

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 26.250, 233.031)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 26.250, 233.031)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 26.247, 232.489)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98E2FE
RGB	152, 226, 254
RGB Percent	60%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.4052, 0.1150, 0.0053
CMYK	0.40, 0.11, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	196°, 97%, 79%
HSV	196°, 40%, 99%
XYZ	57.8257, 67.9871, 103.5535
YIQ	207.0660, -53.0920, -6.9800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

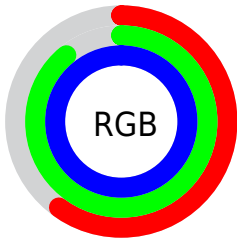
Format	Color
RYB	152, 195, 254
Decimal	10019582
CIELab	86.00, -15.98, -20.82
CIELCh	86, 26.247, 232.489
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2521, 0.2964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288209662 (0xFF98E2FE)
YUV	207.0660, 23.1385, -48.2929
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -19.1119, -16.7437

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 26.247, 232.489** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **79, 34.373, 46.722**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.999, 198.507**, and **66, 26.236, 231.483** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 31.432, 234.318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 20.433, 231.061**.

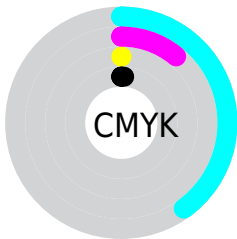
Distribution



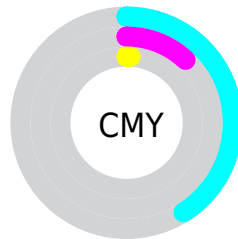
- Red (60%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 26.247, 232.489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 26.247, 232.489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 26.247,
232.489

 86, 26.247,
232.489

 100, 26.247,
232.489


 76, 26.247,
232.489

 66, 26.247,
232.489

 56, 26.247,
232.489

 46, 26.247,
232.489

 36, 26.247,
232.489

 26, 26.247,
232.489

 16, 26.247,

232.489

■ 6, 26.247, 232.489

■ 0, 26.247, 232.489

■ 86, 26.247,
232.489

■ 86, 26.247,
232.489

■ 83, 31.432,
234.318

■ 89, 20.433,
231.061

■ 80, 35.918,
236.647

■ 92, 14.085,
229.965

■ 77, 39.671,
239.570

■ 96, 7.295, 229.150

■ 75, 42.727,
243.169

■ 99, 0.156, 232.375

■ 100, 0.669,
110.012

■ 73, 45.204,

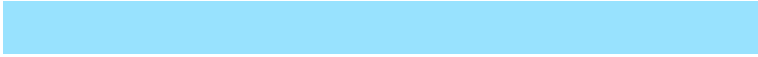
247.480

■ 70, 47.319,
252.254

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



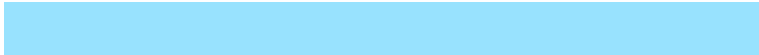
86, 26.247, 232.489



79, 34.373, 46.722

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 26.247, 232.489



86, 26.247, 282.489



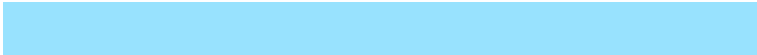
86, 26.247, 52.489



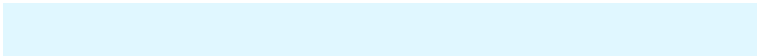
86, 26.247, 102.489

Sweetspot

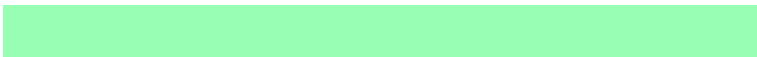
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 26.246, 232.486



96, 8.577, 229.275



92, 52.493, 149.473



51, 5.671, 229.373



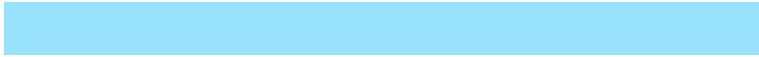
0, 0.000, 0.000



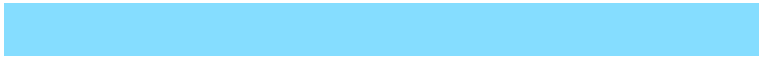
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 26.246, 232.486



84, 30.473, 233.877



73, 42.769, 284.762



51, 4.087, 229.104



54, 38.016, 251.329



17, 16.810, 244.584

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 52.620, 336.219



72, 62.328, 336.887



92, 41.107, 93.374



50, 7.475, 333.881



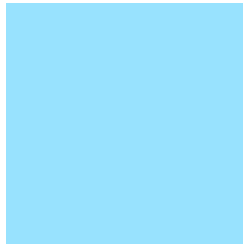
43, 75.570, 343.088



11, 35.568, 340.827

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 26.247, 232.489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

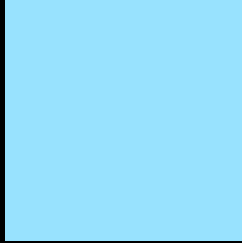
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 26.247, 232.489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 26.247, 232.489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 26.247, 232.489.

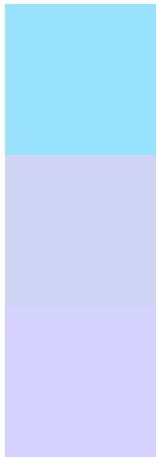


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 26.247, 232.489.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
86, 26.247, 232.489

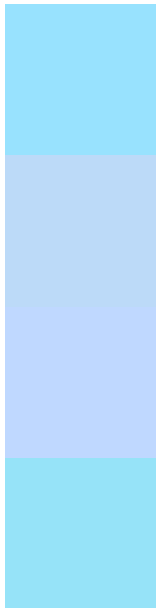
Protanopia
86, 16.836, 286.994

Deuteranopia
86, 23.732, 295.348



Tritanopia
86, 25.420, 219.955

Trichromacy



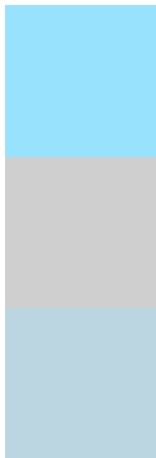
Original Color
86, 26.247, 232.489

Protanomaly
86, 18.255, 259.068

Deuteranomaly
86, 21.755, 270.134

Tritanomaly
86, 25.589, 223.732

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 26.247, 232.489

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
84, 10.520, 229.077

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 26.247, 232.489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 226, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 226, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 226, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 226, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 26.247, 232.489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 226, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 226, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 226, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 226, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 226, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 226,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 26.247, 232.489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 226, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
226, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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