

Converting Colors

CIELCh(86, 90.370, 137.998)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(86, 90.370, 137.998)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(86, 90.370, 137.998)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63F45B
RGB	99, 244, 91
RGB Percent	39%, 96%, 36%
CMY	0.6126, 0.0438, 0.6438
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.63, 0.04
HSL	117°, 87%, 66%
HSV	117°, 63%, 96%
XYZ	39.3011, 67.9871, 20.9112
YIQ	183.2030, -37.3070, -78.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

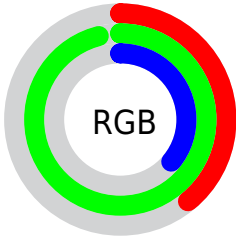
Format	Color
RYB	91, 244, 236
Decimal	6550619
CIELab	86.00, -67.16, 60.47
CIELCh	86, 90.370, 137.998
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3066, 0.5303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284740699 (0xFF63F45B)
YUV	183.2030, -45.4561, -73.8460
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -59.2146, 42.6815

Details

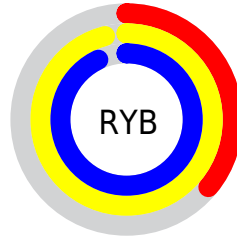
The CIELCh color **86, 90.370, 137.998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF66**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **63, 89.774, 325.922**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 64.636, 137.726**, and **66, 90.074, 138.001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 100.883, 137.071**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 77.929, 138.997**.

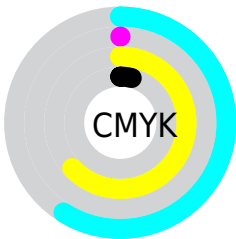
Distribution



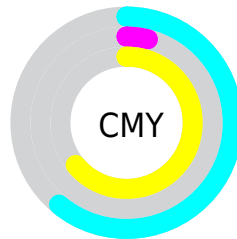
- Red (39%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (4%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 90.370, 137.998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 90.370, 137.998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 90.370,
137.998


 86, 90.370,
137.998


 100, 90.370,
137.998


 76, 90.370,
137.998

 66, 90.370,
137.998

 56, 90.370,
137.998

 46, 90.370,
137.998

 36, 90.370,
137.998

 26, 90.370,
137.998

 16, 90.370,

137.998

■ 6, 90.370, 137.998

■ 0, 90.370, 137.998

■ 86, 90.370,
137.998

■ 86, 90.370,
137.998

■ 85, 100.883,
137.071

■ 87, 77.929,
138.997

■ 85, 108.825,
136.353

■ 88, 64.153,
139.968

■ 84, 113.714,
135.971


■ 90, 49.538,
140.859

■ 84, 115.534,
135.861

■ 91, 34.473,
141.648

■ 93, 19.257,

142.334

 95, 4.112, 142.970

 97, 6.960, 324.639

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 90.370, 137.998



63, 89.774, 325.922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 90.370, 137.998



86, 90.370, 187.998



86, 90.370, 317.998



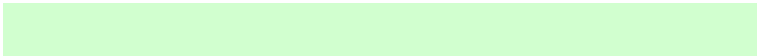
86, 90.370, 7.998

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 90.371, 137.999



96, 29.844, 141.913



91, 69.515, 100.984



51, 20.551, 141.708



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 90.371, 137.999



89, 106.635, 136.872



87, 66.638, 153.122



50, 8.598, 142.539



66, 94.275, 135.803



20, 40.654, 136.617

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 89.774, 325.922



62, 104.981, 326.189



62, 68.404, 347.016



48, 8.619, 323.515



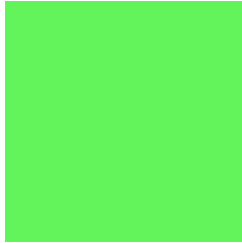
43, 91.481, 326.192



10, 40.655, 326.459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 90.370, 137.998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 90.370, 137.998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

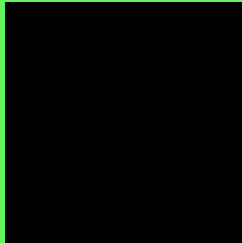
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

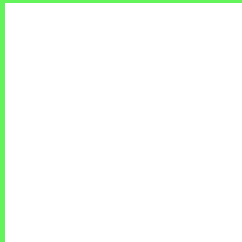
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 90.370, 137.998

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 90.370, 137.998.

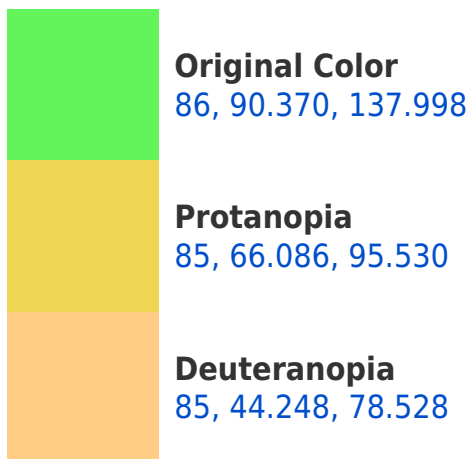


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 90.370, 137.998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 28.994, 218.043

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 90.370, 137.998



Protanomaly
85, 70.219, 117.294

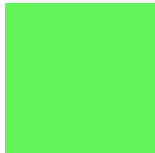


Deuteranomaly
84, 52.963, 115.005

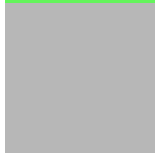


Tritanomaly
85, 43.758, 164.658

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 90.370, 137.998



Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 35.943, 141.283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 90.370, 137.998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 244, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 244, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 244, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 244, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 90.370, 137.998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 244, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 244, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 244, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 244, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 244, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 244,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 90.370, 137.998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 244, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 244,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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