

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 33.963, 327.551)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 33.963, 327.551)
contains.

CIELCh(86, 34.118, 327.668)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(86, 34.118, 327.668)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEC5FA
RGB	254, 197, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 77%, 98%
CMY	0.0034, 0.2270, 0.0191
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	304°, 97%, 88%
HSV	304°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	78.1829, 67.9871, 99.5425
YIQ	220.0850, 16.9590, 28.5670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

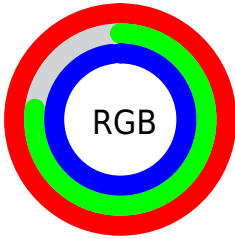
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 197, 250
Decimal	16696826
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, 28.83, -18.25
CIE _{LCh}	86, 34.118, 327.668
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3182, 0.2767
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294886906 (0xFFFE _{C5FA})
YUV	220.0850, 14.7481, 29.7435
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 24.9581, -13.8595

Details

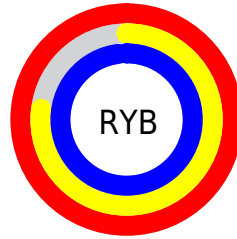
The CIELCh color **86, 34.118, 327.668** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **95, 34.077, 144.870**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.630, 323.973**, and **66, 33.798, 328.051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 49.180, 328.246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 18.854, 327.082**.

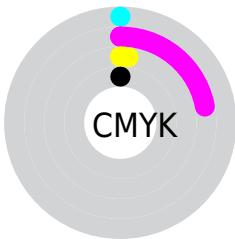
Distribution



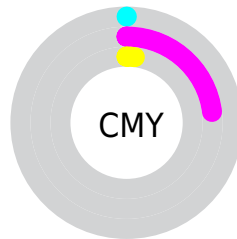
- Red (100%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 34.118, 327.668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 34.118, 327.668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 34.118,
327.668

 86, 34.118,
327.668

 100, 34.118,
327.668

 76, 34.118,
327.668

 66, 34.118,
327.668

 56, 34.118,
327.668

 46, 34.118,
327.668

 36, 34.118,
327.668

 26, 34.118,
327.668

 16, 34.118,

327.668

■ 6, 34.118, 327.668

■ 0, 34.118, 327.668

■ 86, 34.118,
327.668

■ 86, 34.118,
327.668

■ 80, 49.180,
328.246

■ 92, 18.854,
327.082

■ 75, 63.657,
328.806

■ 98, 3.668, 326.437

■ 70, 77.033,
329.339

100, 0.305,
201.559

■ 66, 88.697,
329.832

■ 63, 98.020,

330.281

■ 61, 104.508,
330.682

■ 60, 107.983,
331.044

■ 59, 108.972,
331.302

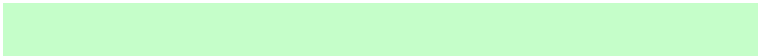
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 34.118, 327.668



95, 34.077, 144.870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 34.118, 327.668



86, 34.118, 17.668



86, 34.118, 147.668



86, 34.118, 197.668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 34.115, 327.668



96, 10.613, 326.756



82, 30.355, 295.112



51, 6.899, 326.793



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 34.115, 327.668



84, 41.158, 327.934



85, 24.442, 349.558



50, 8.633, 326.908



45, 88.084, 331.246



12, 40.793, 330.858

Inverse Universe

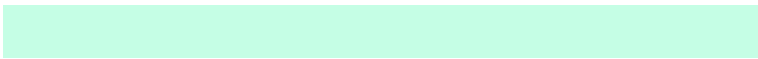
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 34.115, 327.668



84, 41.158, 327.934



95, 23.518, 165.316



50, 8.633, 326.908



45, 88.084, 331.246



12, 40.793, 330.858

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 34.118, 327.668 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

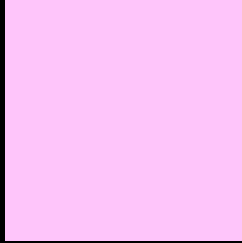
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 34.118, 327.668 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

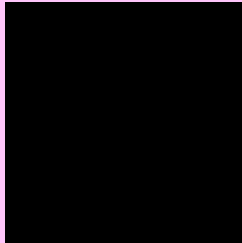
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 34.118, 327.668

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 34.118, 327.668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 34.118, 327.668.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 34.118, 327.668

Protanopia

86, 21.613, 284.975

Deuteranopia

86, 20.385, 302.378

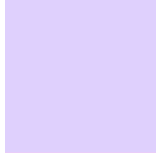


Tritanopia
86, 19.139, 355.091

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 34.118, 327.668



Protanomaly
86, 24.288, 304.111



Deuteranomaly
86, 25.155, 314.435

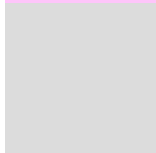


Tritanomaly
86, 23.525, 341.185

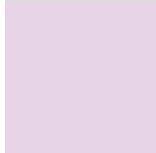
Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 34.118, 327.668



Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 12.287, 326.269

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 34.118, 327.668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 197, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 197, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 197, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 197, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 34.118, 327.668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 197, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 197, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 197, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 197, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 197, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 197,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 34.118, 327.668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 197, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
197, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor