

Converting Colors

CIELCh(87, 16.127, 110.158)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(87, 16.127, 110.158)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(87, 16.127, 110.158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBDCBD
RGB	219, 220, 189
RGB Percent	86%, 86%, 74%
CMY	0.1407, 0.1368, 0.2584
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.14, 0.14
HSL	62°, 31%, 80%
HSV	62°, 14%, 86%
XYZ	64.0713, 70.0064, 58.3453
YIQ	216.1670, 9.3550, -9.8530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

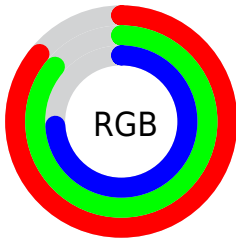
Format	Color
R _{YB}	189, 220, 190
Decimal	14408893
CIE _{Lab}	87.00, -5.56, 15.14
CIE _{LCh}	87, 16.127, 110.158
Y _{xy}	70.0064, 0.3330, 0.3638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292598973 (0xFFDBDCBD)
Y _{UV}	216.1670, -13.3933, 2.4845
Hunter-Lab	83.6698, -9.7333, 17.2243

Details

The CIELCh color **87, 16.127, 110.158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 16.657, 292.884**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 5.059, 109.785**, and **67, 15.902, 109.962** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 27.469, 109.243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 4.682, 111.072**.

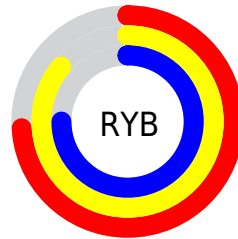
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (86%)

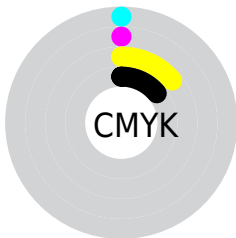
Blue (74%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (75%)

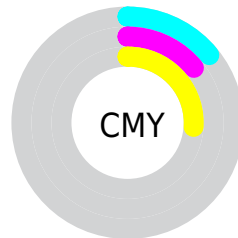


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)


Magenta (14%)


Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 87, 16.127, 110.158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 87, 16.127, 110.158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87, 16.127,
110.158


 87, 16.127,
110.158


 100, 16.127,
110.158


 77, 16.127,
110.158

 67, 16.127,
110.158

 57, 16.127,
110.158

 47, 16.127,
110.158

 37, 16.127,
110.158

 27, 16.127,
110.158

 17, 16.127,

110.158

■ 7, 16.127, 110.158

■ 0, 16.127, 110.158

■ 87, 16.127,
110.158

■ 87, 16.127,
110.158

■ 87, 27.469,
109.243

■ 88, 4.682, 111.072

■ 86, 38.602,
108.332

■ 88, 6.806, 291.991

■ 86, 49.371,
107.454

■ 89, 18.211,
292.855

■ 85, 59.538,
106.640

■ 89, 18.221,
293.608

■ 85, 68.746,

■ 89, 18.234,
294.362

105.928

89, 18.250,
295.115

85, 76.510,
105.366

89, 18.269,
295.867

85, 82.284,
105.003

89, 18.291,
296.620

85, 85.674,
104.872

89, 18.317,
297.371

85, 86.801,
104.880

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87, 16.127, 110.158



78, 16.657, 292.884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87, 16.127, 110.158



87, 16.127, 160.158



87, 16.127, 290.158



87, 16.127, 340.158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87, 16.129, 110.164



100, 5.164, 111.077



79, 11.570, 21.640



53, 3.671, 111.010



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87, 16.129, 110.164



99, 21.911, 109.883



86, 17.282, 129.030



46, 6.486, 110.591



68, 72.641, 104.848



18, 26.503, 106.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 16.657, 292.884



86, 22.790, 293.238



79, 17.608, 310.276



42, 6.631, 292.377



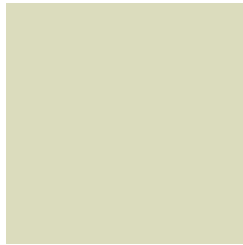
20, 100.046, 306.390



2, 29.639, 295.714

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 16.127, 110.158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 87, 16.127, 110.158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

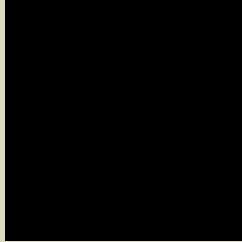
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

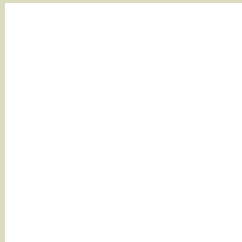
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 87, 16.127, 110.158

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 16.127, 110.158.

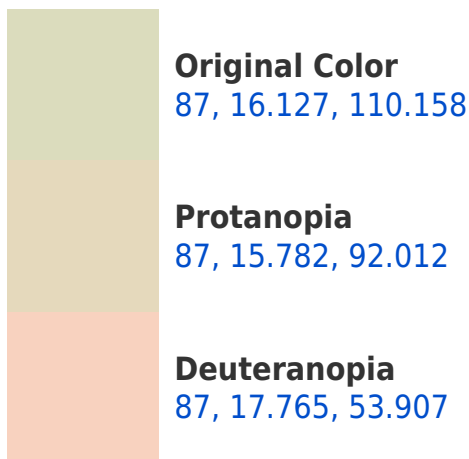


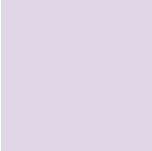
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 87, 16.127, 110.158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

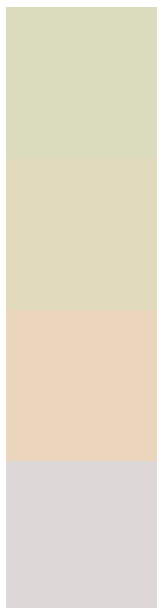
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 9.769, 314.320

Trichromacy



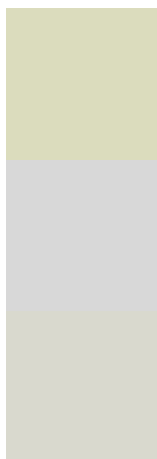
Original Color
87, 16.127, 110.158

Protanomaly
87, 15.836, 99.164

Deuteranomaly
87, 15.338, 74.060

Tritanomaly
87, 2.537, 19.359

Monochromacy



Original Color
87, 16.127, 110.158

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 5.739, 109.681

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 87, 16.127, 110.158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 220, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 220, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 220, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 220, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 87, 16.127, 110.158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 220, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 220, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 220, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 220, 189); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 220, 189); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 220, 189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 87, 16.127, 110.158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 220, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
220, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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