

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 19.918, 242.208)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 19.918, 242.208)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 19.908, 242.189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFDEF8
RGB	175, 222, 248
RGB Percent	69%, 87%, 97%
CMY	0.3145, 0.1302, 0.0283
CMYK	0.29, 0.10, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	201°, 84%, 83%
HSV	201°, 29%, 97%
XYZ	60.6101, 67.9871, 98.5631
YIQ	210.9110, -36.3580, -1.8780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

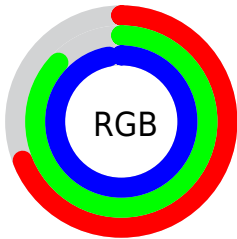
Format	Color
R _Y B	175, 204, 248
Decimal	11525880
CIE Lab	86.00, -9.29, -17.61
CIE LCh	86, 19.908, 242.189
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2668, 0.2993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289715960 (0xFFAFDEF8)
YUV	210.9110, 18.2849, -31.4939
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -13.0840, -13.1553

Details

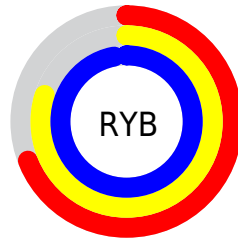
The CIELCh color **86, 19.908, 242.189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **84, 23.261, 56.009**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 7.855, 198.993**, and **66, 20.128, 242.296** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 25.983, 244.038**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.442, 240.700**.

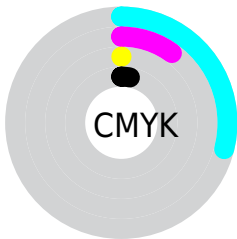
Distribution



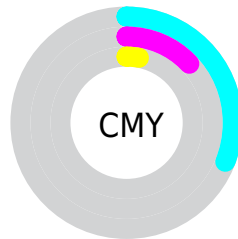
- Red (69%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 19.908, 242.189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 19.908, 242.189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 19.908,
242.189

■ 86, 19.908,
242.189

■ 100, 19.908,
242.189

■ 76, 19.908,
242.189

■ 66, 19.908,
242.189

■ 56, 19.908,
242.189

■ 46, 19.908,
242.189

■ 36, 19.908,
242.189

■ 26, 19.908,
242.189

■ 16, 19.908,

242.189

■ 6, 19.908, 242.189

■ 0, 19.908, 242.189

■ 86, 19.908,
242.189

■ 86, 19.908,
242.189

■ 82, 25.983,
244.038

■ 90, 13.442,
240.700

■ 79, 31.608,
246.336

■ 94, 6.657, 239.532

■ 75, 36.740,
249.166

■ 98, 0.382, 57.013

■ 72, 41.378,
252.607

■ 100, 3.645,
109.885

■ 69, 45.584,

256.704

■ 66, 49.492,
261.430

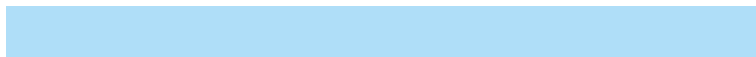
■ 63, 53.330,
266.578

■ 63, 53.546,
266.851

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



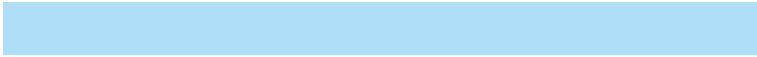
86, 19.908, 242.189



84, 23.261, 56.009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 19.908, 242.189



86, 19.908, 292.189



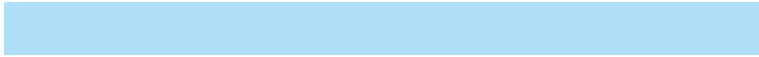
86, 19.908, 62.189



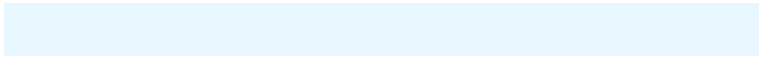
86, 19.908, 112.189

Sweetspot

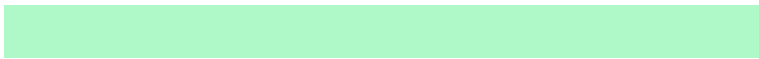
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 19.907, 242.185



96, 6.489, 239.489



92, 35.637, 153.894



51, 4.498, 239.636



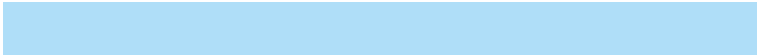
0, 0.000, 0.000



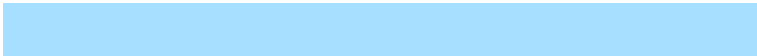
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 19.907, 242.185



86, 23.873, 243.172



77, 33.446, 287.292



50, 4.029, 239.537



49, 43.140, 265.909



14, 18.006, 258.269

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 36.036, 338.952



78, 43.754, 339.461



93, 31.937, 99.936



49, 6.937, 337.303



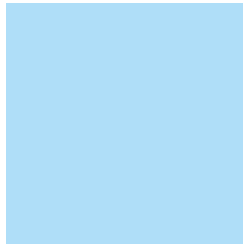
41, 71.191, 349.269



10, 33.061, 345.757

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 19.908, 242.189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

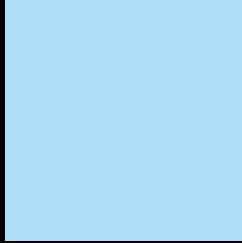
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 19.908, 242.189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

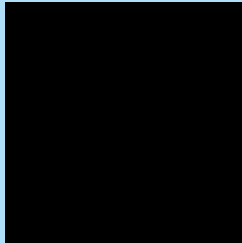
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 19.908, 242.189

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 19.908, 242.189.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 19.908, 242.189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 18.446, 229.474

Trichromacy



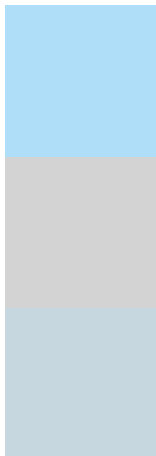
Original Color
86, 19.908, 242.189

Protanomaly
86, 15.837, 267.863

Deuteranomaly
86, 18.706, 279.443

Tritanomaly
86, 18.661, 232.953

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 19.908, 242.189

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 7.484, 238.475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 19.908, 242.189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 222, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 222, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 222, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 222, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 19.908, 242.189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

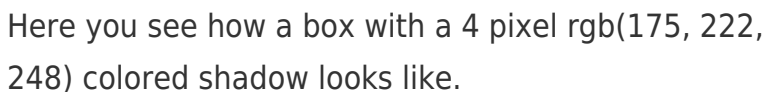
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 222, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 222, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 222, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 222, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 222, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 222, 248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 19.908, 242.189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 222, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
222, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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