

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 4.940, 268.022)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 4.940, 268.022) contains.

CIELCh(86, 4.668, 263.626)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(86, 4.668, 263.626)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2D8E0
RGB	210, 216, 224
RGB Percent	82%, 85%, 88%
CMY	0.1776, 0.1541, 0.1227
CMYK	0.06, 0.04, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	214°, 18%, 85%
HSV	214°, 6%, 88%
XYZ	64.3915, 67.9871, 80.0406
YIQ	215.1180, -6.1440, 1.2160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

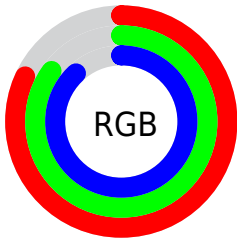
Format	Color
R _Y B	210, 214, 224
Decimal	13818080
CIE Lab	86.00, -0.52, -4.64
CIE LCh	86, 4.668, 263.626
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3031, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292008160 (0xFFD2D8E0)
YUV	215.1180, 4.3788, -4.4885
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -4.8981, 0.1636

Details

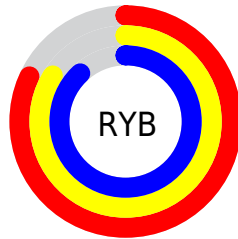
The CIELCh color `86, 4.668, 263.626` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `87, 4.693, 81.854`, and the grayscale version is `86, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `66, 4.773, 267.847` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `81, 12.130, 265.048`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `91, 2.773, 82.135`.

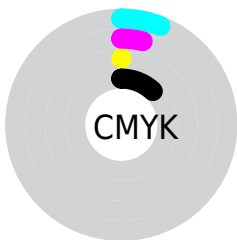
Distribution



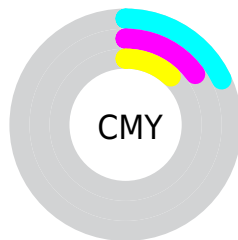
- Red (82%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 4.668, 263.626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 4.668, 263.626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 4.668, 263.626

■ 86, 4.668, 263.626

■ 100, 4.668,
263.626

■ 76, 4.668, 263.626

■ 66, 4.668, 263.626

■ 56, 4.668, 263.626

■ 46, 4.668, 263.626

■ 36, 4.668, 263.626

■ 26, 4.668, 263.626

■ 16, 4.668, 263.626

■ 6, 4.668, 263.626

■ 0, 4.668, 263.626

86, 4.668, 263.626

86, 4.668, 263.626

81, 12.130,
265.048

91, 2.773, 82.135

76, 19.602,
266.789

96, 10.174, 81.130

71, 27.073,
268.849

99, 15.360,
107.712

67, 34.541,
271.279

99, 15.830,
108.981

62, 42.020,
274.125

57, 49.549,
277.411

53, 57.188,
281.119

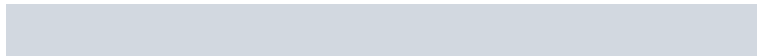
49, 65.005,
285.157

■ 45,73.032,
289.344

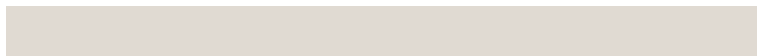
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



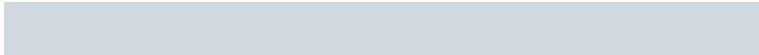
86, 4.668, 263.626



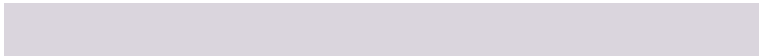
87, 4.693, 81.854

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 4.668, 263.626



86, 4.668, 313.626



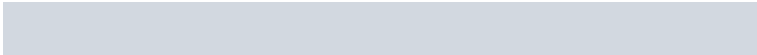
86, 4.668, 83.626



86, 4.668, 133.626

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 4.667, 263.603



99, 1.664, 263.191



88, 5.946, 166.943



53, 0.946, 263.190



0, 0.000, 0.000



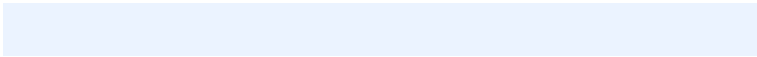
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 4.667, 263.603



96, 6.636, 263.838



85, 7.391, 293.365



45, 4.246, 264.028



34, 62.532, 290.137



7, 21.240, 280.956

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 6.002, 348.145



95, 8.557, 348.328



89, 7.274, 112.260



44, 5.487, 348.466



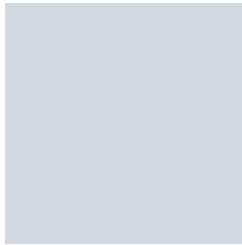
37, 63.960, 8.673



6, 25.853, 359.819

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 4.668, 263.626 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

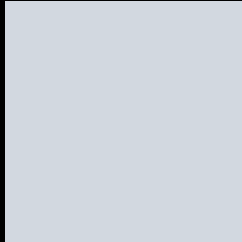
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 4.668, 263.626 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

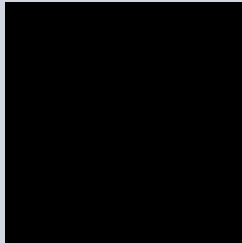
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

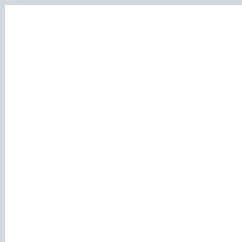
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 4.668, 263.626

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 4.668, 263.626.

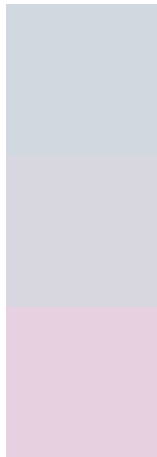


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 4.668, 263.626.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 4.668, 263.626

Protanopia

86, 4.793, 299.109

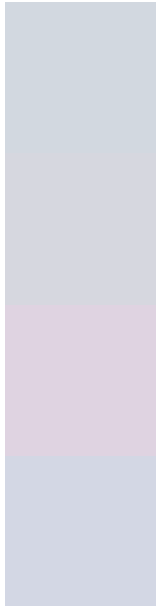
Deuteranopia

86, 11.572, 333.811



Tritanopia
86, 8.971, 284.259

Trichromacy



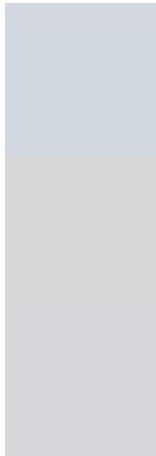
Original Color
86, 4.668, 263.626

Protanomaly
86, 4.212, 285.721

Deuteranomaly
86, 8.554, 320.752

Tritanomaly
86, 6.942, 279.132

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 4.668, 263.626

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 1.726, 265.886

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 4.668, 263.626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 216, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 216, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 216, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 216, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 4.668, 263.626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 216, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 216, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 216, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 216, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 216, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 216,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 4.668, 263.626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 216, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
216, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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