

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 6.662, 196.022)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 6.662, 196.022) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 6.729, 194.532)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8DBDA
RGB	200, 219, 218
RGB Percent	78%, 86%, 85%
CMY	0.2158, 0.1413, 0.1452
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	177°, 21%, 82%
HSV	177°, 9%, 86%
XYZ	61.7899, 67.9871, 76.1791
YIQ	213.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

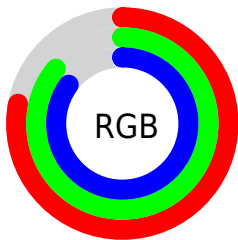
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 210, 219
Decimal	13163482
CIE Lab	86.00, -6.51, -1.69
CIE LCh	86, 6.729, 194.532
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3000, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291353562 (0xFFC8DBDA)
YUV	213.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -10.5300, 2.9403

Details

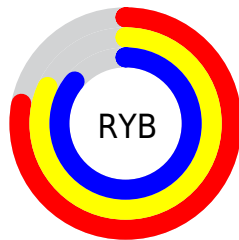
The CIELCh color `86, 6.729, 194.532` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `82, 7.071, 15.590`, and the grayscale version is `85, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `66, 6.700, 194.127` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 14.132, 193.805`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `88, 1.048, 14.553`.

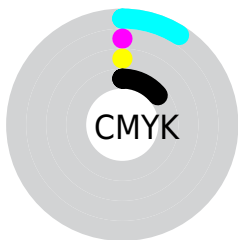
Distribution



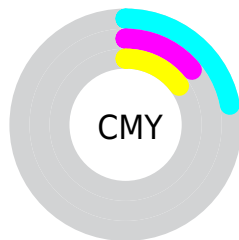
- Red (78%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 6.729, 194.532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 6.729, 194.532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 6.729, 194.532

■ 86, 6.729, 194.532

■ 100, 6.729,
194.532

■ 76, 6.729, 194.532

■ 66, 6.729, 194.532

■ 56, 6.729, 194.532

■ 46, 6.729, 194.532

■ 36, 6.729, 194.532

■ 26, 6.729, 194.532

■ 16, 6.729, 194.532

■ 6, 6.729, 194.532

■ 0, 6.729, 194.532

86, 6.729, 194.532

86, 6.729, 194.532

85, 14.132,
193.805

88, 1.048, 14.553

83, 21.032,
193.138

89, 9.092, 15.732

82, 27.301,
192.491

90, 13.300, 14.858

81, 32.811,
191.858

90, 13.344, 12.308

81, 37.452,
191.234

90, 13.416, 9.781

80, 41.147,
190.610

90, 13.515, 7.287

80, 43.865,
189.975

91, 13.640, 4.834

79, 45.639,
189.315

91, 13.790, 2.431

91, 13.965, 0.085

■ 79, 46.617,
188.620

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 6.729, 194.532



82, 7.071, 15.590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 6.729, 194.532



86, 6.729, 244.532



86, 6.729, 14.532



86, 6.729, 64.532

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 6.730, 194.518



99, 2.662, 195.059



86, 11.929, 142.199



53, 2.015, 194.953



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 6.730, 194.518



98, 8.748, 194.411



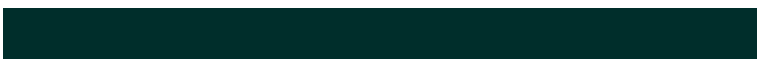
84, 5.706, 248.982



45, 4.401, 194.460



64, 39.225, 188.645



16, 15.620, 189.929

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 7.071, 15.590



93, 9.267, 15.718



84, 5.874, 66.841



43, 4.644, 15.659



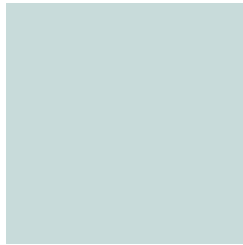
36, 76.025, 37.764



5, 23.767, 17.992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 6.729, 194.532 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

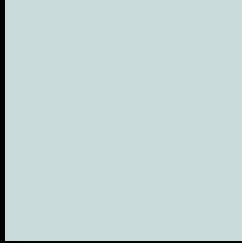
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 6.729, 194.532 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

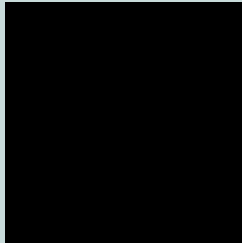
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

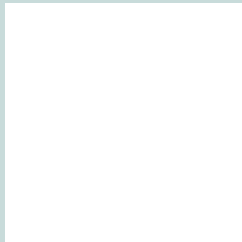
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 6.729, 194.532

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 6.729, 194.532.

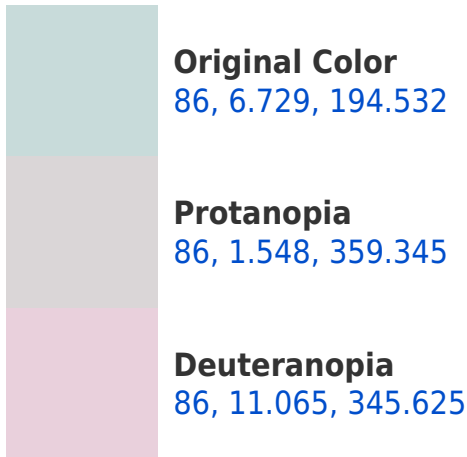


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 6.729, 194.532.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

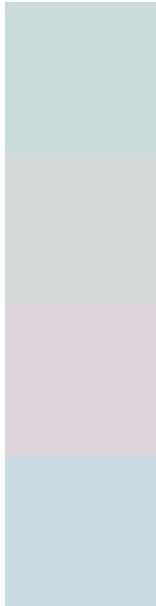
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 10.024, 262.340

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 6.729, 194.532

Protanomaly
86, 1.790, 199.603

Deuteranomaly
86, 4.931, 331.505

Tritanomaly
86, 7.544, 243.338

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 6.729, 194.532

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 2.503, 199.457

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 6.729, 194.532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 219, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 219, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 219, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 219, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 6.729, 194.532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 219, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 219, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 219, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 219, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 219,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 6.729, 194.532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 219, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
219, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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