

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 2.934, 199.289)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 2.934, 199.289) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 2.853, 199.406)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1D9D9
RGB	209, 217, 217
RGB Percent	82%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.1815, 0.1501, 0.1501
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	180°, 9%, 83%
HSV	180°, 4%, 85%
XYZ	63.4404, 67.9871, 75.2299
YIQ	214.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

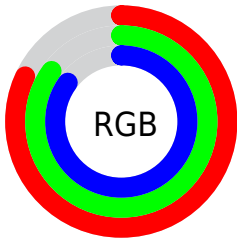
Format	Color
R_{YB}	209, 213, 217
Decimal	13752793
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, -2.69, -0.95
CIE _{LCh}	86, 2.853, 199.406
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3070, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291942873 (0xFFD1D9D9)
YUV	214.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -6.9569, 3.6228

Details

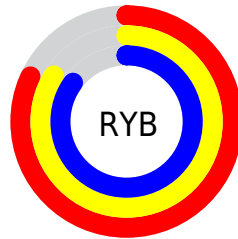
The CIELCh color `86, 2.853, 199.406` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `84, 2.922, 19.392`, and the grayscale version is `86, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `66, 2.633, 199.350` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 10.324, 198.688`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `88, 4.978, 19.612`.

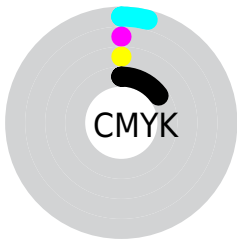
Distribution



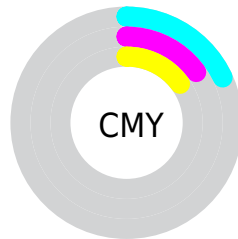
- Red (82%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 2.853, 199.406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 2.853, 199.406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 2.853, 199.406

■ 86, 2.853, 199.406

■ 100, 2.853,
199.406

■ 76, 2.853, 199.406

■ 66, 2.853, 199.406

■ 56, 2.853, 199.406

■ 46, 2.853, 199.406

■ 36, 2.853, 199.406

■ 26, 2.853, 199.406

■ 16, 2.853, 199.406

■ 6, 2.853, 199.406

■ 0, 2.853, 199.406

86, 2.853, 199.406

86, 2.853, 199.406

85, 10.324,
198.688

88, 4.978, 19.612

83, 17.313,
198.174

89, 13.068, 20.277

82, 23.696,
197.724

90, 14.180, 20.345

81, 29.349,
197.334

90, 14.180, 20.326

80, 34.159,
197.007

90, 14.180, 20.306

80, 38.043,
196.746

90, 14.179, 20.286

79, 40.956,
196.552

90, 14.179, 20.266

79, 42.909,
196.420

90, 14.179, 20.247

90, 14.179, 20.227

■ 79, 43.978,
196.345

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 2.853, 199.406



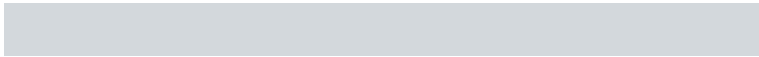
84, 2.922, 19.392

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 2.853, 199.406



86, 2.853, 249.406



86, 2.853, 19.406



86, 2.853, 69.406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 2.854, 199.369



100, 0.886, 200.060



86, 5.092, 143.849



53, 0.504, 200.102



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 2.854, 199.369



99, 3.526, 199.333



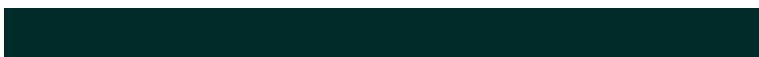
85, 2.498, 254.202



45, 2.168, 199.269



63, 37.134, 196.319



15, 14.562, 196.332

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 2.922, 19.392



97, 3.617, 19.430



85, 2.509, 72.993



44, 2.233, 19.499



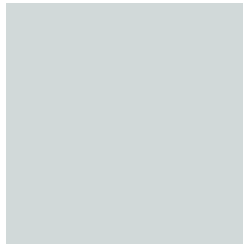
35, 77.330, 39.881



5, 21.999, 19.747

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 2.853, 199.406 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

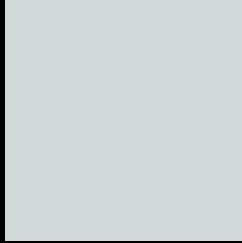
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 2.853, 199.406 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

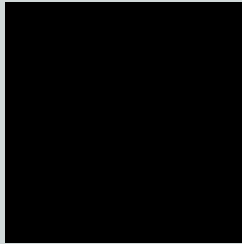
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

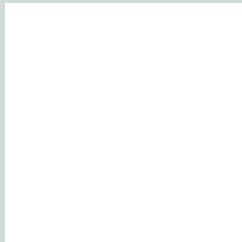
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 2.853, 199.406

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 2.853, 199.406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 2.853, 199.406.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 8.971, 284.259

Trichromacy



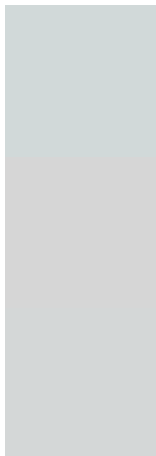
Original Color
86, 2.853, 199.406

Protanomaly
86, 0.534, 290.350

Deuteranomaly
86, 6.286, 344.095

Tritanomaly
86, 6.007, 273.696

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 2.853, 199.406

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 1.076, 199.869

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 2.853, 199.406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 217, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 217, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 217, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 217, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 2.853, 199.406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 217, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 217, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 217, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 217, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 217, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 217,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 2.853, 199.406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 217, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
217, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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