

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 13.917, 204.893)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 13.917, 204.893)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 13.918, 202.837)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9E2E4
RGB	185, 226, 228
RGB Percent	73%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.2761, 0.1154, 0.1075
CMYK	0.19, 0.01, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	183°, 44%, 81%
HSV	183°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	60.9367, 70.0064, 83.3945
YIQ	213.9690, -25.0780, -8.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

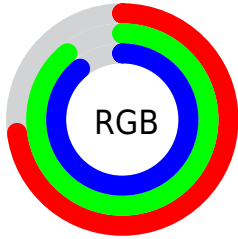
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 206, 228
Decimal	12182244
CIE Lab	87.00, -12.83, -5.40
CIE LCh	87, 13.918, 202.837
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2843, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290372324 (0xFFB9E2E4)
YUV	213.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -16.4207, -0.5260

Details

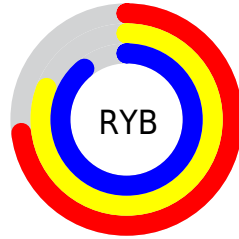
The CIELCh color `87, 13.918, 202.837` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `79, 15.800, 24.467`, and the grayscale version is `85, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `99, 4.482, 199.269`, and `67, 14.060, 202.802` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 20.544, 202.557`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `89, 6.743, 203.208`.

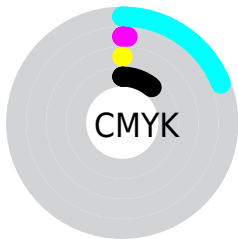
Distribution



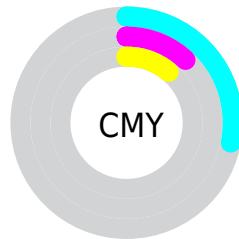
- Red (73%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 13.918, 202.837 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 13.918, 202.837 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87, 13.918,
202.837

■ 87, 13.918,
202.837

■ 100, 13.918,
202.837

■ 77, 13.918,
202.837

■ 67, 13.918,
202.837

■ 57, 13.918,
202.837

■ 47, 13.918,
202.837

■ 37, 13.918,
202.837

■ 27, 13.918,
202.837

■ 17, 13.918,

202.837

■ 7, 13.918, 202.837

■ 0, 13.918, 202.837

■ 87, 13.918,
202.837

■ 87, 13.918,
202.837

■ 85, 20.544,
202.557

■ 89, 6.743, 203.208

■ 84, 26.492,
202.380

■ 91, 0.863, 22.798

■ 83, 31.638,
202.311

■ 93, 8.788, 23.872

■ 82, 35.877,
202.365

■ 93, 9.244, 27.069

■ 81, 39.134,

■ 93, 8.947, 30.776

■ 94, 8.691, 34.718

202.558

94, 8.480, 38.877

80, 41.385,
202.905

94, 8.315, 43.223

80, 42.669,
203.416

94, 8.201, 47.714

79, 43.144,
204.085

79, 43.178,
204.163

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 13.918, 202.837



79, 15.800, 24.467

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 13.918, 202.837



87, 13.918, 252.837



87, 13.918, 22.837



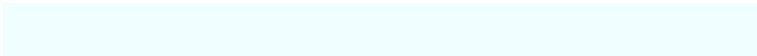
87, 13.918, 72.837

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 13.919, 202.830



99, 5.027, 203.356



87, 26.901, 144.131



53, 3.329, 203.318



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 13.919, 202.830



95, 18.322, 202.703



81, 13.758, 261.695



47, 4.331, 203.182



63, 36.037, 204.032



17, 15.256, 202.784

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 26.688, 326.760



86, 35.651, 327.002



84, 14.310, 76.523



45, 8.048, 326.217



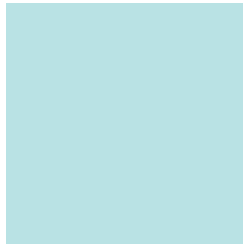
42, 85.274, 330.164



8, 35.985, 329.853

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 13.918, 202.837 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

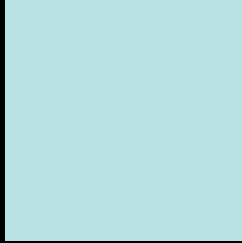
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 13.918, 202.837 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

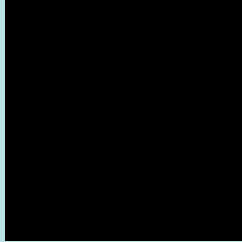
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

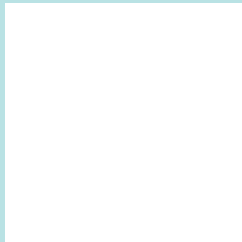
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 13.918, 202.837

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 13.918, 202.837.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 13.918, 202.837.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

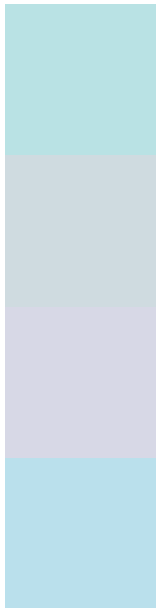
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 14.949, 238.074

Trichromacy



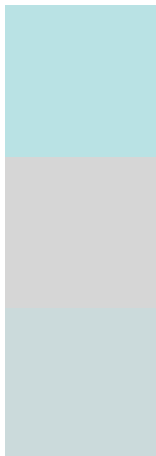
Original Color
87, 13.918, 202.837

Protanomaly
87, 4.920, 231.479

Deuteranomaly
87, 7.344, 288.068

Tritanomaly
87, 13.986, 225.492

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 13.918, 202.837

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 5.312, 204.821

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 13.918, 202.837 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 226, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 226, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 226, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 226, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 13.918, 202.837 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 226, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 226, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 226, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 226, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 226, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 226,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 13.918, 202.837 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 226, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
226, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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