

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 40.937, 105.897)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(86, 40.937, 105.897)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(86, 40.601, 105.555)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDDB8C
RGB	221, 219, 140
RGB Percent	87%, 86%, 55%
CMY	0.1330, 0.1408, 0.4507
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.37, 0.13
HSL	59°, 54%, 71%
HSV	59°, 37%, 87%
XYZ	59.9368, 67.9871, 34.8044
YIQ	210.5920, 26.5510, -24.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

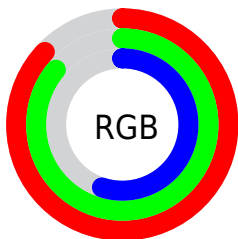
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	142, 221, 140
Decimal	14539660
CIELab	86.00, -10.89, 39.11
CIElCh	86, 40.601, 105.555
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3683, 0.4178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292729740 (0xFFDDDB8C)
YUV	210.5920, -34.8019, 9.1278
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -14.5416, 32.6914

# Details

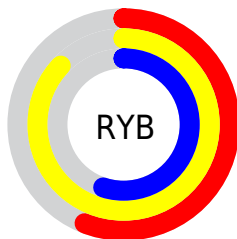
The CIELCh color **86, 40.601, 105.555** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **62, 44.366, 294.053**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 30.724, 107.841**, and **66, 40.756, 105.225** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 51.092, 104.605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 29.730, 106.543**.

# Distribution



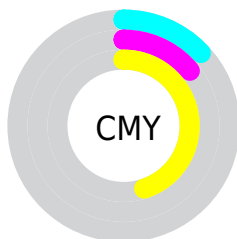
- Red (87%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 40.601, 105.555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 40.601, 105.555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 86, 40.601,  
105.555


 86, 40.601,  
105.555


 100, 40.601,  
105.555


 76, 40.601,  
105.555

 66, 40.601,  
105.555

 56, 40.601,  
105.555

 46, 40.601,  
105.555

 36, 40.601,  
105.555

 26, 40.601,  
105.555

 16, 40.601,

105.555

■ 6, 40.601, 105.555

■ 0, 40.601, 105.555

■ 86, 40.601,  
105.555

■ 86, 40.601,  
105.555

■ 86, 51.092,  
104.605

■ 87, 29.730,  
106.543

■ 85, 60.936,  
103.710

■ 87, 18.643,  
107.538

■ 85, 69.745,  
102.905

■ 88, 7.448, 108.523

■ 85, 76.997,  
102.227

■ 88, 3.786, 289.528

■ 89, 15.016,  
290.459

■ 84, 82.130,

101.708

89, 17.004,  
290.115

84, 84.822,  
101.359

90, 16.716,  
289.437

84, 85.414,  
101.263

90, 16.430,  
288.737

90, 16.146,  
288.012

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 40.601, 105.555



62, 44.366, 294.053

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 40.601, 105.555



86, 40.601, 155.555



86, 40.601, 285.555



86, 40.601, 335.555

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 40.602, 105.558



99, 13.851, 108.087



67, 33.216, 20.319



53, 9.305, 107.953



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 40.602, 105.558



97, 54.285, 104.819



84, 44.313, 126.142



46, 6.326, 108.251



68, 71.270, 101.290



18, 25.869, 102.856



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 44.366, 294.053



65, 60.804, 295.483



65, 46.897, 309.813



42, 6.461, 290.179



21, 99.052, 305.967

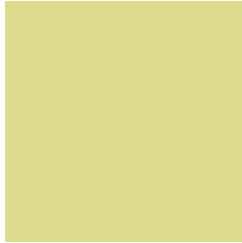


2, 29.093, 294.399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 40.601, 105.555 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

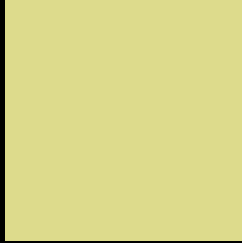
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 40.601, 105.555 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

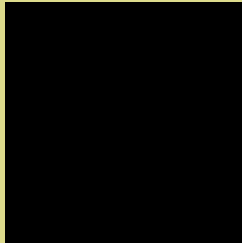
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 86, 40.601, 105.555

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 40.601, 105.555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 40.601, 105.555.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 40.601, 105.555

**Protanopia**  
86, 40.528, 95.656

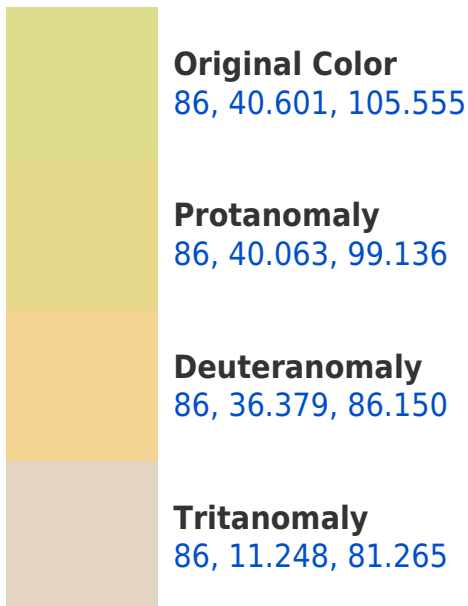
**Deuteranopia**  
86, 35.845, 73.560





**Tritanopia**  
86, 11.572, 333.811

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 40.601, 105.555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 219, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 219, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 219, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 219, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 40.601, 105.555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 219, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 219, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 219, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 219, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 219, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 219,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 40.601, 105.555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 219, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
219, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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