

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 48.159, 101.124)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 48.159, 101.124)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 48.159, 101.124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4DA7C
RGB	228, 218, 124
RGB Percent	89%, 85%, 49%
CMY	0.1065, 0.1457, 0.5143
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.46, 0.11
HSL	54°, 66%, 69%
HSV	54°, 46%, 89%
XYZ	60.6088, 67.9871, 28.9516
YIQ	210.2740, 36.1340, -27.1140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

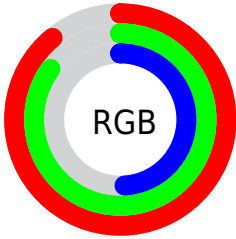
Format	Color
RYB	135, 228, 124
Decimal	14998140
CIELab	86.00, -9.29, 47.25
CIELCh	86, 48.159, 101.124
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3847, 0.4315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293188220 (0xFFE4DA7C)
YUV	210.2740, -42.5331, 15.5457
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -13.0870, 36.8999

Details

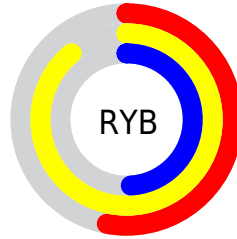
The CIELCh color **86, 48.159, 101.124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **59, 53.187, 292.882**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 38.628, 107.231**, and **66, 48.210, 100.802** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 57.901, 100.082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 37.908, 102.198**.

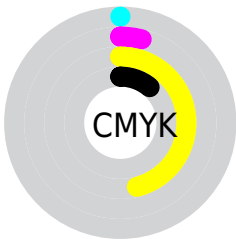
Distribution



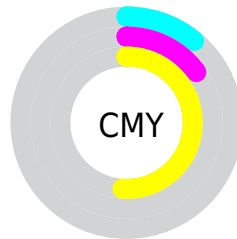
- Red (89%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 48.159, 101.124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 48.159, 101.124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 48.159,
101.124

 86, 48.159,
101.124

 100, 48.159,
101.124

 76, 48.159,
101.124

 66, 48.159,
101.124

 56, 48.159,
101.124

 46, 48.159,
101.124

 36, 48.159,
101.124

 26, 48.159,
101.124

 16, 48.159,

101.124

■ 6, 48.159, 101.124

■ 0, 48.159, 101.124

■ 86, 48.159,
101.124

■ 86, 48.159,
101.124

■ 85, 57.901,
100.082

■ 87, 37.908,
102.198

■ 84, 66.761, 99.084

■ 88, 27.380,
103.278

■ 84, 74.208, 98.151

■ 89, 16.722,
104.349

■ 83, 79.595, 97.299

■ 82, 82.419, 96.520

■ 90, 6.020, 105.393

■ 82, 83.094, 96.193

■ 91, 4.673, 286.466

■ 92, 12.453,
286.256

■ 93, 11.387,
281.932

■ 93, 10.398,
276.771

■ 94, 9.511, 270.608

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 48.159, 101.124



59, 53.187, 292.882

Rectangle

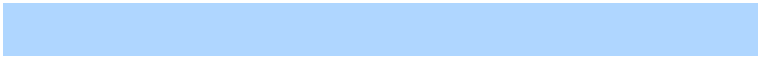
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 48.159, 101.124



86, 48.159, 151.124



86, 48.159, 281.124



86, 48.159, 331.124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 48.160, 101.127



98, 16.403, 104.514



64, 43.011, 16.916



52, 11.324, 104.283



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 48.160, 101.127



94, 62.744, 100.112



86, 55.185, 123.210



48, 6.107, 105.000



66, 69.299, 96.308



19, 26.835, 98.096

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 53.187, 292.882



58, 71.598, 295.046



60, 60.022, 308.275



44, 6.217, 287.054



22, 97.710, 304.987



3, 31.435, 294.848

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 48.159, 101.124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

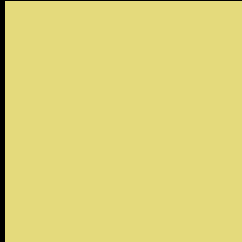
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 48.159, 101.124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

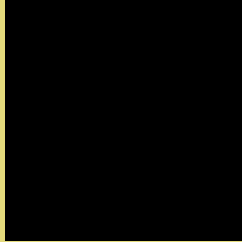
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 48.159, 101.124

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 48.159, 101.124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 48.159, 101.124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


86, 48.159, 101.124

Protanopia

86, 47.980, 95.585

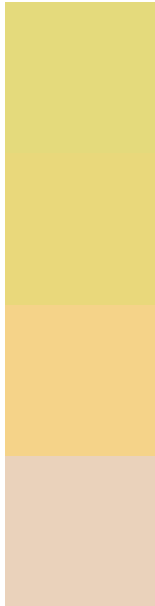
Deuteranopia

86, 38.711, 76.543



Tritanopia
86, 14.639, 343.093

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 48.159, 101.124

Protanomaly
86, 48.120, 97.618

Deuteranomaly
86, 41.016, 86.787

Tritanomaly
86, 15.200, 71.779

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 48.159, 101.124

Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 17.806, 104.928

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 48.159, 101.124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 218, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 218, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 218, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 218, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 48.159, 101.124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

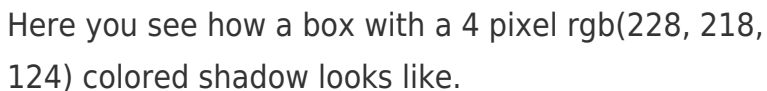
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 218, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 218, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 218, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 218, 124); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 218, 124); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 218, 124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 48.159, 101.124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 218, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
218, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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