

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 45.870, 196.475)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 45.870, 196.475)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 45.816, 196.492)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2CEEEE
RGB	44, 238, 238
RGB Percent	17%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.8294, 0.0658, 0.0658
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	180°, 85%, 55%
HSV	180°, 82%, 93%
XYZ	47.1201, 67.9871, 91.6955
YIQ	179.9940, -115.6240, -41.1280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

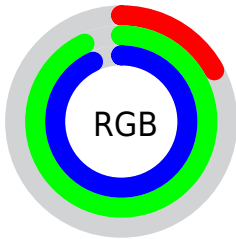
Format	Color
RYB	44, 141, 238
Decimal	2944750
CIELab	86.00, -43.93, -13.01
CIELCh	86, 45.816, 196.492
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2279, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281134830 (0xFF2CEEEE)
YUV	179.9940, 28.5970, -119.2667
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -42.2878, -8.2170

Details

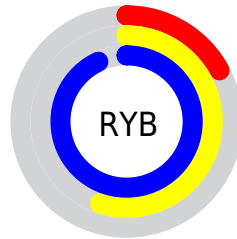
The CIELCh color **86, 45.816, 196.492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **52, 86.208, 34.794**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 36.865, 197.158**, and **67, 38.598, 197.236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 47.101, 196.413**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 43.553, 196.628**.

Distribution



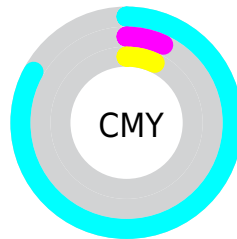
- Red (17%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 45.816, 196.492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 45.816, 196.492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 45.816,
196.492


 86, 45.816,
196.492

 100, 45.816,
196.492

 76, 45.816,
196.492

 66, 45.816,
196.492

 56, 45.816,
196.492

 46, 45.816,
196.492

 36, 45.816,
196.492

 26, 45.816,
196.492

 16, 45.816,

196.492

■ 6, 45.816, 196.492

■ 0, 45.816, 196.492

■ 86, 45.816,
196.492

■ 86, 45.816,
196.492

■ 86, 47.101,
196.413

■ 86, 43.553,
196.628

■ 86, 47.600,
196.383

■ 87, 40.242,
196.831

■ 88, 35.881,
197.101

■ 88, 30.527,
197.438

■ 89, 24.276,

197.839

■ 91, 17.256,
198.301

■ 92, 9.603, 198.831

■ 94, 1.454, 199.739

■ 95, 6.009, 19.704

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 45.816, 196.492



52, 86.208, 34.794

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 45.816, 196.492



86, 45.816, 246.492



86, 45.816, 16.492



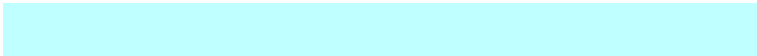
86, 45.816, 66.492

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 45.815, 196.491



96, 20.731, 198.139



83, 106.717, 136.769



51, 13.959, 197.977



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 45.815, 196.491



91, 50.014, 196.389



59, 55.442, 274.763



49, 4.701, 198.964



68, 39.158, 196.383



21, 17.094, 196.383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 86.208, 34.794



53, 103.550, 39.593



67, 70.392, 63.002



47, 4.993, 19.937



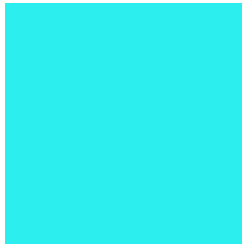
38, 81.702, 39.994



8, 29.836, 23.805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 45.816, 196.492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

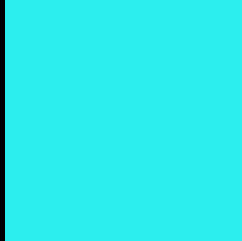
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 45.816, 196.492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

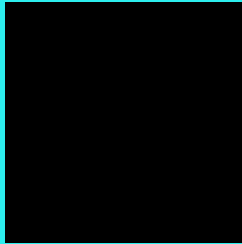
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 45.816, 196.492

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 45.816, 196.492.

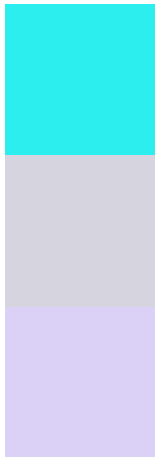


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 45.816, 196.492.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

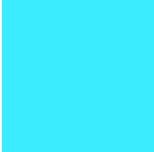
Dichromacy



Original Color
86, 45.742, 196.496

Protanopia
85, 5.322, 298.301

Deuteranopia
85, 19.905, 302.643



Tritanopia
86, 42.683, 210.530

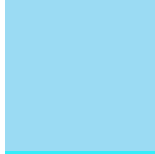
Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 45.742, 196.496



Protanomaly
84, 22.607, 206.026



Deuteranomaly
84, 23.181, 231.617

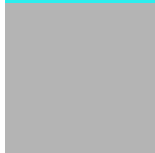


Tritanomaly
86, 43.651, 205.110

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 45.742, 196.496



Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 23.221, 197.705

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 45.816, 196.492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 238, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 238, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 238, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 238, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 45.816, 196.492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 238, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 238, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 238, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 238, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 238, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 238,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 45.816, 196.492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 238, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 238,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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