

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 13.522, 65.128)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 13.522, 65.128) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 13.389, 64.158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EED5C3
RGB	238, 213, 195
RGB Percent	93%, 84%, 76%
CMY	0.0650, 0.1631, 0.2337
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.18, 0.06
HSL	25°, 56%, 85%
HSV	25°, 18%, 94%
XYZ	69.1977, 70.0064, 61.7374
YIQ	218.4230, 20.6780, -0.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

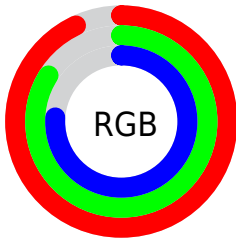
Format	Color
RYB	238, 226, 195
Decimal	15652291
CIELab	87.00, 5.84, 12.05
CIELCh	87, 13.389, 64.158
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3444, 0.3484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293842371 (0xFFEED5C3)
YUV	218.4230, -11.5475, 17.1690
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 1.2032, 14.8206

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 13.389, 64.158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 12.460, 248.475**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 1.510, 110.014**, and **67, 13.581, 63.282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 21.463, 63.127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 5.789, 65.194**.

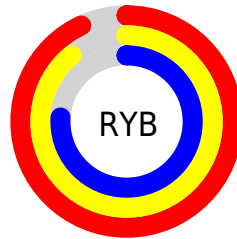
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (84%)

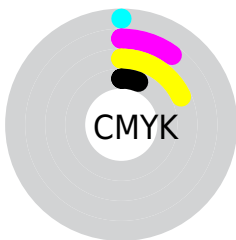
Blue (76%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (76%)

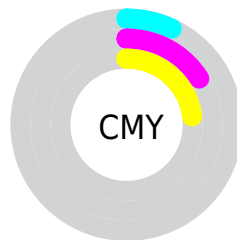


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 13.389, 64.158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 13.389, 64.158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 13.389, 64.158

 87, 13.389, 64.158

 100, 13.389,  
64.158

 77, 13.389, 64.158

 67, 13.389, 64.158

 57, 13.389, 64.158

 47, 13.389, 64.158

 37, 13.389, 64.158

 27, 13.389, 64.158

 17, 13.389, 64.158

 7, 13.389, 64.158

 0, 13.389, 64.158

87, 13.389, 64.158

87, 13.389, 64.158

83, 21.463, 63.127

91, 5.789, 65.194

79, 30.043, 62.101

95, 1.379, 246.708

76, 39.131, 61.105

99, 5.696, 199.163

72, 48.674, 60.130

99, 5.696, 199.161

69, 58.501, 59.138

65, 68.201, 58.014

62, 76.930, 56.499

60, 83.469, 54.205

59, 84.637, 53.761

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 13.389, 64.158



87, 12.460, 248.475

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 13.389, 64.158



87, 13.389, 114.158



87, 13.389, 244.158



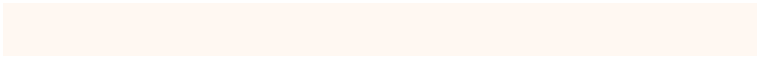
87, 13.389, 294.158

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 13.389, 64.170



98, 3.765, 65.466



83, 20.456, 340.848



52, 2.575, 65.407



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 13.389, 64.170



91, 17.456, 63.748



92, 20.271, 104.712



48, 4.126, 65.052



46, 69.226, 54.423



12, 23.672, 52.863



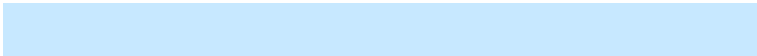


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 12.460, 248.475



90, 15.953, 249.100



81, 20.976, 288.736



48, 3.985, 247.321



44, 47.799, 274.826

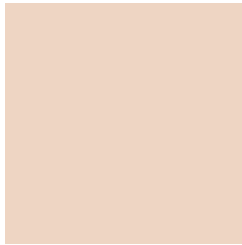


12, 18.585, 266.501



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 13.389, 64.158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

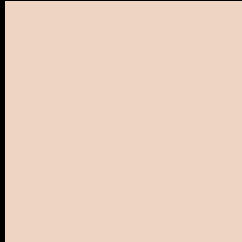
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 13.389, 64.158 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

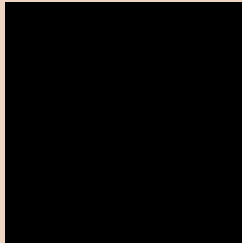
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 87, 13.389, 64.158**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 13.389, 64.158.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 13.389, 64.158.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

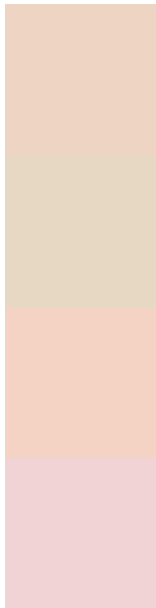




**Tritanopia**  
87, 14.598, 345.633



# Trichromacy



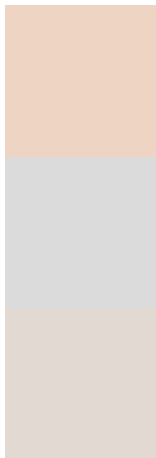
**Original Color**  
87, 13.389, 64.158

**Protanomaly**  
87, 11.862, 80.769

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 14.859, 51.727

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 11.170, 12.175

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 13.389, 64.158

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 4.903, 67.482

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 13.389, 64.158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 213, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(238, 213, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 213, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 213, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 13.389, 64.158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 213, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 213, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 213, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 213, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 213, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 213,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 13.389, 64.158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 213, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
213, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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