

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 4.087, 241.179)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 4.087, 241.179) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 4.193, 248.146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0D8DE
RGB	208, 216, 222
RGB Percent	82%, 85%, 87%
CMY	0.1833, 0.1519, 0.1283
CMYK	0.06, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	206°, 18%, 84%
HSV	206°, 6%, 87%
XYZ	63.9339, 67.9871, 79.0504
YIQ	214.2920, -6.6940, 0.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

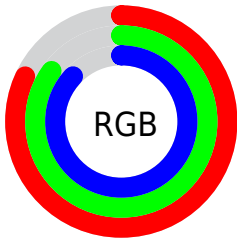
Format	Color
R_{YB}	208, 213, 222
Decimal	13687006
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, -1.56, -3.89
CIE _{LCh}	86, 4.193, 248.146
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3030, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291877086 (0xFFD0D8DE)
YUV	214.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -5.8886, 0.8756

Details

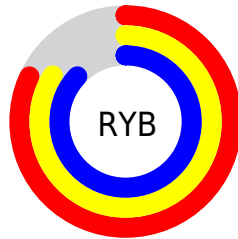
The CIELCh color $86, 4.193, 248.146$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $86, 4.277, 66.490$, and the grayscale version is $86, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $66, 4.181, 252.163$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82, 10.720, 249.392$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90, 2.474, 66.705$.

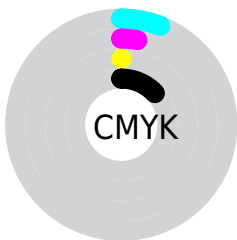
Distribution



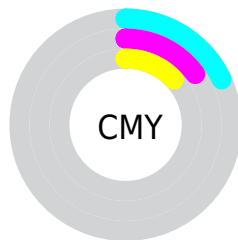
- Red (82%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 4.193, 248.146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 4.193, 248.146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 4.193, 248.146

■ 86, 4.193, 248.146

■ 100, 4.193,
248.146

■ 76, 4.193, 248.146

■ 66, 4.193, 248.146

■ 56, 4.193, 248.146

■ 46, 4.193, 248.146

■ 36, 4.193, 248.146

■ 26, 4.193, 248.146

■ 16, 4.193, 248.146

■ 6, 4.193, 248.146

■ 0, 4.193, 248.146

86, 4.193, 248.146

86, 4.193, 248.146

82, 10.720,
249.392

90, 2.474, 66.705

78, 17.067,
250.996

94, 9.238, 65.904

74, 23.190,
252.948

97, 12.075, 91.283

99, 16.237,
108.116

70, 29.050,
255.316

99, 16.554,
108.926

67, 34.625,
258.171

63, 39.925,
261.573

60, 45.002,
265.549

56, 49.962,
270.057

■ 53, 54.953,
274.949

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 4.193, 248.146



86, 4.277, 66.490

Rectangle

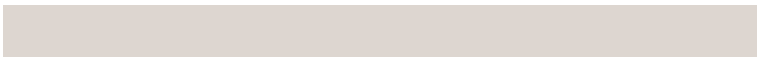
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 4.193, 248.146



86, 4.193, 298.146



86, 4.193, 68.146



86, 4.193, 118.146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 4.192, 248.117



99, 1.499, 247.844



87, 6.629, 158.997



53, 0.853, 247.850



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 4.192, 248.117



96, 5.939, 248.312



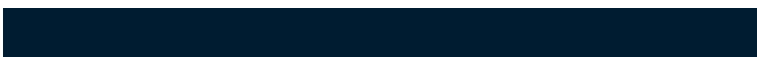
84, 6.776, 287.286



45, 3.794, 248.477



42, 47.107, 275.892



9, 16.848, 266.029

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 6.622, 340.406



95, 9.417, 340.559



88, 6.683, 105.937



44, 6.034, 340.678



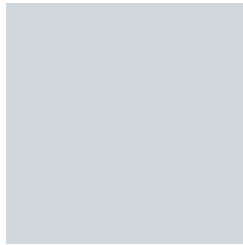
38, 65.438, 355.246



7, 27.287, 349.523

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 4.193, 248.146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

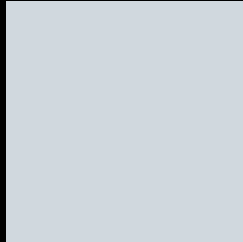
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 4.193, 248.146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

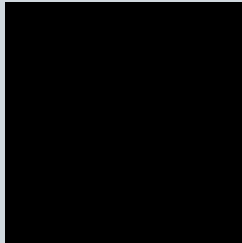
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

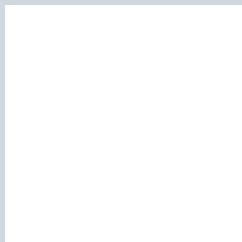
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 4.193, 248.146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 4.193, 248.146.

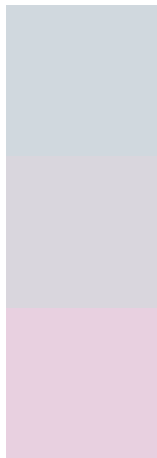


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 4.193, 248.146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 4.193, 248.146

Protanopia

86, 3.848, 306.658

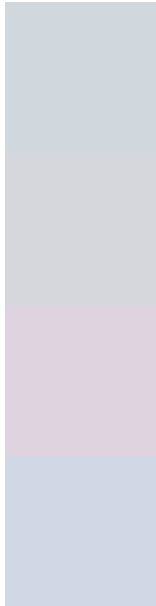
Deuteranopia

86, 12.087, 336.369



Tritanopia
86, 9.057, 279.900

Trichromacy



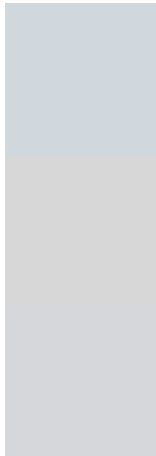
Original Color
86, 4.193, 248.146

Protanomaly
86, 3.169, 284.019

Deuteranomaly
86, 7.670, 324.700

Tritanomaly
86, 7.102, 273.610

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 4.193, 248.146

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 1.726, 265.886

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 4.193, 248.146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 216, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 216, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 216, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 216, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 4.193, 248.146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 216, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 216, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 216, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 216, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 216, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 216,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 4.193, 248.146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 216, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
216, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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