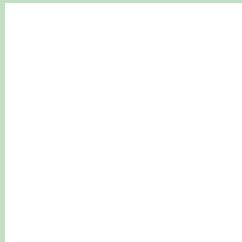
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 16.671, 143.754

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 16.671, 143.754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 16.671, 143.754.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
86, 16.671, 143.754

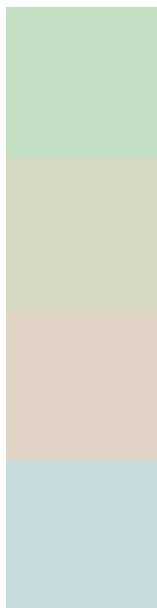
Protanopia
86, 12.092, 90.962

Deuteranopia
86, 13.550, 38.152



Tritanopia
86, 10.182, 260.653

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 16.671, 143.754

Protanomaly
86, 12.583, 114.227

Deuteranomaly
86, 8.786, 75.864

Tritanomaly
86, 6.682, 203.538

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 16.671, 143.754

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 5.770, 144.253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 16.671, 143.754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 222, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 222, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 222, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 222, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 16.671, 143.754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

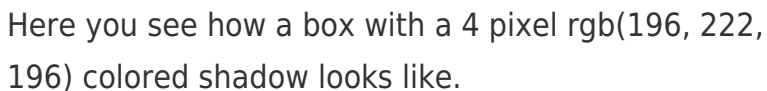
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 222, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 222, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 222, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 222, 196); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 222, 196); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 222, 196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 16.671, 143.754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 222, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
222, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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