

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 59.627, 171.134)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 59.627, 171.134)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 59.649, 171.160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01F3C4
RGB	1, 243, 196
RGB Percent	0%, 95%, 77%
CMY	0.9962, 0.0477, 0.2320
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.19, 0.05
HSL	168°, 99%, 48%
HSV	168°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	41.9592, 67.9871, 63.0437
YIQ	165.2840, -129.1450, -65.9210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

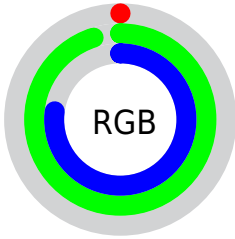
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 135, 243
Decimal	127940
CIE Lab	86.00, -58.94, 9.17
CIE LCh	86, 59.649, 171.160
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2426, 0.3930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278318020 (0xFF01F3C4)
YUV	165.2840, 15.1430, -144.0771
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -53.4602, 12.3855

Details

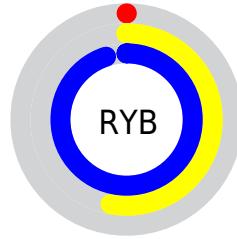
The CIELCh color **86, 59.649, 171.160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **51, 90.469, 30.682**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 39.861, 195.470**, and **67, 51.406, 167.293** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 59.732, 171.086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 57.456, 172.980**.

Distribution



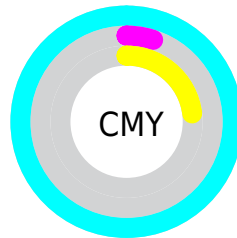
- Red (0%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 59.649, 171.160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 59.649, 171.160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 59.649,
171.160


 86, 59.649,
171.160


 100, 59.649,
171.160


 76, 59.649,
171.160

 66, 59.649,
171.160

 56, 59.649,
171.160

 46, 59.649,
171.160

 36, 59.649,
171.160

 26, 59.649,
171.160

 16, 59.649,

171.160

■ 6, 59.649, 171.160

■ 0, 59.649, 171.160

■ 86, 59.649,
171.160

■ 86, 59.649,
171.160

■ 86, 59.732,
171.086

■ 86, 57.456,
172.980

■ 87, 54.453,
174.652

■ 87, 50.463,
176.157

■ 88, 45.458,
177.515

■ 89, 39.490,

178.748

■ 90, 32.663,
179.882

■ 91, 25.114,
180.937

■ 92, 16.996,
181.932

■ 94, 8.458, 182.900

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 59.649, 171.160



51, 90.469, 30.682

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 59.649, 171.160



86, 59.649, 221.160



86, 59.649, 351.160



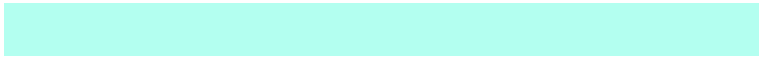
86, 59.649, 41.160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 59.649, 171.159



95, 26.453, 180.887



84, 113.441, 134.796



50, 17.845, 180.449



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 59.649, 171.159



90, 62.025, 171.034



66, 47.471, 256.871



50, 5.042, 182.911



68, 48.729, 171.417



21, 20.974, 174.137

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 90.469, 30.682



53, 94.271, 31.034



56, 91.410, 46.903



48, 5.240, 4.513



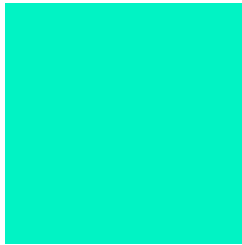
39, 73.655, 29.910



9, 30.021, 16.983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 59.649, 171.160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

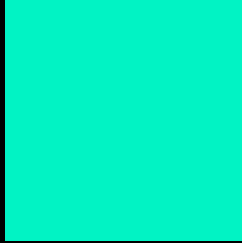
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 59.649, 171.160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

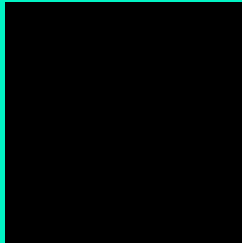
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 59.649, 171.160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 59.649, 171.160.

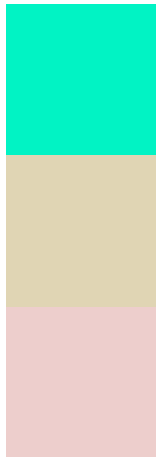


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 59.649, 171.160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

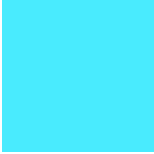
Dichromacy



Original Color
86, 59.672, 171.168

Protanopia
85, 17.756, 94.861

Deuteranopia
85, 11.643, 25.356

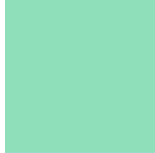


Tritanopia
86, 41.035, 211.187

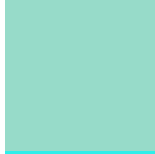
Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 59.672, 171.168



Protanomaly
83, 34.724, 161.787



Deuteranomaly
83, 25.265, 175.405



Tritanomaly
86, 46.258, 193.149

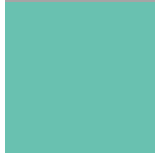
Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 59.672, 171.168



Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
72, 30.627, 179.377

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 59.649, 171.160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 243, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 243, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 243, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 243, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 59.649, 171.160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 243, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 243, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 243, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 243, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 243, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 243,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 59.649, 171.160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 243, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 243,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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