

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 6.959, 84.914)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(86, 6.959, 84.914) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(86, 6.923, 84.234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DED6CA
RGB	222, 214, 202
RGB Percent	87%, 84%, 79%
CMY	0.1289, 0.1602, 0.2073
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.09, 0.13
HSL	36°, 23%, 83%
HSV	36°, 9%, 87%
XYZ	64.9269, 67.9871, 65.6645
YIQ	215.0240, 8.6200, -2.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

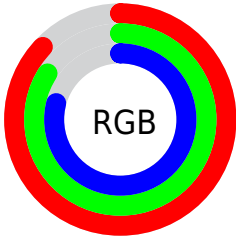
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	215, 222, 202
Decimal	14603978
CIE Lab	86.00, 0.70, 6.89
CIE LCh	86, 6.923, 84.234
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3270, 0.3424
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292794058 (0xFFDED6CA)
YUV	215.0240, -6.4208, 6.1180
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -3.7390, 10.5010

# Details

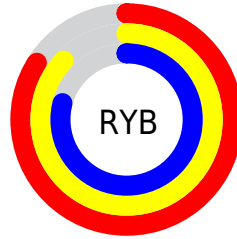
The CIELCh color **86, 6.923, 84.234** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **84, 6.873, 266.683**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **66, 6.835, 82.001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 14.848, 82.971**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 0.765, 265.972**.

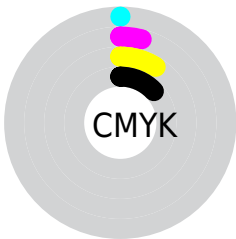
# Distribution



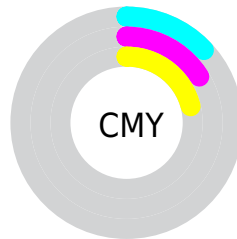
- Red (87%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 6.923, 84.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 6.923, 84.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86, 6.923, 84.234

 86, 6.923, 84.234

 100, 6.923, 84.234

 76, 6.923, 84.234

 66, 6.923, 84.234

 56, 6.923, 84.234

 46, 6.923, 84.234

 36, 6.923, 84.234

 26, 6.923, 84.234

 16, 6.923, 84.234

 6, 6.923, 84.234

 0, 6.923, 84.234

86, 6.923, 84.234

86, 6.923, 84.234

83, 14.848, 82.971

89, 0.765, 265.972

81, 23.010, 81.634

92, 8.232, 266.818

78, 31.395, 80.257

94, 9.535, 249.432

75, 39.946, 78.840

96, 9.631, 215.421

73, 48.530, 77.368

98, 11.107,  
198.764

70, 56.878, 75.800

68, 64.482, 74.043

66, 70.522, 71.917

64, 74.317, 69.235

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 6.923, 84.234



84, 6.873, 266.683

# Rectangle

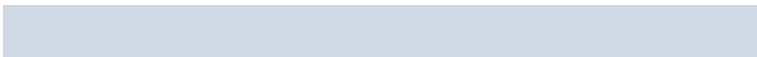
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 6.923, 84.234



86, 6.923, 134.234



86, 6.923, 264.234



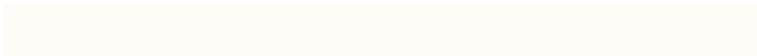
86, 6.923, 314.234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 6.924, 84.253



99, 2.551, 84.923



83, 8.472, 350.177



53, 1.937, 84.850



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

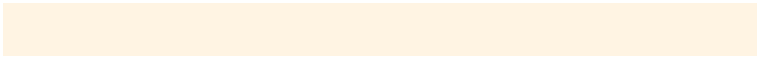


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 6.924, 84.253



97, 9.493, 83.993



88, 10.426, 113.377



46, 4.406, 84.198



51, 62.673, 69.543



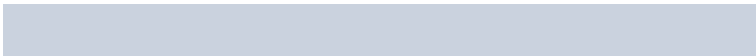
13, 20.082, 71.494



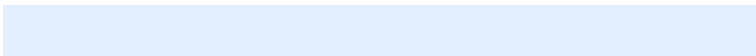


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 6.873, 266.683



94, 9.396, 266.977



82, 10.647, 294.883



44, 4.371, 266.745



33, 65.933, 292.283

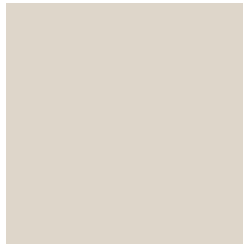


6, 22.133, 282.937



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 6.923, 84.234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 6.923, 84.234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

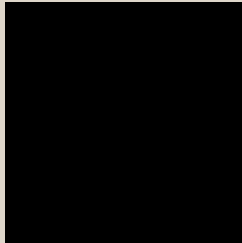
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 86, 6.923, 84.234

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 6.923, 84.234.

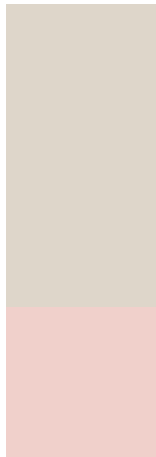


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 6.923, 84.234.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

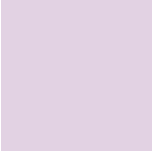
86, 6.923, 84.234

### Protanopia

86, 6.923, 84.234

### Deuteranopia

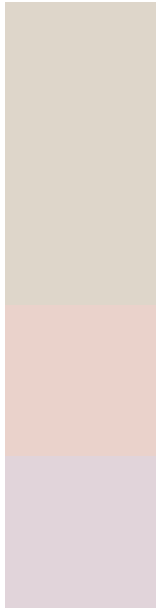
86, 12.305, 32.425



**Tritanopia**  
86, 10.646, 323.215



# Trichromacy



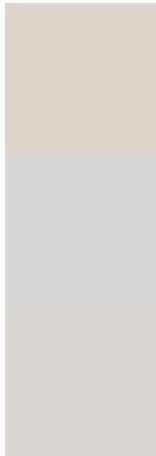
**Original Color**  
86, 6.923, 84.234

**Protanomaly**  
86, 6.923, 84.234

**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 9.695, 42.056

**Tritanomaly**  
86, 5.685, 346.189

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 6.923, 84.234

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 2.818, 87.089

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 6.923, 84.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 214, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 214, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 214, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 214, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 6.923, 84.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 214, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 214, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 214, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 214, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 214, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 214,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 6.923, 84.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 214, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
214, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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