

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 44.523, 100.810)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 44.523, 100.810)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 44.357, 100.520)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4D983
RGB	228, 217, 131
RGB Percent	89%, 85%, 51%
CMY	0.1046, 0.1477, 0.4851
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.42, 0.10
HSL	53°, 65%, 71%
HSV	53°, 42%, 90%
XYZ	61.1141, 67.9871, 31.4821
YIQ	210.4850, 34.1620, -24.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

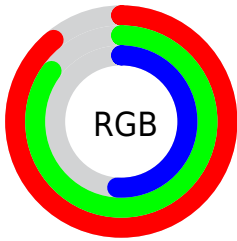
Format	Color
RYB	143, 228, 131
Decimal	14997891
CIELab	86.00, -8.10, 43.61
CIELCh	86, 44.357, 100.520
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3806, 0.4234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293187971 (0xFFE4D983)
YUV	210.4850, -39.1861, 15.3607
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -11.9930, 35.0803

Details

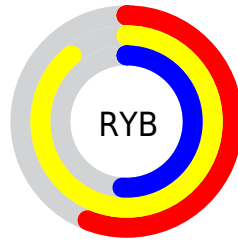
The CIELCh color **86, 44.357, 100.520** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **62, 48.297, 291.463**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 35.183, 107.497**, and **66, 43.992, 100.279** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 54.204, 99.435**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 34.115, 101.625**.

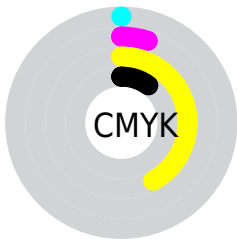
Distribution



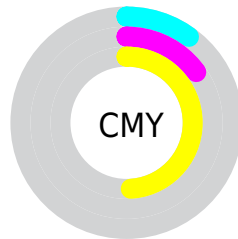
- Red (89%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 44.357, 100.520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 44.357, 100.520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 44.357,
100.520


 86, 44.357,
100.520

 100, 44.357,
100.520


 76, 44.357,
100.520

 66, 44.357,
100.520

 56, 44.357,
100.520

 46, 44.357,
100.520

 36, 44.357,
100.520

 26, 44.357,
100.520

 16, 44.357,

100.520

■ 6, 44.357, 100.520

■ 0, 44.357, 100.520

■ 86, 44.357,
100.520

■ 86, 44.357,
100.520

■ 85, 54.204, 99.435

■ 87, 34.115,
101.625

■ 84, 63.335, 98.378

■ 88, 23.672,
102.726

■ 83, 71.272, 97.367

■ 83, 77.380, 96.414

■ 89, 13.148,
103.810

■ 82, 81.040, 95.513

■ 90, 2.614, 104.836

■ 81, 82.300, 94.855

■ 92, 7.889, 285.932

■ 93, 11.513,
283.404

■ 93, 10.322,
277.420

■ 94, 9.271, 270.011

■ 95, 8.410, 260.939

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 44.357, 100.520



62, 48.297, 291.463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 44.357, 100.520



86, 44.357, 150.520



86, 44.357, 280.520



86, 44.357, 330.520

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 44.358, 100.523



98, 14.963, 103.747



66, 39.791, 15.036



52, 10.472, 103.508



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 44.358, 100.523



94, 57.690, 99.563



86, 51.459, 122.705



48, 5.999, 104.133



65, 68.536, 94.995



18, 26.408, 96.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 48.297, 291.463



62, 64.505, 293.365



62, 55.727, 307.532



44, 6.101, 286.218



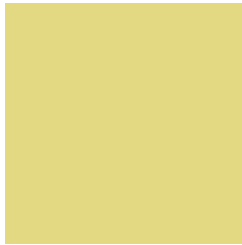
23, 96.587, 304.658



3, 31.033, 294.469

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 44.357, 100.520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 44.357, 100.520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 44.357, 100.520

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 44.357, 100.520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 44.357, 100.520.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


86, 44.357, 100.520

Protanopia

86, 44.523, 95.682

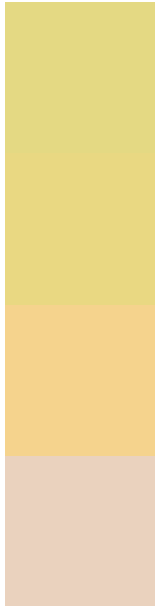
Deuteranopia

86, 37.355, 75.562



Tritanopia
86, 14.639, 343.093

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 44.357, 100.520

Protanomaly
86, 44.742, 97.334

Deuteranomaly
86, 39.101, 86.036

Tritanomaly
86, 13.950, 68.132

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 44.357, 100.520

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 16.276, 103.381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 44.357, 100.520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 217, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 217, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 217, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 217, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 44.357, 100.520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 217, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 217, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 217, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 217, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 217, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 217,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 44.357, 100.520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 217, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
217, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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