

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 14.914, 59.602)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 14.914, 59.602) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(87, 14.860, 58.962)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2D4C2
RGB	242, 212, 194
RGB Percent	95%, 83%, 76%
CMY	0.0502, 0.1678, 0.2384
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.20, 0.05
HSL	23°, 65%, 86%
HSV	23°, 20%, 95%
XYZ	70.0437, 70.0064, 60.9771
YIQ	218.9180, 23.6580, 0.7620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

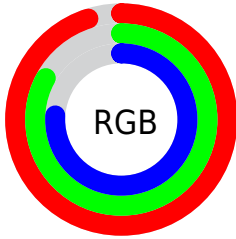
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 223, 194
Decimal	15914178
CIE Lab	87.00, 7.66, 12.73
CIE LCh	87, 14.860, 58.962
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3484, 0.3482
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294104258 (0xFFF2D4C2)
YUV	218.9180, -12.2846, 20.2429
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 3.0081, 15.3594

# Details

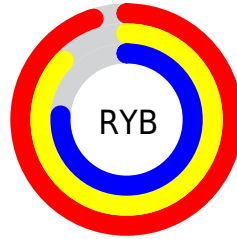
The CIELCh color **87, 14.860, 58.962** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 13.526, 243.216**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.017, 109.989**, and **67, 14.860, 58.918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 23.140, 58.100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 7.119, 59.858**.

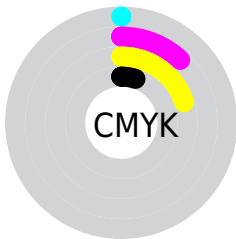
# Distribution



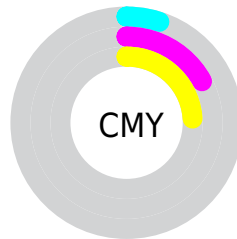
- Red (95%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 14.860, 58.962 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 14.860, 58.962 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 87, 14.860, 58.962

 87, 14.860, 58.962

 100, 14.860,  
58.962

 77, 14.860, 58.962

 67, 14.860, 58.962

 57, 14.860, 58.962

 47, 14.860, 58.962

 37, 14.860, 58.962

 27, 14.860, 58.962

 17, 14.860, 58.962

 7, 14.860, 58.962

 0, 14.860, 58.962

87, 14.860, 58.962

87, 14.860, 58.962

83, 23.140, 58.100

91, 7.119, 59.858

79, 31.995, 57.272

96, 0.132, 244.909

75, 41.428, 56.502

99, 4.411, 199.276

71, 51.382, 55.785

67, 61.664, 55.074

64, 71.813, 54.237

61, 80.857, 52.960

58, 87.660, 50.931

58, 87.777, 50.899

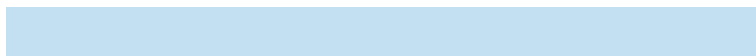
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 14.860, 58.962



88, 13.526, 243.216

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 14.860, 58.962



87, 14.860, 108.962



87, 14.860, 238.962



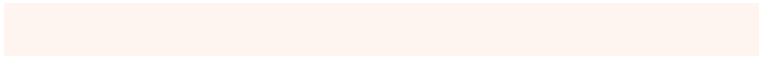
87, 14.860, 288.962

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 14.860, 58.973



97, 4.476, 60.167



83, 23.581, 338.612



52, 2.976, 60.118



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

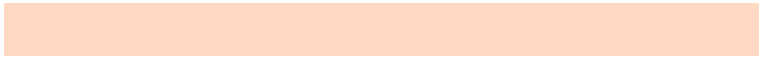


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 14.860, 58.973



89, 19.034, 58.598



93, 21.455, 101.959



48, 4.079, 59.888



45, 70.880, 51.562



12, 24.005, 48.670



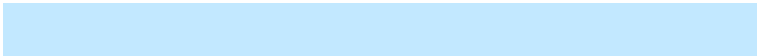


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 13.526, 243.216



90, 16.937, 243.841



82, 22.145, 286.608



48, 3.914, 241.930



47, 43.792, 268.734

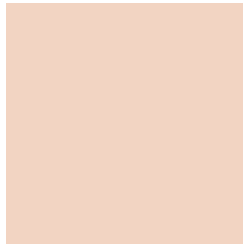


13, 17.349, 260.256



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 14.860, 58.962 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

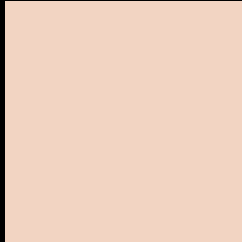
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 14.860, 58.962 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

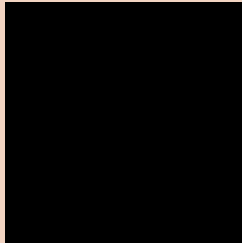
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 14.860, 58.962

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 14.860, 58.962.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 14.860, 58.962.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 14.860, 58.962

### Protanopia

87, 11.070, 89.446

### Deuteranopia

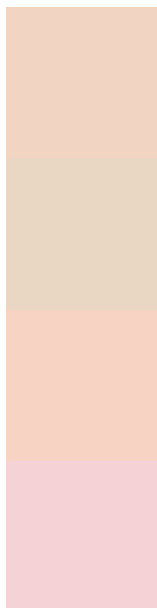
87, 16.576, 48.264



**Tritanopia**  
87, 16.143, 349.550



# Trichromacy



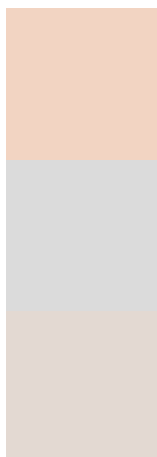
**Original Color**  
87, 14.860, 58.962

**Protanomaly**  
87, 12.026, 74.858

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 15.825, 51.803

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 13.048, 13.498

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 14.860, 58.962

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 5.159, 64.433

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 14.860, 58.962 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 212, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 212, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 212, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 212, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 14.860, 58.962 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 212, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 212, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 212, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 212, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 212, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 212,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 14.860, 58.962 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 212, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
212, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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