

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 3.498, 290.777)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 3.498, 290.777) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 3.154, 290.464)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D7DD
RGB	215, 215, 221
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 87%
CMY	0.1584, 0.1584, 0.1349
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	240°, 8%, 85%
HSV	240°, 3%, 87%
XYZ	65.1071, 67.9871, 77.8210
YIQ	215.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

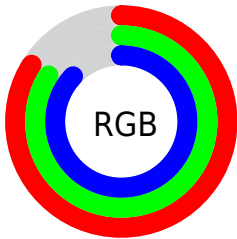
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 215, 221
Decimal	14145501
CIE Lab	86.00, 1.10, -2.95
CIE LCh	86, 3.154, 290.464
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3087, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335581 (0xFFD7D7DD)
YUV	215.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -3.3487, 1.7597

Details

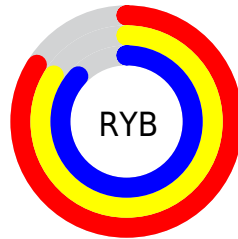
The CIELCh color `86, 3.154, 290.464` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `88, 3.114, 109.872`, and the grayscale version is `86, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `66, 3.330, 290.542` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `79, 15.008, 291.508`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `93, 8.242, 109.491`.

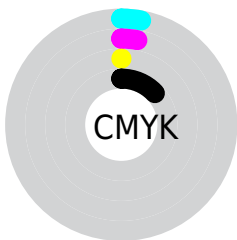
Distribution



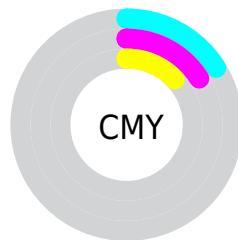
- Red (84%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 3.154, 290.464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 3.154, 290.464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 3.154, 290.464

■ 86, 3.154, 290.464

100, 3.154,
290.464

■ 76, 3.154, 290.464

■ 66, 3.154, 290.464

■ 56, 3.154, 290.464

■ 46, 3.154, 290.464

■ 36, 3.154, 290.464

■ 26, 3.154, 290.464

■ 16, 3.154, 290.464

■ 6, 3.154, 290.464

■ 0, 3.154, 290.464

86, 3.154, 290.464

86, 3.154, 290.464

79, 15.008,
291.508

93, 8.242, 109.491

71, 27.364,
292.787

99, 17.395,
108.862

64, 40.257,
294.294

57, 53.706,
296.050

50, 67.664,
298.050

43, 81.903,
300.235

37, 95.781,
302.444

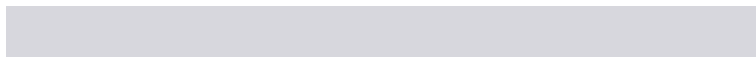
32, 107.940,
304.393

■ 29,116.390,
305.731

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



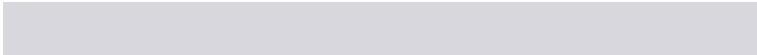
86, 3.154, 290.464



88, 3.114, 109.872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 3.154, 290.464



86, 3.154, 340.464



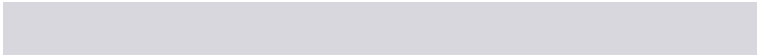
86, 3.154, 110.464



86, 3.154, 160.464

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 3.152, 290.441



99, 1.307, 290.310



88, 2.138, 198.132



53, 0.743, 290.308



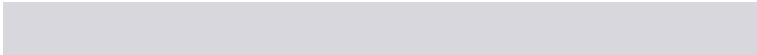
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 3.152, 290.441



98, 3.913, 290.469



86, 3.333, 308.568



45, 2.623, 290.541



20, 100.187, 306.279



2, 29.589, 294.903

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 2.175, 19.246



98, 2.702, 19.292



88, 3.301, 128.402



45, 1.815, 19.387



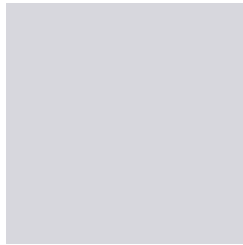
36, 78.208, 39.904



5, 23.839, 20.242

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 3.154, 290.464 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

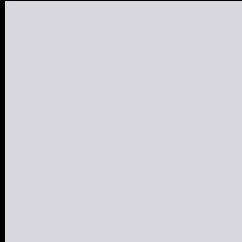
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 3.154, 290.464 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

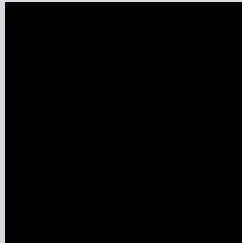
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

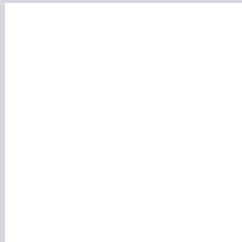
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 3.154, 290.464

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 3.154, 290.464.

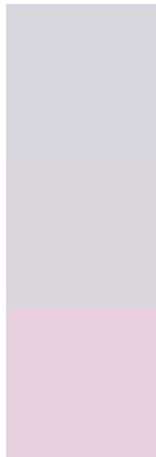


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 3.154, 290.464.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 3.154, 290.464

Protanopia

86, 3.348, 309.149

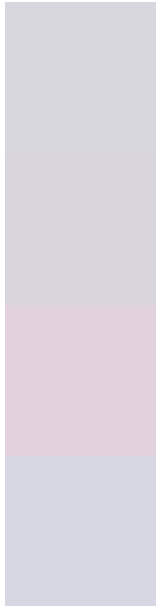
Deuteranopia

86, 11.677, 341.372



Tritanopia
86, 9.011, 297.629

Trichromacy



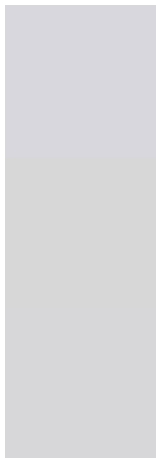
Original Color
86, 3.154, 290.464

Protanomaly
86, 3.246, 303.175

Deuteranomaly
86, 8.198, 335.238

Tritanomaly
86, 6.843, 293.709

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 3.154, 290.464

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 1.058, 290.331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 3.154, 290.464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 215, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 215, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 215, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 215, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 3.154, 290.464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 215, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 215, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 215, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 215, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 215, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 215,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 3.154, 290.464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 215, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
215, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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