

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 14.853, 80.740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 14.853, 80.740) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 14.937, 79.981)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAD7BE
RGB	234, 215, 190
RGB Percent	92%, 84%, 75%
CMY	0.0813, 0.1558, 0.2539
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.19, 0.08
HSL	34°, 51%, 83%
HSV	34°, 19%, 92%
XYZ	67.7142, 70.0064, 58.8097
YIQ	217.8310, 19.3490, -3.7470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

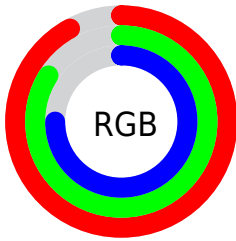
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 234, 190
Decimal	15390654
CIE Lab	87.00, 2.60, 14.71
CIE LCh	87, 14.937, 79.981
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3445, 0.3562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293580734 (0xFFEAD7BE)
YUV	217.8310, -13.7207, 14.1802
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -1.9616, 16.8952

# Details

The CIELCh color **87, 14.937, 79.981** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **83, 14.511, 265.187**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 4.553, 109.821**, and **67, 14.675, 78.779** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 23.305, 78.662**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 6.859, 81.268**.

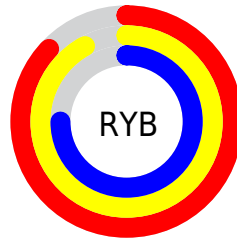
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (84%)

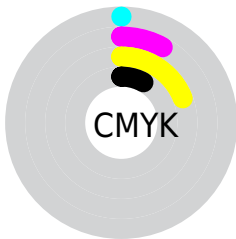
Blue (75%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (75%)

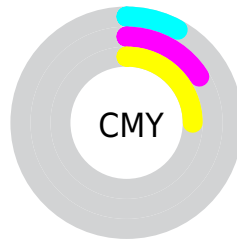


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 14.937, 79.981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 14.937, 79.981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 14.937, 79.981

87, 14.937, 79.981

100, 14.937,  
79.981

77, 14.937, 79.981

67, 14.937, 79.981

57, 14.937, 79.981

47, 14.937, 79.981

37, 14.937, 79.981

27, 14.937, 79.981

17, 14.937, 79.981

7, 14.937, 79.981

0, 14.937, 79.981

87, 14.937, 79.981

87, 14.937, 79.981

84, 23.305, 78.662

90, 6.859, 81.268

81, 31.953, 77.297

93, 0.942, 262.960

78, 40.835, 75.897

96, 6.120, 251.207

75, 49.830, 74.447

99, 7.094, 199.050

73, 58.676, 72.902

70, 66.859, 71.160

68, 73.515, 69.020

66, 77.812, 66.247

65, 78.286, 65.909

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 14.937, 79.981



83, 14.511, 265.187

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 14.937, 79.981



87, 14.937, 129.981



87, 14.937, 259.981



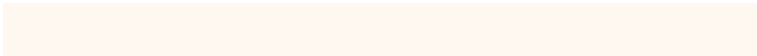
87, 14.937, 309.981

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 14.938, 79.991



98, 4.991, 81.597



81, 19.086, 349.151



52, 3.315, 81.520



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 14.938, 79.991



92, 19.743, 79.422



92, 22.616, 111.170



48, 4.446, 81.184



51, 64.428, 66.552



14, 22.383, 68.295



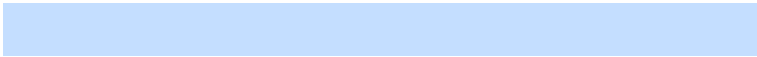


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 14.511, 265.187



88, 19.033, 265.938



79, 23.617, 294.668



46, 4.392, 263.753



36, 63.666, 290.003

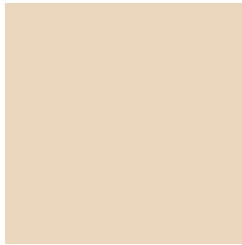


8, 23.180, 282.505



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 14.937, 79.981 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

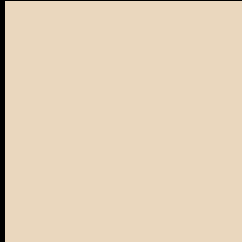
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 14.937, 79.981 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

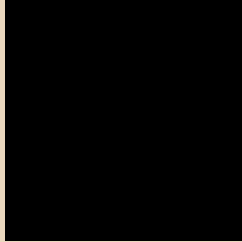
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

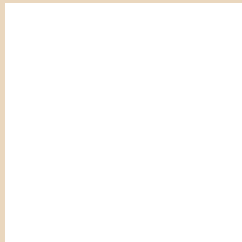
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 14.937, 79.981

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 14.937, 79.981.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 14.937, 79.981.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

87, 14.937, 79.981

**Protanopia**

87, 14.170, 91.878

**Deuteranopia**

87, 18.096, 53.228



**Tritanopia**  
87, 13.423, 341.915



# Trichromacy



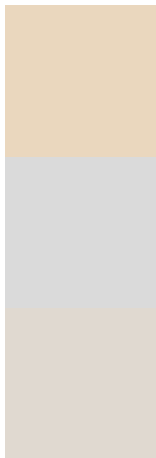
**Original Color**  
87, 14.937, 79.981

**Protanomaly**  
87, 14.078, 86.838

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 16.533, 61.228

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 9.223, 16.797

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 14.937, 79.981

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 5.334, 80.906

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 14.937, 79.981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 215, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 215, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 215, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 215, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 14.937, 79.981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 215, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 215, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 215, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 215, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 215, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 215,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 14.937, 79.981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 215, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
215, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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