

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 20.785, 3.849)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(86, 20.785, 3.849) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(86, 20.972, 3.772)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC9D5
RGB	255, 201, 213
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2109, 0.1639
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	347°, 100%, 89%
HSV	347°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	74.2931, 67.9871, 72.2978
YIQ	218.5140, 28.3320, 15.1800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

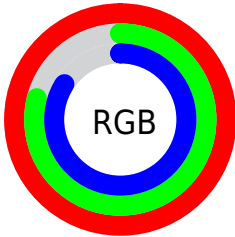
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 201, 213
Decimal	16763349
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.00, 20.93, 1.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	86, 20.972, 3.772
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3462, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953429 (0xFFFFC9D5)
YUV	218.5140, -2.7184, 31.9982
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 16.5374, 5.7312

# Details

The CIELCh color **86, 20.972, 3.772** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 19.276, 179.554**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **66, 20.928, 4.808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 31.441, 5.077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 10.725, 2.529**.

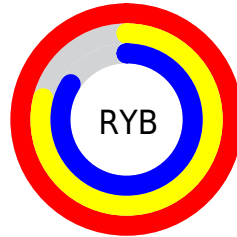
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (79%)

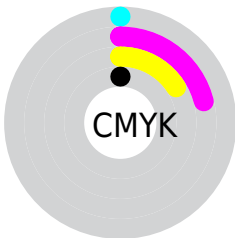
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (84%)

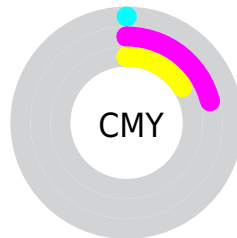


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 20.972, 3.772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 20.972, 3.772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





86, 20.972, 3.772

86, 20.972, 3.772

80, 31.441, 5.077

93, 10.725, 2.529

74, 42.208, 6.749

99, 1.033, 1.026

68, 52.908, 8.825

100, 0.012,  
296.813

63, 63.146, 11.444

59, 72.476, 14.769

56, 80.542, 18.946

54, 87.269, 23.987

54, 92.471, 28.873

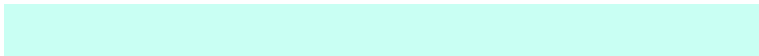
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 20.972, 3.772



96, 19.276, 179.554

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 20.972, 3.772



86, 20.972, 53.772



86, 20.972, 183.772



86, 20.972, 233.772

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 20.890, 3.700



96, 5.728, 1.965



86, 31.668, 318.726



51, 3.806, 2.039



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

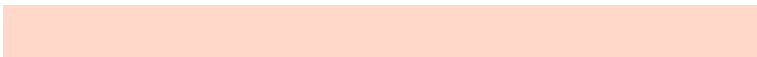
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 20.890, 3.700



83, 24.974, 4.209



89, 16.805, 46.431



50, 5.476, 2.354



40, 73.838, 27.820



10, 31.850, 17.529





# Inverse Universe

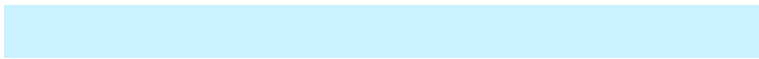
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 20.890, 3.700



83, 24.974, 4.209



93, 14.742, 229.016



50, 5.476, 2.354



40, 73.838, 27.820



10, 31.850, 17.529



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.972, 3.772 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

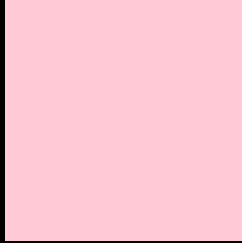
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.972, 3.772 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 86, 20.972, 3.772**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.972, 3.772.

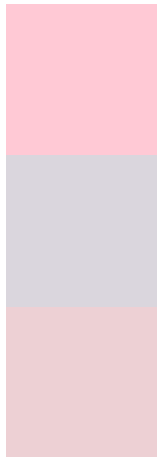


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.972, 3.772.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86, 20.972, 3.772

### Protanopia

86, 3.966, 311.617

### Deuteranopia

86, 10.900, 9.159



**Tritanopia**  
86, 21.389, 359.723



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 20.972, 3.772

**Protanomaly**  
86, 9.309, 349.671

**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 14.411, 7.974

**Tritanomaly**  
86, 21.238, 1.054

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 20.972, 3.772

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 7.245, 3.142

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 20.972, 3.772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 201, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 201, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 201, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 201, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.972, 3.772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 201, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 201, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 201, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 201, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 201, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 201,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.972, 3.772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 201, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
201, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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