

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 21.770, 252.710)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 21.770, 252.710)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 21.787, 251.808)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1DDFE
RGB	177, 221, 254
RGB Percent	69%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.3071, 0.1346, 0.0052
CMYK	0.30, 0.13, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	206°, 97%, 84%
HSV	206°, 30%, 99%
XYZ	61.6667, 67.9871, 103.3608
YIQ	211.6060, -36.8170, 0.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

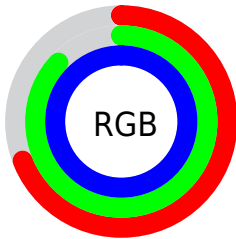
Format	Color
R _{YB}	177, 205, 254
Decimal	11656702
CIE Lab	86.00, -6.80, -20.70
CIE LCh	86, 21.787, 251.808
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2646, 0.2918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289846782 (0xFFB1DDFE)
YUV	211.6060, 20.9002, -30.3495
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -10.7968, -16.6051

Details

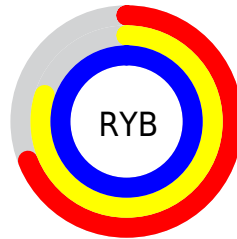
The CIELCh color **86, 21.787, 251.808** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **87, 24.660, 63.954**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 7.186, 199.043**, and **66, 21.723, 251.348** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 28.481, 253.944**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 14.820, 250.047**.

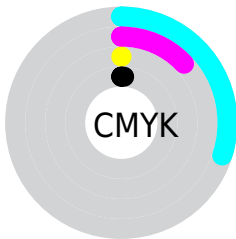
Distribution



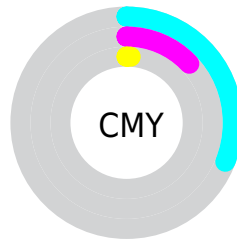
- Red (69%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 21.787, 251.808 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 21.787, 251.808 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 21.787,
251.808

■ 86, 21.787,
251.808

■ 100, 21.787,
251.808

■ 76, 21.787,
251.808

■ 66, 21.787,
251.808

■ 56, 21.787,
251.808

■ 46, 21.787,
251.808

■ 36, 21.787,
251.808

■ 26, 21.787,
251.808

■ 16, 21.787,

251.808

■ 6, 21.787, 251.808

■ 0, 21.787, 251.808

■ 86, 21.787,
251.808

■ 86, 21.787,
251.808

■ 82, 28.481,
253.944

■ 90, 14.820,
250.047

■ 78, 34.868,
256.536

■ 95, 7.631, 248.618

■ 73, 40.937,
259.652

■ 99, 0.267, 249.234

100, 0.663,
110.012

■ 70, 46.716,
263.342

■ 66, 52.292,

267.604

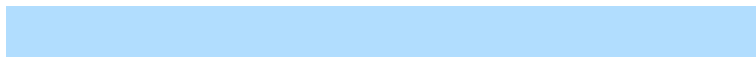
■ 62, 57.810,
272.353

■ 59, 63.266,
277.139

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



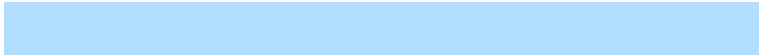
86, 21.787, 251.808



87, 24.660, 63.954

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 21.787, 251.808



86, 21.787, 301.808



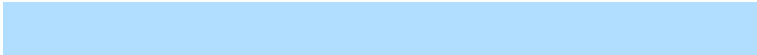
86, 21.787, 71.808



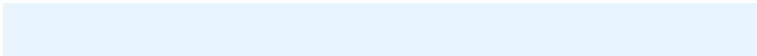
86, 21.787, 121.808

Sweetspot

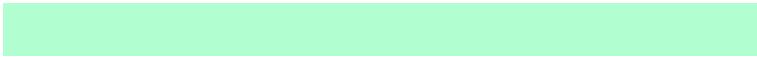
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 21.786, 251.805



96, 6.675, 248.451



94, 35.502, 156.714



51, 4.630, 248.632



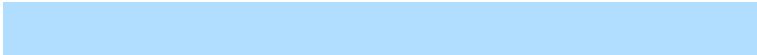
0, 0.000, 0.000



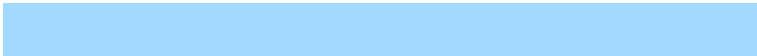
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 21.786, 251.805



84, 25.714, 252.964



76, 37.999, 290.608



51, 4.214, 248.513



45, 50.396, 276.231



14, 20.890, 269.177

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 36.081, 342.613



78, 42.938, 343.205



96, 35.738, 103.392



50, 6.702, 340.698



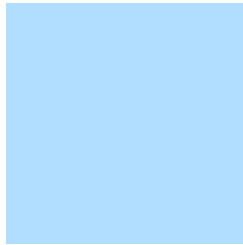
42, 69.551, 355.487



11, 32.720, 351.019

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 21.787, 251.808 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

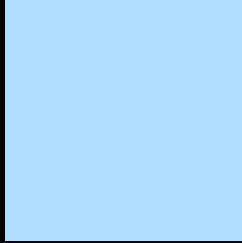
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 21.787, 251.808 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

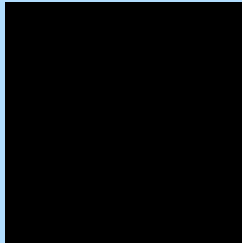
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

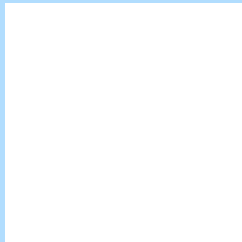
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 21.787, 251.808

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 21.787, 251.808.

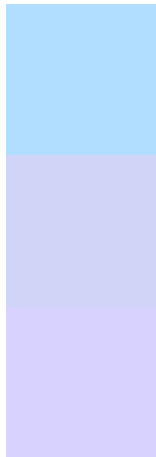


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 21.787, 251.808.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 21.787, 251.808

Protanopia

86, 18.424, 286.508

Deuteranopia

86, 23.757, 296.148

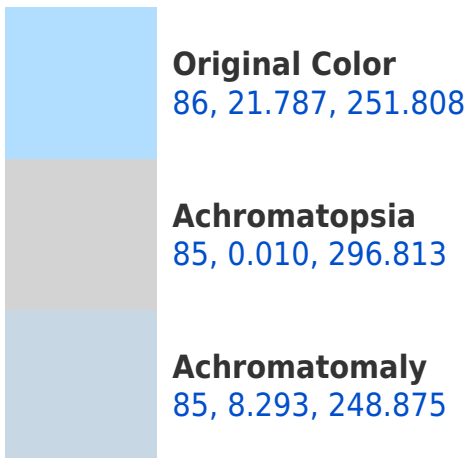


Tritanopia
86, 18.192, 229.968

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 21.787, 251.808 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 221, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 221, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 221, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 221, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 21.787, 251.808 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

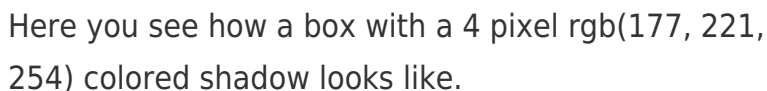
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 221, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 221, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 221, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 221, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 221, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 221,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 21.787, 251.808 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 221, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
221, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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