

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 20.001, 171.543)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 20.001, 171.543)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 20.016, 171.533)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFE2D1
RGB	175, 226, 209
RGB Percent	69%, 89%, 82%
CMY	0.3144, 0.1144, 0.1811
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.08, 0.11
HSL	160°, 47%, 79%
HSV	160°, 23%, 89%
XYZ	56.2773, 67.9871, 70.3667
YIQ	208.8130, -24.9390, -16.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

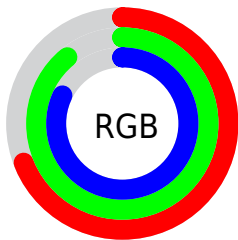
Format	Color
RYB	175, 206, 226
Decimal	11526865
CIELab	86.00, -19.80, 2.95
CIELCh	86, 20.016, 171.533
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2891, 0.3493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289716945 (0xFFAFE2D1)
YUV	208.8130, 0.0922, -29.6540
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -22.4638, 7.1197

Details

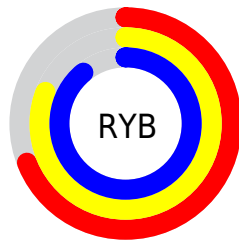
The CIELCh color **86, 20.016, 171.533** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **76, 21.218, 356.006**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 8.189, 198.968**, and **66, 20.305, 171.759** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 28.464, 170.417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 11.258, 172.564**.

Distribution



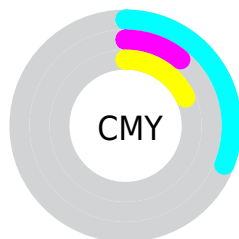
- Red (69%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 20.016, 171.533 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 20.016, 171.533 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 20.016,
171.533


 86, 20.016,
171.533


 100, 20.016,
171.533


 76, 20.016,
171.533

 66, 20.016,
171.533

 56, 20.016,
171.533

 46, 20.016,
171.533

 36, 20.016,
171.533

 26, 20.016,
171.533

 16, 20.016,

171.533

■ 6, 20.016, 171.533

■ 0, 20.016, 171.533

■ 86, 20.016,
171.533

■ 86, 20.016,
171.533

■ 85, 28.464,
170.417

■ 88, 11.258,
172.564

■ 83, 36.449,
169.195

■ 89, 2.318, 173.677

■ 82, 43.821,
167.842

■ 91, 6.691, 354.256

■ 82, 50.440,
166.330

■ 92, 12.457,
347.446

■ 81, 56.199,

■ 93, 14.870,
334.742

164.635

93, 17.822,
325.995

80, 61.048,
162.737

93, 18.241,
325.058

80, 65.018,
160.633

80, 67.538,
158.991

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 20.016, 171.533



76, 21.218, 356.006

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 20.016, 171.533



86, 20.016, 221.533



86, 20.016, 351.533



86, 20.016, 41.533

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 20.017, 171.530



99, 6.932, 173.127



86, 29.326, 133.114



52, 4.503, 173.064



0, 0.000, 0.000



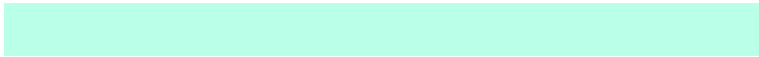
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 20.017, 171.530



95, 26.253, 171.030



84, 14.968, 214.181



46, 5.064, 172.881



64, 55.667, 159.394



17, 21.367, 163.639

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 21.218, 356.006



82, 28.177, 356.588



78, 17.483, 34.097



44, 5.189, 354.525



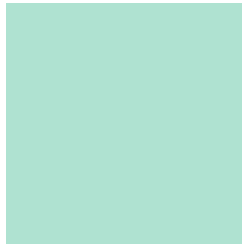
37, 65.371, 17.822



6, 25.434, 5.839

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.016, 171.533 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

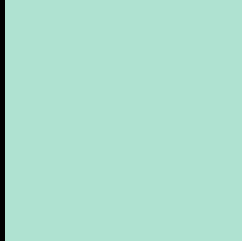
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 20.016, 171.533 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

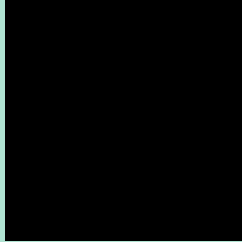
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

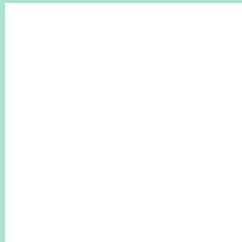
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 20.016, 171.533

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.016, 171.533.

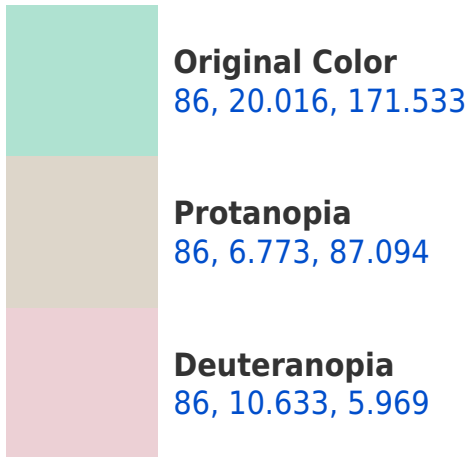


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.016, 171.533.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

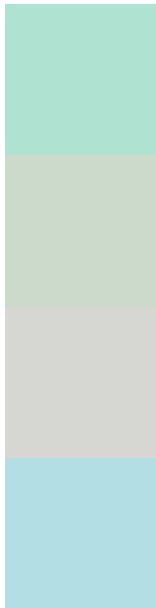
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 15.946, 235.222

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 20.016, 171.533

Protanomaly
86, 8.973, 144.103

Deuteranomaly
86, 1.563, 110.001

Tritanomaly
86, 14.946, 208.617

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 20.016, 171.533

Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 7.215, 172.994

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 20.016, 171.533 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 226, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 226, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 226, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 226, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.016, 171.533 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 226, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 226, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 226, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 226, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 226, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 226,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.016, 171.533 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 226, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
226, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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