

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 10.025, 339.852)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 10.025, 339.852)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 10.205, 338.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9D4E1
RGB	233, 212, 225
RGB Percent	91%, 83%, 88%
CMY	0.0854, 0.1677, 0.1168
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	323°, 33%, 87%
HSV	323°, 9%, 91%
XYZ	70.8966, 70.0064, 81.1687
YIQ	219.7610, 8.3430, 8.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

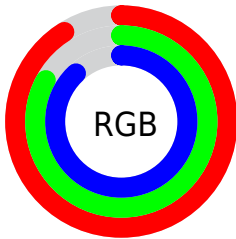
Format	Color
R_{YB}	233, 212, 225
Decimal	15324385
CIE _{Lab}	87.00, 9.49, -3.76
CIE _{LCh}	87, 10.205, 338.386
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3193, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293514465 (0xFFE9D4E1)
YUV	219.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 4.8275, 1.0512

Details

The CIELCh color **87, 10.205, 338.386** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 10.128, 157.118**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **67, 10.477, 337.155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 21.700, 339.210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 1.106, 158.060**.

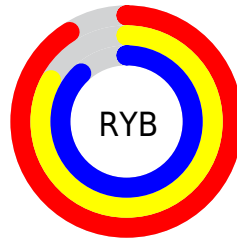
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (83%)

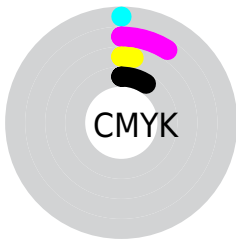
Blue (88%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (88%)

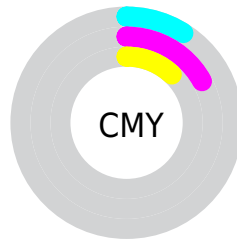


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)


Magenta (17%)


Yellow (12%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 10.205, 338.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 10.205, 338.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 10.205,
338.386

 87, 10.205,
338.386


 100, 10.205,
338.386


 77, 10.205,
338.386

 67, 10.205,
338.386

 57, 10.205,
338.386

 47, 10.205,
338.386

 37, 10.205,
338.386

 27, 10.205,
338.386

 17, 10.205,

338.386

■ 7, 10.205, 338.386

■ 0, 10.205, 338.386

■ 87, 10.205,
338.386

■ 87, 10.205,
338.386

■ 81, 21.700,
339.210

■ 93, 1.106, 158.060

■ 75, 33.224,
340.089

■ 98, 9.821, 160.349

■ 98, 7.680, 187.046

■ 70, 44.516,
341.053

■ 98, 7.446, 199.023

■ 65, 55.202,
342.133

■ 61, 64.787,

343.371

■ 57, 72.690,
344.830

■ 54, 78.356,
346.597

■ 52, 81.439,
348.785

■ 51, 82.155,
351.479

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 10.205, 338.386



91, 10.128, 157.118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 10.205, 338.386



87, 10.205, 28.386



87, 10.205, 158.386



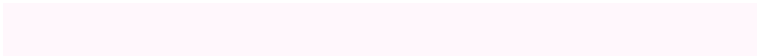
87, 10.205, 208.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 10.202, 338.389



98, 3.636, 337.859



86, 11.396, 304.755



52, 2.758, 337.944



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 10.202, 338.389



93, 13.424, 338.555



87, 7.831, 9.182



46, 6.470, 338.427



40, 68.193, 351.237



8, 30.100, 346.760

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 10.202, 338.389



93, 13.424, 338.555



91, 7.502, 187.798



46, 6.470, 338.427



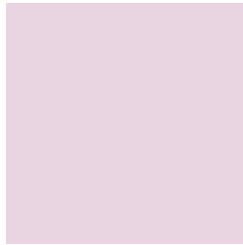
40, 68.193, 351.237



8, 30.100, 346.760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 10.205, 338.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

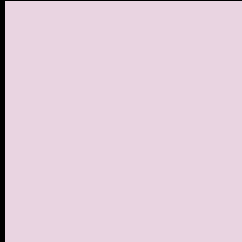
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 10.205, 338.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

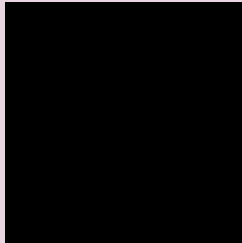
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

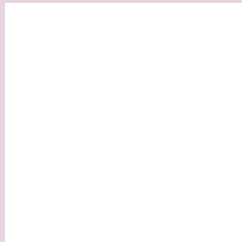
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 10.205, 338.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 10.205, 338.386.

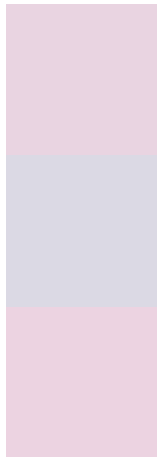


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 10.205, 338.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87, 10.205, 338.386

Protanopia

87, 5.818, 297.636

Deuteranopia

87, 11.647, 341.361



Tritanopia
87, 11.543, 333.803

Trichromacy



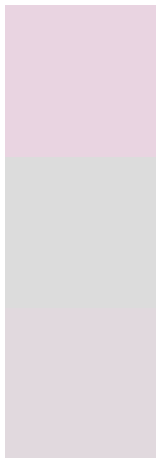
Original Color
87, 10.205, 338.386

Protanomaly
87, 7.094, 317.489

Deuteranomaly
87, 11.368, 340.175

Tritanomaly
87, 11.174, 335.653

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 10.205, 338.386

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 3.912, 337.643

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 10.205, 338.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 212, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 212, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 212, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 212, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 10.205, 338.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 212, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 212, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 212, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 212, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 212, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 212,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 10.205, 338.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 212, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
212, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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