

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 32.792, 96.108)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 32.792, 96.108) contains.

CIELCh(86, 32.819, 96.091)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(86, 32.819, 96.091)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7D799
RGB	231, 215, 153
RGB Percent	91%, 84%, 60%
CMY	0.0936, 0.1563, 0.3995
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.34, 0.09
HSL	48°, 62%, 75%
HSV	48°, 34%, 91%
XYZ	63.0963, 67.9871, 39.9905
YIQ	212.7160, 29.4380, -15.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

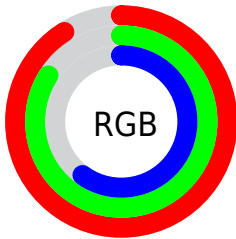
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 231, 153
Decimal	15194009
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, -3.48, 32.63
CIE _{LCh}	86, 32.819, 96.091
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3688, 0.3974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293384089 (0xFFE7D799)
YUV	212.7160, -29.4400, 16.0351
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -7.7018, 28.9622

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 32.819, 96.091** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **70, 34.138, 285.072**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 23.732, 108.378**, and **66, 32.751, 96.034** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 42.488, 94.853**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 23.058, 97.315**.

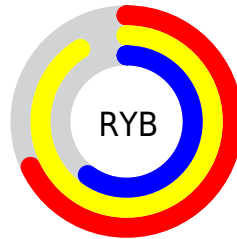
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (84%)

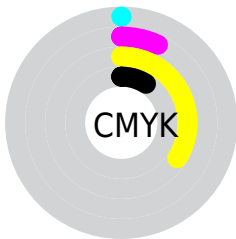
Blue (60%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (60%)

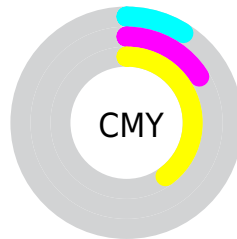


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 32.819, 96.091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 32.819, 96.091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 32.819, 96.091

 86, 32.819, 96.091

 100, 32.819,
96.091

 76, 32.819, 96.091

 66, 32.819, 96.091

 56, 32.819, 96.091

 46, 32.819, 96.091

 36, 32.819, 96.091

 26, 32.819, 96.091

 16, 32.819, 96.091

 6, 32.819, 96.091

 0, 32.819, 96.091

86, 32.819, 96.091

86, 32.819, 96.091

84, 42.488, 94.853

88, 23.058, 97.315

83, 51.886, 93.594

89, 13.301, 98.502

82, 60.710, 92.318

91, 3.604, 99.623

80, 68.473, 91.015

93, 6.006, 280.818

79, 74.480, 89.654

94, 8.671, 273.211

78, 77.994, 88.171

95, 7.163, 254.315

77, 79.055, 87.172

97, 6.723, 229.770

98, 7.525, 206.581

98, 8.141, 198.972

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 32.819, 96.091



70, 34.138, 285.072

Rectangle

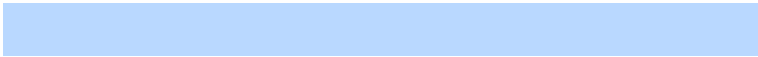
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 32.819, 96.091



86, 32.819, 146.091



86, 32.819, 276.091



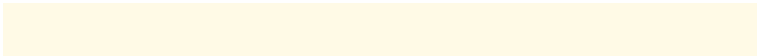
86, 32.819, 326.091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 32.820, 96.096



98, 10.457, 98.929



71, 31.613, 5.937



52, 7.140, 98.766



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 32.820, 96.096



93, 42.106, 95.295



88, 40.781, 119.154



47, 5.451, 98.998



61, 65.253, 87.474



17, 24.325, 90.200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 34.138, 285.072



72, 44.268, 286.361



68, 43.775, 303.618



45, 5.512, 281.254



25, 88.863, 302.205



4, 28.938, 292.299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 32.819, 96.091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 32.819, 96.091 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

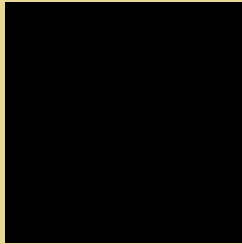
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 32.819, 96.091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 32.819, 96.091.

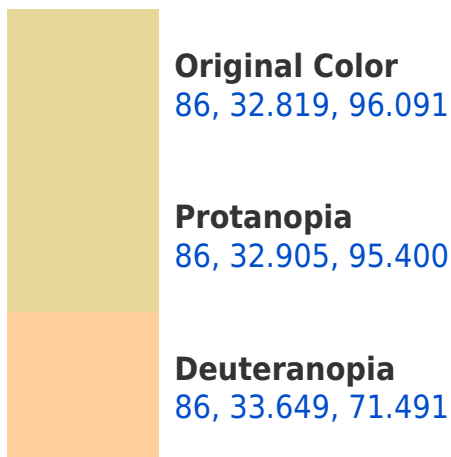



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 32.819, 96.091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

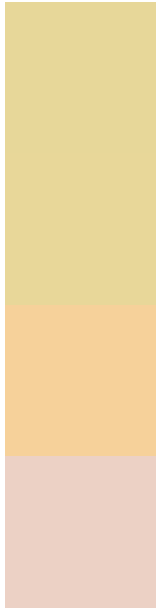
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 14.635, 345.648

Trichromacy



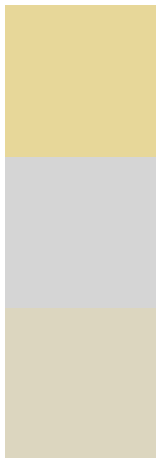
Original Color
86, 32.819, 96.091

Protanomaly
86, 32.905, 95.400

Deuteranomaly
86, 32.585, 80.233

Tritanomaly
86, 12.013, 51.360

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 32.819, 96.091

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 12.225, 98.460

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 32.819, 96.091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 215, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 215, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 215, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 215, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 32.819, 96.091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 215, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 215, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 215, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 215, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 215, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 215,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 32.819, 96.091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 215, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
215, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor