

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 14.559, 198.443)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 14.559, 198.443)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(87, 14.605, 198.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7E2E2
RGB	183, 226, 226
RGB Percent	72%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.2820, 0.1134, 0.1134
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	180°, 43%, 80%
HSV	180°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	60.5019, 70.0064, 82.3306
YIQ	213.1430, -25.6280, -9.1160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

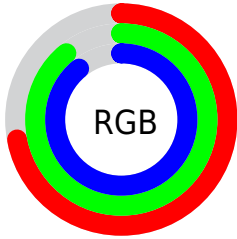
Format	Color
RYB	183, 205, 226
Decimal	12051170
CIELab	87.00, -13.85, -4.62
CIELCh	87, 14.605, 198.442
Yxy	70.0064, 0.2843, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290241250 (0xFFB7E2E2)
YUV	213.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -17.3484, 0.2279

Details

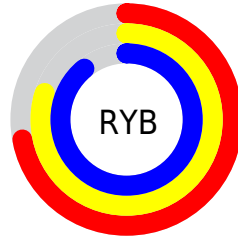
The CIELCh color **87, 14.605, 198.442** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78, 16.549, 20.741**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 5.163, 199.206**, and **67, 14.775, 198.192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 21.517, 197.958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 7.127, 198.990**.

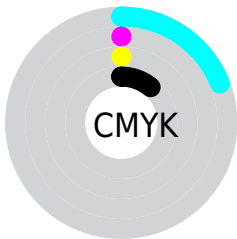
Distribution



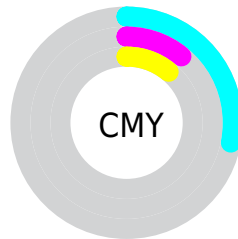
- Red (72%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 14.605, 198.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 14.605, 198.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 14.605,
198.442


 87, 14.605,
198.442


 100, 14.605,
198.442


 77, 14.605,
198.442

 67, 14.605,
198.442

 57, 14.605,
198.442

 47, 14.605,
198.442

 37, 14.605,
198.442

 27, 14.605,
198.442

 17, 14.605,

198.442

■ 7, 14.605, 198.442

■ 0, 14.605, 198.442

■ 87, 14.605,
198.442

■ 87, 14.605,
198.442

■ 86, 21.517,
197.958

■ 88, 7.127, 198.990

■ 85, 27.728,
197.540

■ 90, 0.793, 18.692

■ 84, 33.115,
197.186

■ 92, 9.036, 19.968

■ 83, 37.577,
196.897

■ 92, 10.557, 20.081

■ 92, 10.557, 20.077

■ 83, 41.045,

■ 92, 10.557, 20.072

196.675

92, 10.557, 20.068

82, 43.505,
196.518

92, 10.557, 20.063

82, 45.003,
196.423

92, 10.557, 20.058

82, 45.706,
196.378

82, 45.760,
196.375

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 14.605, 198.442



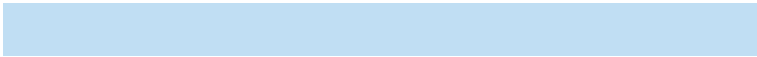
78, 16.549, 20.741

Rectangle

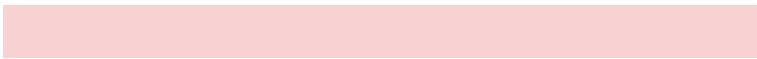
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 14.605, 198.442



87, 14.605, 248.442



87, 14.605, 18.442



87, 14.605, 68.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 14.606, 198.436



99, 5.264, 199.191



86, 27.412, 142.818



53, 3.486, 199.144



0, 0.000, 0.000



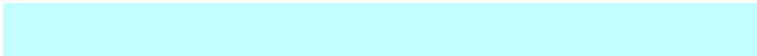
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 14.606, 198.436



96, 19.208, 198.231



81, 13.167, 256.289



46, 4.454, 198.964



65, 37.942, 196.375



17, 15.585, 196.377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 16.549, 20.741



84, 22.421, 21.146



83, 13.916, 71.265



44, 4.728, 19.927



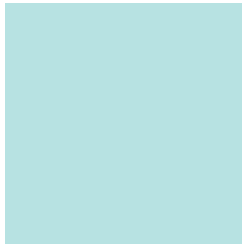
36, 79.110, 39.949



6, 25.541, 20.935

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 87, 14.605, 198.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

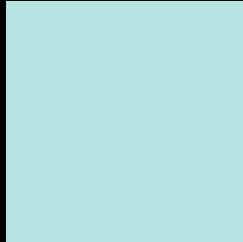
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 14.605, 198.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

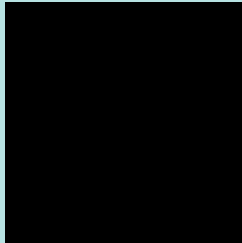
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

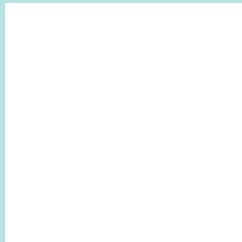
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 14.605, 198.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 14.605, 198.442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 14.605, 198.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



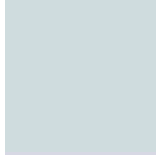


Tritanopia
87, 15.427, 236.575

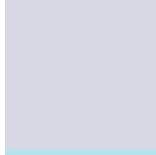
Trichromacy



Original Color
87, 14.605, 198.442



Protanomaly
87, 4.683, 212.155



Deuteranomaly
87, 6.298, 287.516

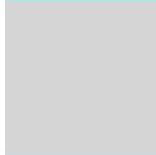


Tritanomaly
87, 14.366, 222.355

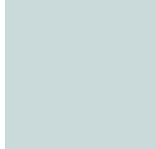
Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 14.605, 198.442



Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
86, 5.653, 199.106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 14.605, 198.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 226, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 226, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 226, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 226, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 14.605, 198.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

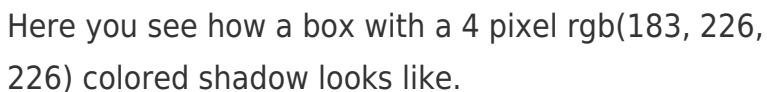
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 226, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 226, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 226, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 226, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 226, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 226, 226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 14.605, 198.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 226, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
226, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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