

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 34.048, 207.142)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 34.048, 207.142)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 34.048, 207.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72E8F3
RGB	114, 232, 243
RGB Percent	45%, 91%, 95%
CMY	0.5515, 0.0889, 0.0458
CMYK	0.53, 0.05, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	185°, 85%, 70%
HSV	185°, 53%, 95%
XYZ	52.1595, 67.9871, 95.4244
YIQ	197.9720, -73.8590, -21.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

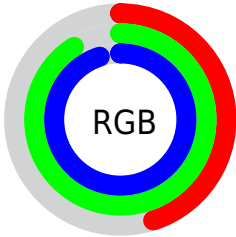
Format	Color
RYB	114, 176, 243
Decimal	7530739
CIELab	86.00, -30.30, -15.53
CIELCh	86, 34.048, 207.142
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2420, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285720819 (0xFF72E8F3)
YUV	197.9720, 22.1988, -73.6434
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -31.3782, -10.8984

Details

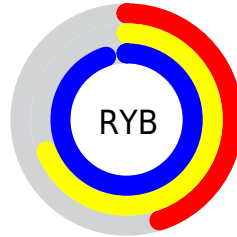
The CIELCh color **86, 34.048, 207.142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **66, 51.650, 31.288**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 25.386, 197.852**, and **66, 33.997, 207.276** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 37.919, 207.616**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 29.202, 206.860**.

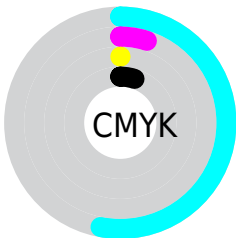
Distribution



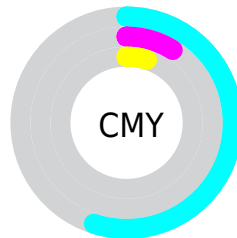
- Red (45%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 34.048, 207.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 34.048, 207.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 34.048,
207.142


 86, 34.048,
207.142


 100, 34.048,
207.142


 76, 34.048,
207.142

 66, 34.048,
207.142

 56, 34.048,
207.142

 46, 34.048,
207.142

 36, 34.048,
207.142

 26, 34.048,
207.142

 16, 34.048,

207.142

■ 6, 34.048, 207.142

■ 0, 34.048, 207.142

■ 86, 34.048,
207.142

■ 86, 34.048,
207.142

■ 85, 37.919,
207.616

■ 87, 29.202,
206.860

■ 84, 40.754,
208.321

■ 89, 23.484,
206.745

■ 83, 42.552,
209.287

■ 91, 17.016,
206.769

■ 82, 43.387,
210.539

■ 93, 9.930, 206.919

■ 81, 43.550,

■ 95, 2.353, 207.337

211.565

97, 3.700, 30.994

98, 3.389, 51.334

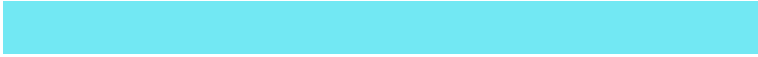
98, 3.552, 72.530

99, 4.130, 89.752

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 34.048, 207.142



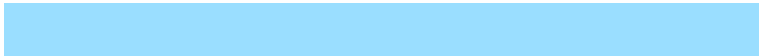
66, 51.650, 31.288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 34.048, 207.142



86, 34.048, 257.142



86, 34.048, 27.142



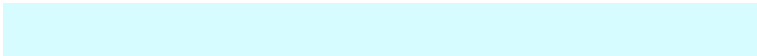
86, 34.048, 77.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 34.048, 207.140



96, 12.579, 206.860



87, 75.085, 142.129



51, 8.438, 206.826



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 34.048, 207.140



88, 39.684, 207.686



68, 43.103, 274.351



50, 4.404, 207.007



64, 35.665, 211.286



20, 16.028, 209.114

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 74.334, 329.863



66, 89.663, 330.438



80, 46.339, 76.677



48, 8.262, 327.353



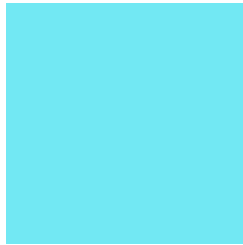
43, 85.321, 331.949



10, 38.272, 331.417

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 34.048, 207.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

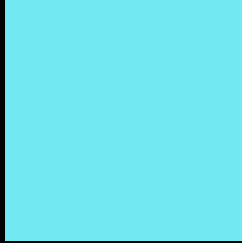
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 34.048, 207.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 34.048, 207.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 34.048, 207.142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 34.048, 207.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



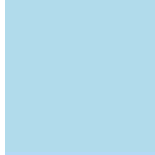


Tritanopia
86, 33.389, 214.995

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 34.048, 207.142



Protanomaly
85, 15.967, 230.600



Deuteranomaly
85, 19.042, 252.482

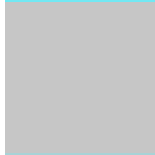


Tritanomaly
86, 33.495, 213.009

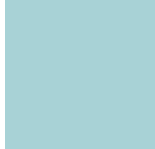
Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 34.048, 207.142



Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 14.389, 206.966

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 34.048, 207.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 232, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 232, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 232, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 232, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 34.048, 207.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 232, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 232, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 232, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 232, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 232, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 232,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 34.048, 207.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 232, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
232, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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