

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 15.781, 34.368)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(87, 15.781, 34.368) contains.

<b>CIELCh(87, 15.592, 33.893)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(87, 15.592, 33.893)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9D1CA
RGB	249, 209, 202
RGB Percent	98%, 82%, 79%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1804, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.19, 0.02
HSL	9°, 80%, 88%
HSV	9°, 19%, 98%
XYZ	72.5296, 70.0064, 65.5681
YIQ	220.1620, 26.0870, 6.3030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

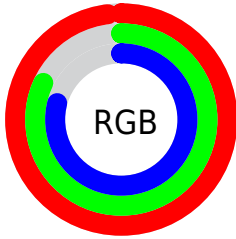
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 210, 202
Decimal	16372170
CIE Lab	87.00, 12.94, 8.69
CIE LCh	87, 15.592, 33.893
Yxy	70.0064, 0.3485, 0.3364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294562250 (0xFFFF9D1CA)
YUV	220.1620, -8.9539, 25.2909
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, 8.3113, 12.1061

# Details

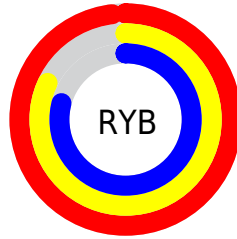
The CIELCh color **87, 15.592, 33.893** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 13.713, 213.982**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **67, 15.456, 34.996** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 24.881, 34.235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 7.029, 33.694**.

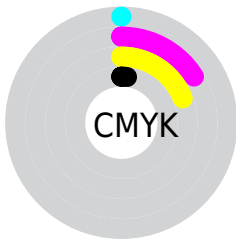
# Distribution



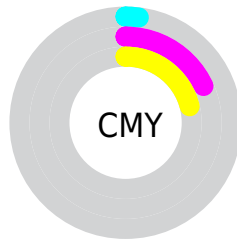
- Red (98%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 15.592, 33.893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 15.592, 33.893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87, 15.592, 33.893

87, 15.592, 33.893

100, 15.592,  
33.893

77, 15.592, 33.893

67, 15.592, 33.893

57, 15.592, 33.893

47, 15.592, 33.893

37, 15.592, 33.893

27, 15.592, 33.893

17, 15.592, 33.893

7, 15.592, 33.893

0, 15.592, 33.893

87, 15.592, 33.893

87, 15.592, 33.893

81, 24.881, 34.235

93, 7.029, 33.694

76, 34.928, 34.763

99, 0.857, 214.509

71, 45.709, 35.545

100, 2.080,  
199.592

66, 57.130, 36.628

62, 68.965, 38.025

58, 80.744, 39.639

56, 91.423, 41.096

54, 99.126, 41.702

53, 99.868, 41.790

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 15.592, 33.893



93, 13.713, 213.982

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 15.592, 33.893



87, 15.592, 83.893



87, 15.592, 213.893



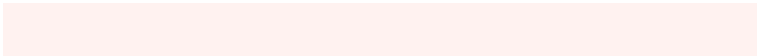
87, 15.592, 263.893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 15.591, 33.903



96, 4.787, 33.626



86, 27.021, 329.429



51, 3.184, 33.644



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 15.591, 33.903



86, 19.711, 34.021



93, 16.642, 85.917



49, 4.527, 33.706



41, 80.710, 42.106



11, 29.475, 33.781





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 13.713, 213.982



94, 16.801, 214.080



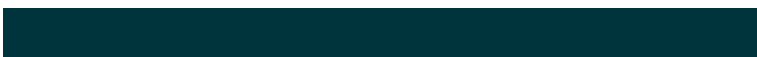
87, 16.445, 271.109



51, 4.257, 213.878



61, 34.762, 224.500

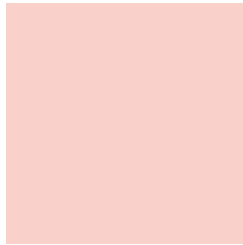


19, 15.816, 220.482



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 15.592, 33.893 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

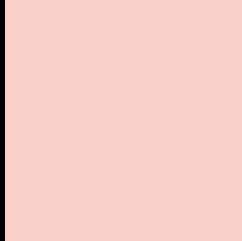
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 15.592, 33.893 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

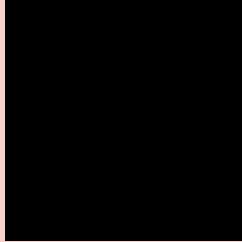
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 87, 15.592, 33.893

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 15.592, 33.893.

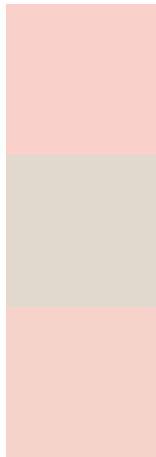


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 15.592, 33.893.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87, 15.592, 33.893

### Protanopia

87, 6.434, 82.337

### Deuteranopia

87, 13.876, 37.683



**Tritanopia**  
87, 18.426, 353.984



# Trichromacy



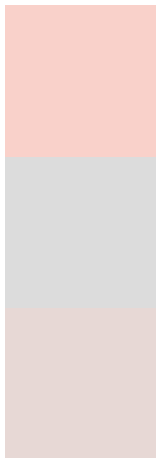
**Original Color**  
87, 15.592, 33.893

**Protanomaly**  
87, 8.805, 51.922

**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 14.245, 37.240

**Tritanomaly**  
87, 16.424, 6.005

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
87, 15.592, 33.893

**Achromatopsia**  
88, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 5.709, 35.548

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 15.592, 33.893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 209, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 209, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 209, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 209, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 15.592, 33.893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 209, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 209, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 209, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 209, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 209, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 209,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 15.592, 33.893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 209, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
209, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor