

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 5.450, 187.998)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 5.450, 187.998) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 5.446, 188.001)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<code>CBDAD8</code>
RGB	203, 218, 216
RGB Percent	80%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.2029, 0.1440, 0.1519
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.01, 0.14
HSL	172°, 17%, 83%
HSV	172°, 7%, 86%
XYZ	62.2708, 67.9871, 74.9878
YIQ	213.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

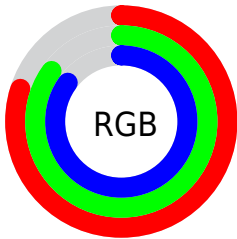
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 211, 218
Decimal	13359832
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, -5.39, -0.76
CIE _{LCh}	86, 5.446, 188.001
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3034, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291549912 (0xFFCBDAD8)
YUV	213.2870, 1.3375, -9.0217
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -9.4890, 3.7969

Details

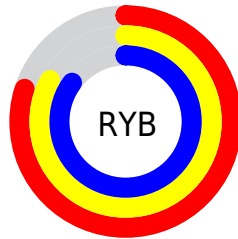
The CIELCh color `86, 5.446, 188.001` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `83, 5.629, 8.940`, and the grayscale version is `85, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `66, 5.370, 187.085` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `84, 13.129, 187.088`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `88, 2.515, 8.472`.

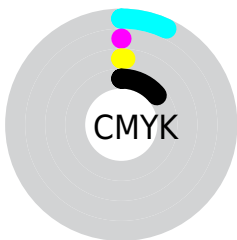
Distribution



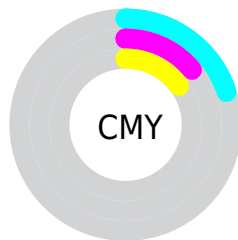
- Red (80%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 5.446, 188.001 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 5.446, 188.001 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86, 5.446, 188.001

86, 5.446, 188.001

84, 13.129,
187.088

88, 2.515, 8.472

83, 20.408,
186.210

90, 10.654, 9.440

82, 27.153,
185.307

90, 13.862, 5.878

81, 33.230,
184.363

90, 14.259,
359.984

80, 38.514,
183.363

90, 14.804,
354.475

79, 42.908,
182.288

91, 15.480,
349.411

79, 46.358,
181.117

91, 16.271,
344.816

79, 48.872,
179.831

91, 17.162,
340.684

91, 18.136,

■ 78, 50.545,
178.417

336.991

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 5.446, 188.001



83, 5.629, 8.940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 5.446, 188.001



86, 5.446, 238.001



86, 5.446, 8.001



86, 5.446, 58.001

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 5.448, 187.985



100, 1.808, 188.630



86, 9.169, 139.982



53, 1.028, 188.657



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 5.448, 187.985



98, 7.178, 187.871



85, 4.381, 238.516



45, 4.497, 187.745



64, 42.834, 178.214



16, 16.747, 181.002

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 5.629, 8.940



95, 7.458, 9.065



84, 4.519, 57.066



43, 4.702, 9.207



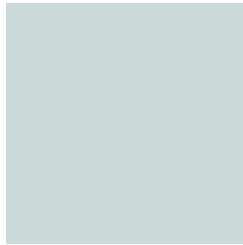
36, 72.535, 33.731



5, 23.721, 14.498

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 5.446, 188.001 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

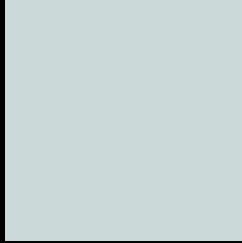
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 5.446, 188.001 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

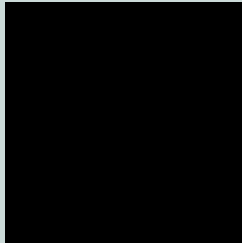
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

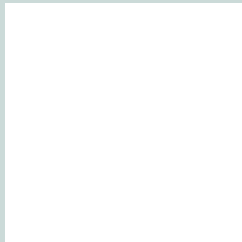
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 5.446, 188.001

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 5.446, 188.001.

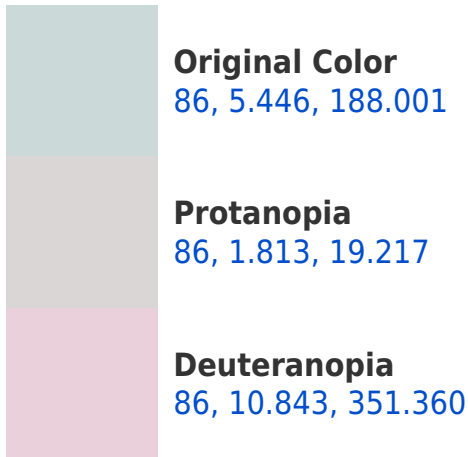


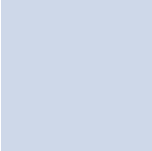
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 5.446, 188.001.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 9.492, 269.652

Trichromacy



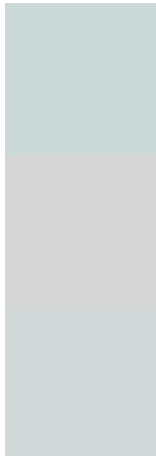
Original Color
86, 5.446, 188.001

Protanomaly
86, 1.200, 173.978

Deuteranomaly
86, 4.791, 346.501

Tritanomaly
86, 6.639, 251.612

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 5.446, 188.001

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 2.218, 185.836

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 5.446, 188.001 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 218, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 218, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 218, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 218, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 5.446, 188.001 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 218, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 218, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 218, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 218, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 218, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 218,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 5.446, 188.001 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 218, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
218, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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