

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 36.509, 217.298)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 36.509, 217.298)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 36.499, 216.836)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66E8FF
RGB	102, 232, 255
RGB Percent	40%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.5985, 0.0889, 0.0000
CMYK	0.60, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	189°, 100%, 70%
HSV	189°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	52.5759, 67.9871, 105.2401
YIQ	195.7520, -84.8630, -20.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

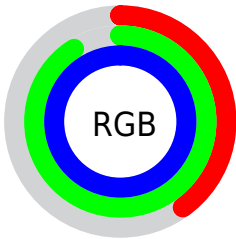
Format	Color
RYB	102, 172, 255
Decimal	6744319
CIELab	86.00, -29.21, -21.88
CIELCh	86, 36.499, 216.836
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2328, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284934399 (0xFF66E8FF)
YUV	195.7520, 29.2093, -82.2205
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -30.4767, -17.9565

Details

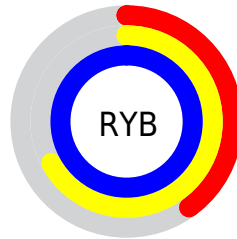
The CIELCh color **86, 36.499, 216.836** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **67, 59.434, 36.725**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 28.089, 197.686**, and **66, 36.477, 216.633** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 39.670, 217.956**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 32.291, 215.499**.

Distribution



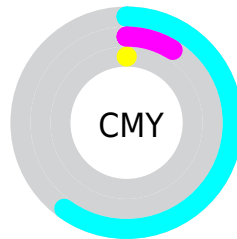
- Red (40%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 36.499, 216.836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 36.499, 216.836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 36.499,
216.836


 86, 36.499,
216.836


 100, 36.499,
216.836


 76, 36.499,
216.836

 66, 36.499,
216.836

 56, 36.499,
216.836

 46, 36.499,
216.836

 36, 36.499,
216.836

 26, 36.499,
216.836

 16, 36.499,

216.836

■ 6, 36.499, 216.836

■ 0, 36.499, 216.836

■ 86, 36.499,
216.836

■ 86, 36.499,
216.836

■ 84, 39.670,
217.956

■ 88, 32.291,
215.499

■ 83, 41.849,
219.795

■ 90, 27.183,
214.752

■ 81, 43.077,
222.125

■ 92, 21.263,
214.248

■ 80, 43.571,
224.936

■ 95, 14.657,
213.944

■ 80, 43.577,

■ 97, 7.490, 213.822

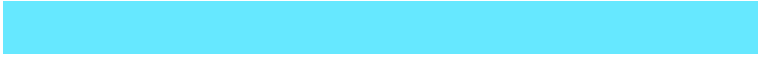
224.981

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 36.499, 216.836



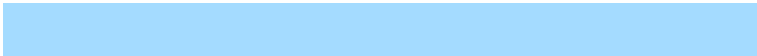
67, 59.434, 36.725

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 36.499, 216.836



86, 36.499, 266.836



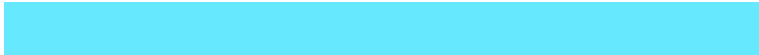
86, 36.499, 36.836



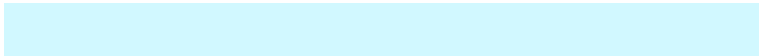
86, 36.499, 86.836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 36.478, 216.547



95, 13.372, 213.908



90, 83.840, 142.627



50, 9.205, 213.968



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 36.478, 216.547



84, 40.225, 218.314



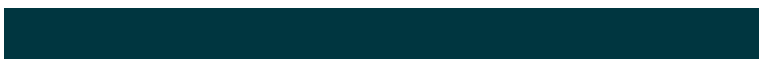
65, 54.509, 280.722



52, 4.329, 213.822



62, 35.114, 224.422



20, 16.240, 220.597

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 81.706, 332.557



63, 92.846, 333.347



83, 55.954, 80.111



50, 8.175, 329.342



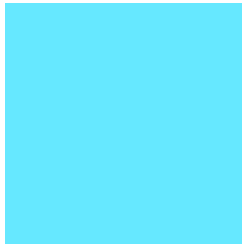
44, 82.853, 335.203



12, 38.647, 334.241

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 36.499, 216.836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

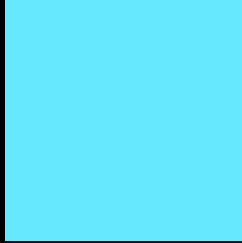
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 36.499, 216.836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

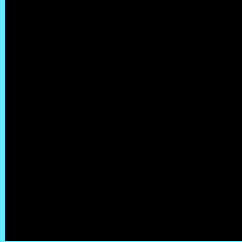
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 36.499, 216.836

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 36.499, 216.836.

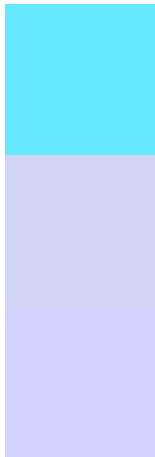


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 36.499, 216.836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

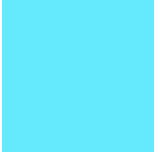
86, 36.499, 216.836

Protanopia

86, 15.786, 287.812

Deuteranopia

86, 23.685, 292.950

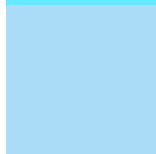


Tritanopia
86, 36.679, 213.175

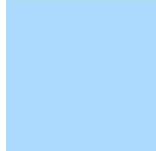
Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 36.499, 216.836



Protanomaly
85, 20.998, 243.493



Deuteranomaly
85, 23.719, 254.386

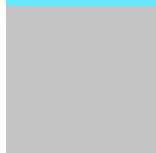


Tritanomaly
86, 36.545, 214.124

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 36.499, 216.836



Achromatopsia
79, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 16.161, 213.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 36.499, 216.836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 232, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 232, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 232, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 232, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 36.499, 216.836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 232, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 232, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 232, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 232, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 232, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 232,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 36.499, 216.836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 232, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
232, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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