

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 21.799, 70.745)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(86, 21.799, 70.745) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(86, 21.528, 70.423)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3D1B1
RGB	243, 209, 177
RGB Percent	95%, 82%, 69%
CMY	0.0462, 0.1795, 0.3050
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.27, 0.05
HSL	29°, 74%, 82%
HSV	29°, 27%, 95%
XYZ	67.8528, 67.9871, 51.2530
YIQ	215.5180, 30.5360, -2.7440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

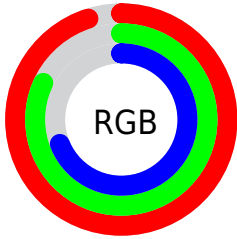
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 239, 177
Decimal	15978929
CIE Lab	86.00, 7.21, 20.28
CIE LCh	86, 21.528, 70.423
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3627, 0.3634
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294169009 (0xFFFF3D1B1)
YUV	215.5180, -18.9894, 24.1017
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 2.5952, 20.8638

# Details

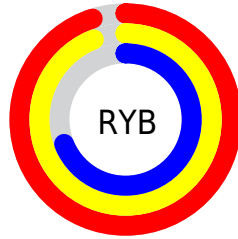
The CIELCh color **86, 21.528, 70.423** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **83, 19.834, 257.918**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 11.136, 109.335**, and **66, 21.708, 71.307** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 30.217, 69.196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.257, 71.653**.

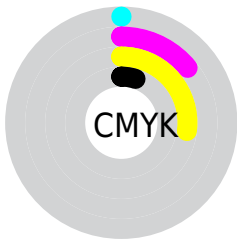
# Distribution



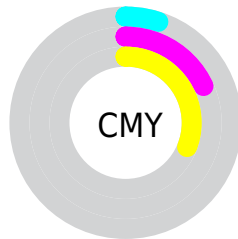
- Red (95%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 21.528, 70.423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 21.528, 70.423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86, 21.528, 70.423

 86, 21.528, 70.423

 100, 21.528,  
70.423

 76, 21.528, 70.423

 66, 21.528, 70.423

 56, 21.528, 70.423

 46, 21.528, 70.423

 36, 21.528, 70.423

 26, 21.528, 70.423

 16, 21.528, 70.423

 6, 21.528, 70.423

 0, 21.528, 70.423

86, 21.528, 70.423

86, 21.528, 70.423

82, 30.217, 69.196

90, 13.257, 71.653

79, 39.312, 67.955

93, 5.386, 72.826

76, 48.743, 66.697

97, 2.118, 254.316

73, 58.316, 65.383

99, 4.063, 199.311

70, 67.603, 63.908

67, 75.779, 62.049

64, 81.666, 59.446

63, 83.104, 58.660

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 21.528, 70.423



83, 19.834, 257.918

# Rectangle

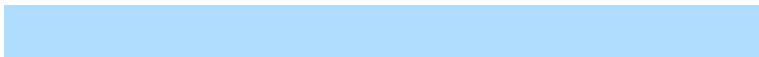
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 21.528, 70.423



86, 21.528, 120.423



86, 21.528, 250.423



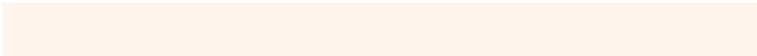
86, 21.528, 300.423

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 21.528, 70.431



97, 6.284, 72.728



79, 30.104, 345.219



51, 4.483, 72.557



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 21.528, 70.431



88, 27.611, 69.698



94, 32.965, 106.826



49, 4.335, 72.561



49, 67.731, 59.344



14, 24.643, 59.894



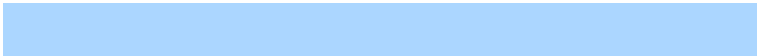


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 19.834, 257.918



84, 24.926, 259.116



75, 35.120, 292.836



49, 4.229, 255.055



41, 55.332, 282.572



11, 21.582, 275.153



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 21.528, 70.423 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 21.528, 70.423 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 86, 21.528, 70.423

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 21.528, 70.423.

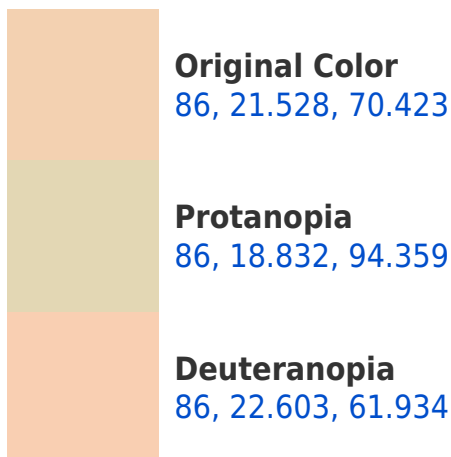


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 21.528, 70.423.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

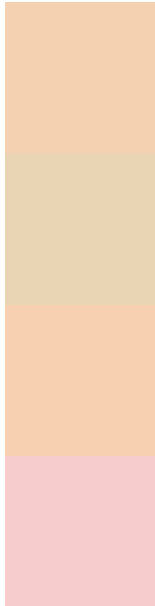




**Tritanopia**  
86, 18.474, 354.007



# Trichromacy



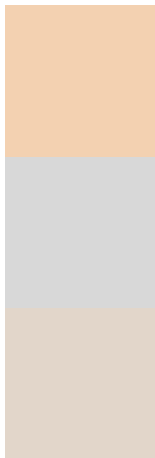
**Original Color**  
86, 21.528, 70.423

**Protanomaly**  
86, 19.408, 85.035

**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 22.084, 64.911

**Tritanomaly**  
86, 15.430, 22.464

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 21.528, 70.423

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 7.683, 74.070

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 21.528, 70.423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 209, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 209, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 209, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 209, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 21.528, 70.423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 209, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 209, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 209, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 209, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 209, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 209,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 21.528, 70.423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 209, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
209, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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