

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 21.439, 58.864)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 21.439, 58.864) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 21.495, 59.129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9CFB5
RGB	249, 207, 181
RGB Percent	98%, 81%, 71%
CMY	0.0242, 0.1888, 0.2908
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.27, 0.02
HSL	23°, 85%, 84%
HSV	23°, 27%, 98%
XYZ	69.6059, 67.9871, 53.0868
YIQ	216.5940, 33.3780, 0.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

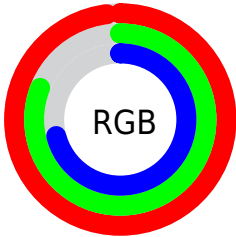
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 223, 181
Decimal	16371637
CIE Lab	86.00, 11.03, 18.45
CIE LCh	86, 21.495, 59.129
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3650, 0.3566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294561717 (0xFFF9CFB5)
YUV	216.5940, -17.5478, 28.4201
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 6.3903, 19.5451

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 21.495, 59.129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 18.846, 245.334**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 9.112, 109.487**, and **66, 21.656, 59.551** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 30.386, 58.261**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.175, 60.050**.

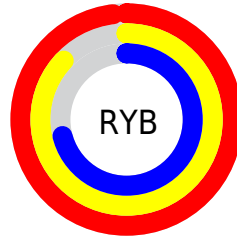
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (81%)

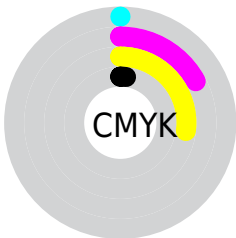
Blue (71%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (71%)

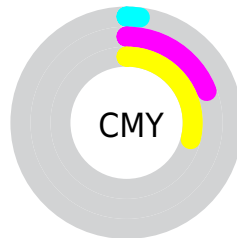


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 21.495, 59.129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 21.495, 59.129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 21.495, 59.129

 86, 21.495, 59.129

 100, 21.495,
59.129

 76, 21.495, 59.129

 66, 21.495, 59.129

 56, 21.495, 59.129

 46, 21.495, 59.129

 36, 21.495, 59.129

 26, 21.495, 59.129

 16, 21.495, 59.129

 6, 21.495, 59.129

 0, 21.495, 59.129

86, 21.495, 59.129

86, 21.495, 59.129

82, 30.386, 58.261

90, 13.175, 60.050

78, 39.862, 57.436

95, 5.387, 60.949

74, 49.882, 56.662

99, 1.761, 236.154

70, 60.291, 55.905

100, 2.139,
199.579

67, 70.696, 55.058

64, 80.250, 53.860

61, 87.556, 51.856

60, 89.264, 51.295

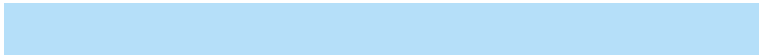
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 21.495, 59.129



87, 18.846, 245.334

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 21.495, 59.129



86, 21.495, 109.129



86, 21.495, 239.129



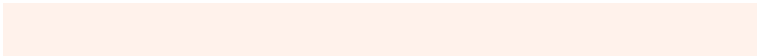
86, 21.495, 289.129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 21.495, 59.137



96, 6.018, 60.892



81, 33.301, 339.259



51, 4.298, 60.761



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 21.495, 59.137



85, 27.006, 58.630



94, 30.215, 101.112



50, 4.227, 60.762



46, 72.095, 51.946



13, 26.405, 50.249

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 18.846, 245.334



86, 22.940, 246.359



78, 31.619, 287.771



50, 4.059, 242.855



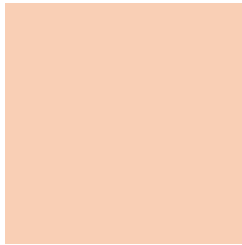
47, 45.412, 269.930



14, 18.742, 262.312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 21.495, 59.129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 21.495, 59.129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

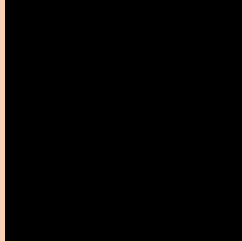
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 21.495, 59.129

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 21.495, 59.129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 21.495, 59.129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 21.495, 59.129

Protanopia

86, 16.206, 93.765

Deuteranopia

86, 21.184, 59.798



Tritanopia
86, 20.329, 358.439

Trichromacy



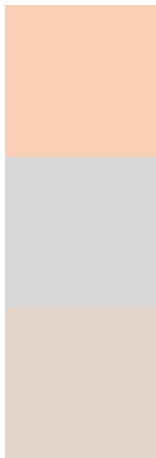
Original Color
86, 21.495, 59.129

Protanomaly
86, 17.413, 79.630

Deuteranomaly
86, 21.184, 59.798

Tritanomaly
86, 17.721, 20.729

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 21.495, 59.129

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 7.636, 62.716

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 21.495, 59.129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 207, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 207, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 207, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 207, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 21.495, 59.129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 207, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 207, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 207, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 207, 181); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 207, 181); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 207, 181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 21.495, 59.129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 207, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
207, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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