

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 53.848, 123.887)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(86, 53.848, 123.887)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(86, 53.848, 123.887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BBE580
RGB	187, 229, 128
RGB Percent	73%, 90%, 50%
CMY	0.2676, 0.1029, 0.4989
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.44, 0.10
HSL	85°, 66%, 70%
HSV	85°, 44%, 90%
XYZ	52.2648, 67.9871, 30.7101
YIQ	204.9280, 7.3890, -40.3150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

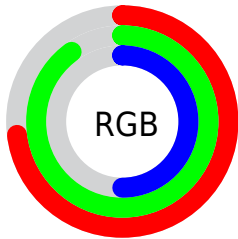
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">128, 229, 170</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12313984</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.00, -30.02, 44.70</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">86, 53.848, 123.887</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.9871, 0.3462, 0.4504</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290504064 (0xFFBBE580)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">204.9280, -37.9255, -15.7229</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.4543, -31.1502, 35.6354</a>

# Details

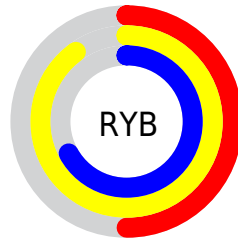
The CIELCh color **86, 53.848, 123.887** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **61, 58.237, 308.668**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 36.890, 113.340**, and **66, 53.735, 123.718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 65.120, 123.488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 42.008, 124.369**.

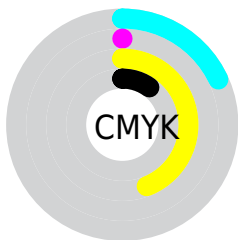
# Distribution



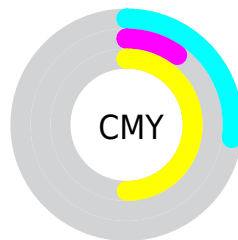
- Red (73%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 53.848, 123.887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 53.848, 123.887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 86, 53.848,  
123.887


 86, 53.848,  
123.887


 100, 53.848,  
123.887


 76, 53.848,  
123.887

 66, 53.848,  
123.887

 56, 53.848,  
123.887

 46, 53.848,  
123.887

 36, 53.848,  
123.887


 26, 53.848,  
123.887


 16, 53.848,


123.887

 6, 53.848, 123.887


 0, 53.848, 123.887

 86, 53.848,  
123.887


 86, 53.848,  
123.887

 85, 65.120,  
123.488


 87, 42.008,  
124.369


 84, 75.469,  
123.241

 88, 29.838,  
124.880

 84, 84.418,  
123.251

 89, 17.505,  
125.394

 83, 91.421,  
123.645

 90, 5.119, 125.901

 83, 96.075,

 92, 7.238, 306.334

124.526

93, 14.603,  
312.068

82, 97.930,  
125.212

93, 16.089,  
323.261

94, 16.402,  
324.992

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 53.848, 123.887



61, 58.237, 308.668

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 53.848, 123.887



86, 53.848, 173.887



86, 53.848, 303.887



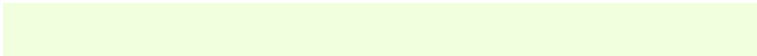
86, 53.848, 353.887

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 53.850, 123.889



98, 17.568, 125.448



74, 34.323, 59.546



52, 12.293, 125.335



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



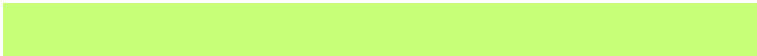


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 53.850, 123.889



94, 69.711, 123.517



83, 61.925, 138.762



48, 7.044, 125.631



66, 81.163, 124.946



19, 31.483, 124.419



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 58.237, 308.668



62, 76.879, 309.277



67, 62.308, 323.789



44, 7.158, 306.540



26, 97.166, 310.184



4, 35.113, 308.071



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 53.848, 123.887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 53.848, 123.887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 86, 53.848, 123.887**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 53.848, 123.887.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 53.848, 123.887.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 53.848, 123.887

**Protanopia**  
86, 47.897, 96.077

**Deuteranopia**  
86, 38.080, 75.356





**Tritanopia**  
86, 10.347, 259.021

# Trichromacy



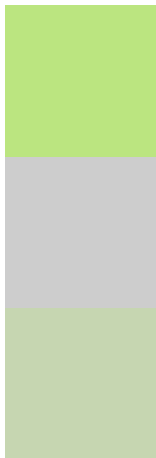
**Original Color**  
86, 53.848, 123.887

**Protanomaly**  
86, 48.395, 107.494

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 39.331, 97.231

**Tritanomaly**  
86, 16.477, 142.758

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 53.848, 123.887

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 20.337, 125.848

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 53.848, 123.887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 229, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 229, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 229, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 229, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 53.848, 123.887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 229, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 229, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 229, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 229, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 229, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 229,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 53.848, 123.887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 229, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
229, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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