

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 60.370, 143.452)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 60.370, 143.452)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 60.406, 143.433)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87ED90
RGB	135, 237, 144
RGB Percent	53%, 93%, 56%
CMY	0.4692, 0.0691, 0.4340
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.39, 0.07
HSL	125°, 74%, 73%
HSV	125°, 43%, 93%
XYZ	45.5012, 67.9871, 37.2465
YIQ	195.9000, -30.9390, -50.5470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

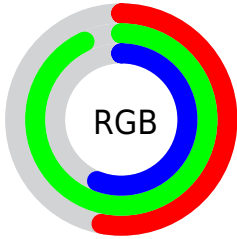
Format	Color
RYB	135, 229, 237
Decimal	8908176
CIELab	86.00, -48.52, 35.99
CIELCh	86, 60.406, 143.433
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3019, 0.4510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287098256 (0xFF87ED90)
YUV	195.9000, -25.5867, -53.4093
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -45.7923, 30.9354

Details

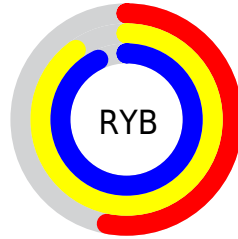
The CIELCh color **86, 60.406, 143.433** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **70, 60.241, 329.398**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 36.575, 145.876**, and **66, 60.253, 143.330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 73.337, 142.270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 46.723, 144.458**.

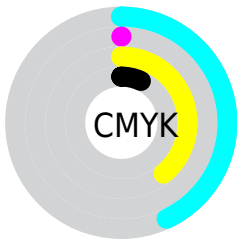
Distribution



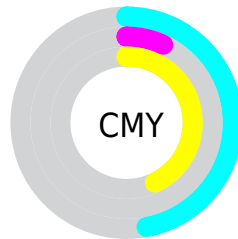
- Red (53%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (7%)





- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 60.406, 143.433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 60.406, 143.433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 60.406,
143.433


 86, 60.406,
143.433


 100, 60.406,
143.433


 76, 60.406,
143.433

 66, 60.406,
143.433

 56, 60.406,
143.433

 46, 60.406,
143.433

 36, 60.406,
143.433


 26, 60.406,
143.433

 16, 60.406,


143.433

 6, 60.406, 143.433


 0, 60.406, 143.433

 86, 60.406,
143.433


 86, 60.406,
143.433


 85, 73.337,
142.270


 87, 46.723,
144.458


 84, 85.120,
140.990


 89, 32.618,
145.346

 83, 95.324,
139.648

 91, 18.365,
146.111

 83, 103.499,
138.342

 93, 4.175, 146.815

 82, 109.252,

 96, 9.799, 327.256

137.207

96, 10.995,
324.796

82, 111.794,
136.623

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 60.406, 143.433



70, 60.241, 329.398

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 60.406, 143.433



86, 60.406, 193.433



86, 60.406, 323.433



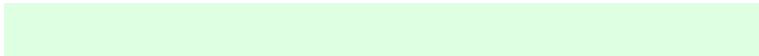
86, 60.406, 13.433

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 60.407, 143.433



97, 19.503, 146.105



91, 51.332, 109.862



51, 13.661, 145.945



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 60.407, 143.433



91, 76.405, 142.365



87, 40.976, 163.883



49, 8.090, 146.355



65, 91.874, 136.777



19, 37.947, 139.402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 60.241, 329.398



71, 75.790, 329.908



69, 44.291, 353.297



47, 8.105, 327.434



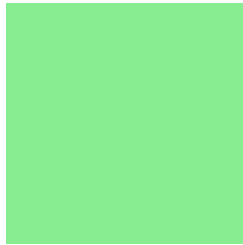
43, 84.275, 332.076



10, 37.144, 331.497

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 60.406, 143.433 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 60.406, 143.433 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

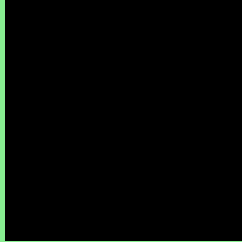
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 60.406, 143.433

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 60.406, 143.433.

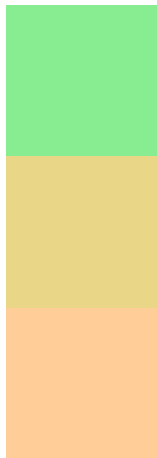


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 60.406, 143.433.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
86, 60.406, 143.433

Protanopia
86, 41.542, 95.789

Deuteranopia
86, 34.559, 72.335

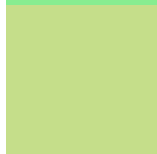


Tritanopia
86, 23.471, 222.012

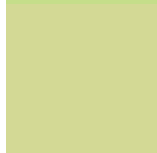
Trichromacy



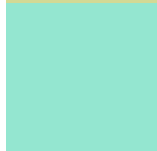
Original Color
86, 60.406, 143.433



Protanomaly
85, 44.213, 119.510



Deuteranomaly
85, 35.239, 111.036

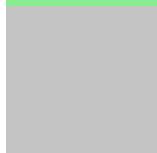


Tritanomaly
86, 29.950, 174.610

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 60.406, 143.433



Achromatopsia
79, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 22.711, 145.583

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 60.406, 143.433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 237, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 237, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 237, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 237, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 60.406, 143.433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 237, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 237, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 237, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 237, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 237, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 237,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 60.406, 143.433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 237, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
237, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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