

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 20.098, 15.623)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(86, 20.098, 15.623) contains.

<b>CIELCh(86, 20.032, 15.010)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(86, 20.032, 15.010)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCACE
RGB	255, 202, 206
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 81%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2077, 0.1920
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	355°, 100%, 90%
HSV	355°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	73.5321, 67.9871, 67.6663
YIQ	218.3030, 30.3040, 12.4800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

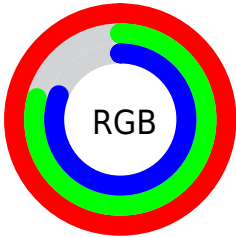
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 202, 206
Decimal	16763598
CIE Lab	86.00, 19.35, 5.19
CIE LCh	86, 20.032, 15.010
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3515, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953678 (0xFFFFCACE)
YUV	218.3030, -6.0654, 32.1833
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 14.8899, 9.0615

# Details

The CIELCh color **86, 20.032, 15.010** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 17.777, 191.673**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **66, 20.092, 15.145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 30.628, 16.281**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 10.024, 13.969**.

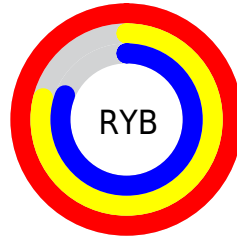
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (79%)

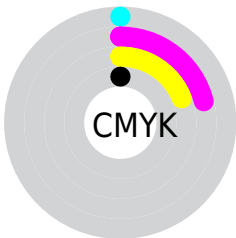
Blue (81%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (81%)

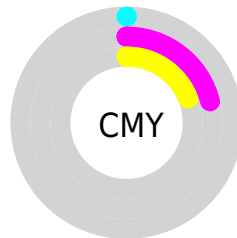


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 20.032, 15.010 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 20.032, 15.010 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86, 20.032, 15.010

 86, 20.032, 15.010

 100, 20.032,  
15.010

 76, 20.032, 15.010

 66, 20.032, 15.010

 56, 20.032, 15.010

 46, 20.032, 15.010

 36, 20.032, 15.010

 26, 20.032, 15.010

 16, 20.032, 15.010

 6, 20.032, 15.010

 0, 20.032, 15.010

86, 20.032, 15.010

86, 20.032, 15.010

80, 30.628, 16.281

93, 10.024, 13.969

73, 41.770, 17.885

99, 0.691, 12.275

68, 53.234, 19.936

100, 0.012,  
296.813

63, 64.709, 22.565

59, 75.804, 25.884

56, 86.110, 29.891

54, 95.129, 34.265

53, 101.510,  
37.761

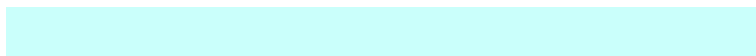
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 20.032, 15.010



96, 17.777, 191.673

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 20.032, 15.010



86, 20.032, 65.010



86, 20.032, 195.010



86, 20.032, 245.010

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 20.013, 15.010



96, 5.495, 13.505



87, 32.431, 323.210



51, 3.653, 13.571



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

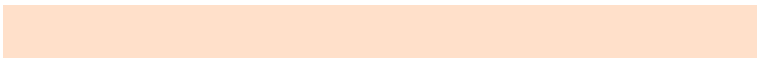
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 20.013, 15.010



83, 24.435, 15.514



91, 16.405, 63.648



50, 5.271, 13.848



40, 81.095, 37.108



10, 32.774, 24.129





# Inverse Universe

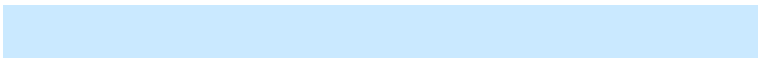
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 20.013, 15.010



83, 24.435, 15.514



91, 15.066, 248.650



50, 5.271, 13.848



40, 81.095, 37.108

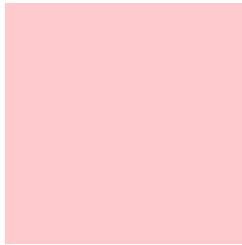


10, 32.774, 24.129



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.032, 15.010 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

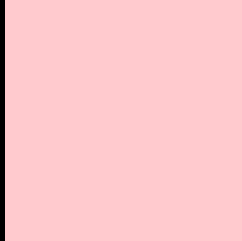
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 20.032, 15.010 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

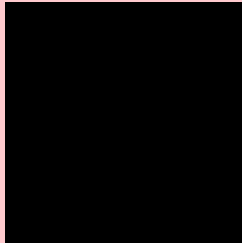
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 86, 20.032, 15.010

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.032, 15.010.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.032, 15.010.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86, 20.032, 15.010

### Protanopia

86, 2.235, 32.826

### Deuteranopia

86, 12.079, 27.658



**Tritanopia**  
86, 21.389, 359.723



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 20.032, 15.010

**Protanomaly**  
86, 8.489, 19.969

**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 14.646, 22.501

**Tritanomaly**  
86, 20.858, 5.156

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 20.032, 15.010

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 7.038, 11.328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 20.032, 15.010 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 202, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 202, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 202, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 202, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.032, 15.010 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 202, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 202, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 202, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 202, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.032, 15.010 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 202, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
202, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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