

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 27.003, 173.410)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 27.003, 173.410)
contains.

CIELCh(86, 27.003, 173.410)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(86, 27.003, 173.410)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DE5D0
RGB	157, 229, 208
RGB Percent	62%, 90%, 82%
CMY	0.3831, 0.1007, 0.1831
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.09, 0.10
HSL	162°, 58%, 76%
HSV	162°, 31%, 90%
XYZ	53.4988, 67.9871, 70.1816
YIQ	205.0780, -36.1710, -21.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

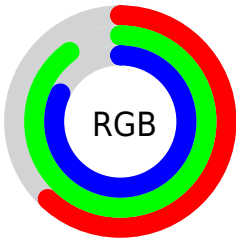
Format	Color
RYB	157, 199, 229
Decimal	10347984
CIELab	86.00, -26.82, 3.10
CIElCh	86, 27.003, 173.410
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2791, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288538064 (0xFF9DE5D0)
YUV	205.0780, 1.4405, -42.1644
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -28.4789, 7.2529

Details

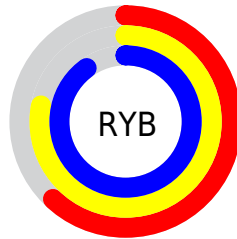
The CIELCh color **86, 27.003, 173.410** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **72, 29.741, 0.082**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.050, 198.569**, and **66, 26.758, 173.901** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 34.818, 172.222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 18.708, 174.499**.

Distribution



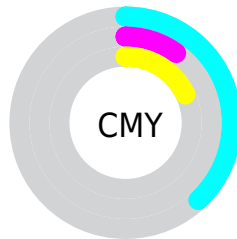
- Red (62%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 27.003, 173.410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 27.003, 173.410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 27.003,
173.410


 86, 27.003,
173.410


 100, 27.003,
173.410


 76, 27.003,
173.410

 66, 27.003,
173.410

 56, 27.003,
173.410

 46, 27.003,
173.410

 36, 27.003,
173.410

 26, 27.003,
173.410

 16, 27.003,

173.410

■ 6, 27.003, 173.410

■ 0, 27.003, 173.410

■ 86, 27.003,
173.410

■ 86, 27.003,
173.410

■ 85, 34.818,
172.222

■ 87, 18.708,
174.499

■ 84, 41.998,
170.917

■ 89, 10.077,
175.524

■ 83, 48.407,
169.469

■ 91, 1.242, 176.834

■ 82, 53.937,
167.851

■ 93, 7.684, 357.214

■ 82, 58.536,

■ 93, 11.196,
345.303

166.043

94, 13.431,
333.150

81, 62.231,
164.033

94, 16.042,
324.979

81, 64.849,
162.190

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 27.003, 173.410



72, 29.741, 0.082

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 27.003, 173.410



86, 27.003, 223.410



86, 27.003, 353.410



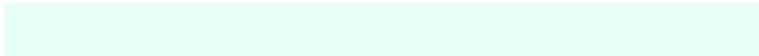
86, 27.003, 43.410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 27.004, 173.408



98, 8.685, 175.763



86, 41.854, 134.216



52, 6.029, 175.614



0, 0.000, 0.000



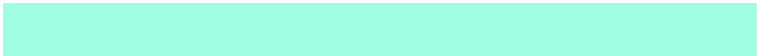
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 27.004, 173.408



94, 35.101, 172.611



83, 19.844, 220.985



47, 5.031, 175.722



65, 53.442, 162.575



18, 21.180, 166.420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 29.741, 0.082



76, 39.525, 1.140



75, 24.723, 39.242



45, 5.174, 357.377



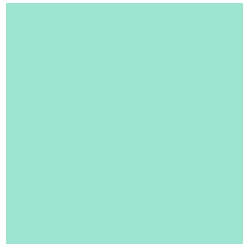
37, 67.307, 21.695



7, 26.652, 8.956

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 27.003, 173.410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

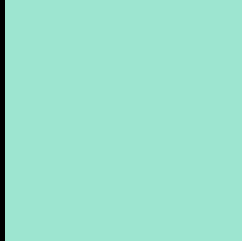
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 27.003, 173.410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

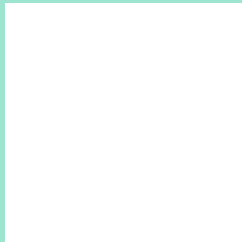
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 27.003, 173.410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 27.003, 173.410.

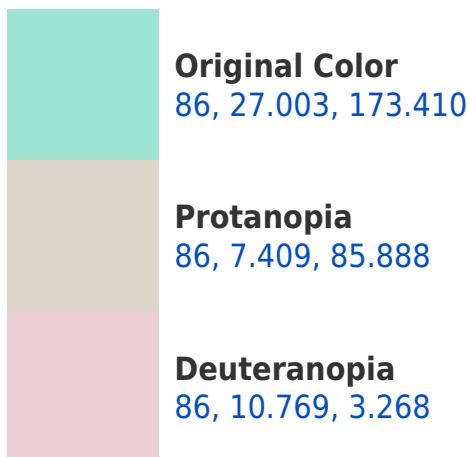



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 27.003, 173.410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



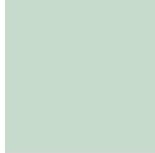


Tritanopia
86, 20.725, 225.613

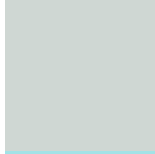
Trichromacy



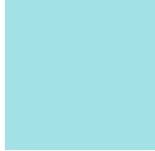
Original Color
86, 27.003, 173.410



Protanomaly
85, 11.393, 151.283



Deuteranomaly
85, 3.583, 163.467

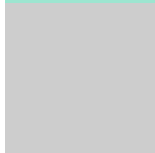


Tritanomaly
86, 20.896, 203.845

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 27.003, 173.410



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 10.244, 174.348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 27.003, 173.410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 229, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 229, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 229, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 229, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 27.003, 173.410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 229, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 229, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 229, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 229, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 229, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 229,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 27.003, 173.410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 229, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
229, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor